Hillsborough County, Florida





Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Cover – Hillsborough County Health Care Services Department

This year's Comprehensive Annual Finance Report showcases the Hillsborough County Health Care Services Department. The department manages the Hillsborough County Health Care Plan (HCHCP) in addition to the Ryan White Program (RWP), a Healthy Living Program, the Health Care Responsibility Act, the Trauma Agency, and the Medicaid Match for Hillsborough County.

The HCHCP was created by the Hillsborough County Board of County Commissioners in 1991 to establish a reliable source of funding for delivery of health care to low-income, uninsured residents of the county. It serves qualified individuals at or below 175% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL). Expenditures from the Indigent Healthcare Fund for fiscal year 2021 were approximately \$122M.

The Ryan White Program has been in place since 1992 to address the need for HIV/AIDS-related services among the economically disadvantaged and underserved residents in our community. This Program serves HIV positive residents who are at or below 400% of the FPL. The RWP expended almost \$11M during fiscal year 2021.

Responsible functions for the department include a Member Services and Provider Relations Team that assists HCHCP members and all medical, behavioral health, and other entities that provide services to members of the Hillsborough County Health Care Plan and Ryan White programs. The Department's Records and Recovery Team is the initial intake unit receiving documentation from applicants for enrollment on the HCHCP. They also work with attorneys to recover funds owed to the County for services paid by other programs or through the recovery of lawsuit settlements. The Certification Unit ensures eligibility for the Hillsborough County Health Care Plan and provides for enrollment and reenrollment for the Health Care Plan.

The Business Team, is responsible for the department's \$223M budget as well as researching, collecting data, and producing reports which assists the decision making for various entities. The Fiscal Unit oversees the budget and works closely with service providers, the Clerk of the Circuit Court, third party administrators, other contracted entities, as well as various County entities. The Contracting Unit provides all Department contracting services for 131 procured and non-procured contracts, including 55 not-for-profits.

To learn more about the Hillsborough County Healthcare Services Department and its services, visit: <u>https://www.hillsboroughcounty.org/en/government/departments/health</u>.

Hillsborough County, Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Prepared by: County Finance Department Cindy Stuart, Clerk of Court and Comptroller

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA List of Principal Officials In Office at September 30, 2021

Board of County Commissioners

Pat Kemp, *Chair* Kimberly Overman, *Vice-Chair* Stacy White, *Chaplain* Harry Cohen Ken Hagan Gwen Myers Mariella Smith

Constitutional Officers

Cindy Stuart, Clerk of Circuit Court Bob Henriquez, Property Appraiser Chad Chronister, Sheriff Craig Latimer, Supervisor of Elections Nancy C. Millan, Tax Collector

Appointed Officials

Bonnie Wise, *County Administrator* Christine Beck, *County Attorney*

PAGE

Introductory Section (unaudited)	
Transmittal Letters	1
Award Certificate	
Organizational Charts	12
Financial Section	
Report of Independent Auditor	15
Management Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)	19
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements	
Descriptions of Major Funds	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities	41
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	44
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual for Major Funds:	
General Fund	
Countywide Special Purpose Fund	
Sales Tax Revenue Fund	
Intergovernmental Grants	
County Transportation Fund	
Transportation Surtax Fund	
Local Housing Assistance	
COVID Relief	
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	54
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows	
Statement Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds	
Descriptions of Component Units	
Statement of Net Position - Component Units	
Statement of Activities - Component Units	64

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	65
Note 2 Budgetary Accounting	82
Note 3 Deposits and Investments	
Note 4 Property Taxes	87
Note 5 Accounts Receivable, Amounts Due From Other Governments, and Mortgages Receivable	88
Note 6 Capital Assets	90
Note 7 Long-Term Liabilities	92
Note 8 Employee Retirement Plans	103
Note 9 Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	109
Note 10 Interfund Receivable and Payable Balances	113
Note 11 Transfers In and Out	115
Note 12 Restricted Net Position	118
Note 13 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues	118
Note 14 Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Costs	121
Note 15 Commitments	122
Note 16 Contingent Liabilities	122
Note 17 Tax Abatements	123
Note 18 Implementation of New Statement	124
Note 19 Subsequent Events	124
Note 20 Changes in Long-Term Debt and Future Debt Service Requirements	124
Exhibit A - Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt	126

Required Supplementary Information (unaudited)

Infrastructure Condition and Maintenance Data128	8
Schedule of Changes in Hillsborough County's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	1
Schedule of Hillsborough County's Proportionate Share of the	
Florida Retirement System Net Pension Liabilities for the	
Pension Plan and Health Insurance Subsidy Program132	2
Schedule of Contributions	
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Health Insurance Subsidy Program	3

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

General Fund by Category

Descriptions	137
Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund by Category	138
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund by Category	140
Individual Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund Categories, Budget and Actual	142
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds by Fund Type	149
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds by Fund Type	150

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Descriptions	151
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	156
Individual Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, Budget and Actual	159
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
Descriptions	164
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	170
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	174
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	190
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Descriptions	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	
Internal Service Funds	
Descriptions	
Combining Statement of Net Position	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	
Custodial Funds	
Descriptions	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds	214
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds	215
Other Information (unaudited)	
Exhibits B through Y - Debt Service Schedules	217
Statistical Section (unaudited)	
Overview of Statistical Section Contents	245
Financial Trends Information	
Net Position by Category, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years	

		PAGE
	General Government State Shared Revenues by Source, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Revenu	e Capacity Information	
	Taxable Assessed Value and Actual Value of Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Property Tax Millage Rates for Direct and Overlapping Governments, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Principal Taxpayers, Latest Fiscal Year Compared to the Fiscal Year Nine Years Earlier	
	Property Tax Levied and Collected, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Debt C	apacity Information	
	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	
	Debt Service Coverage of Governmental and Business-type Revenue Bonds, Last Ten Fiscal	Years.259
Demog	raphic and Economic Information	
	Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Principal Employers, Latest Fiscal Year Compared to the Fiscal Year Nine Years Earlier	
Operat	ing Information	
	Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Operating Indicators by Function, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Capital Asset Statistics by Function, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Miscell	aneous Information	
	Miscellaneous Data and Statistics	
Other Su	pplemental Information Section	
	Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of	0 <i>-</i>
	Funds Related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill Lawsuit Proceeds	274

Photographs and descriptions provided by the Hillsborough County Healthcare Services Department.

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Hillsborough County Health Care Plan

- The Hillsborough County Health Care Plan (HCHCP) is an important component of the Hillsborough County economy; in fiscal year 2021, HCHCP directly provided approximately \$114.5 million dollars to the community and its health care providers.
- HCHCP fills critical deficits in the economy, helping to support hospitals and providers who would otherwise not be paid for services.
- HCHCP works with 13 local hospitals, at least 31 primary care clinics, over 3,000 participating medical specialists, and a host of ancillary services.
- HCHCP provides \$3.5M to the Trauma Center at Tampa General Hospital, which helps support the County's only Level | Trauma Center.
- The HCHCP and the Indigent Health Care Trust Fund also support other unfunded mandates, such as Baker/Marchman Act services and transports, the Health Care Responsibility Act, and Medicaid.
- By providing health care to the poorest and most vulnerable population in Hillsborough County (at or below 175% of the Federal Poverty Level), the HCHCP:
 - 1. Provides a safety net for workers experiencing economic difficulties or who are temporarily unable to work.
 - 2. Ensures patients have access to a medical home and primary care physician.
 - 3. Reduces costly emergency room visits, hospital stays and other expenses that would be incurred without HCHCP funding.
 - 4. Contributes to the support of higher salaried health care jobs for residents of Hillsborough County.
 - 5. Serves as the "Payor of Last Resort" by funding care that would not otherwise be reimbursed.





April 29, 2022

To the Residents of Hillsborough County, Florida:

The *Hillsborough County, Florida, Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* (ACFR) *for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021*, is a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) and audited by independent certified public accountants in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States.

Legal Requirements The ACFR was prepared by the County Finance Department of the Clerk of Circuit Court in accordance with Sections 218.32 and 218.39, Florida Statutes. The Clerk of Circuit Court, as chief financial officer of Hillsborough County, assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Internal Control Hillsborough County has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed to ensure that the County's assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and that sufficient reliable accounting information is compiled to allow for financial statement preparation in conformity with GAAP. Since the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

Independent Audit The Hillsborough County financial statements were audited by RSM US LLP, an independent certified public accounting firm, in accordance with Sections 11.45 and 125.01, Florida Statutes. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Hillsborough County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, were free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based on its audit, the independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions that the Hillsborough County financial statements, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, were fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

Equity. Transparency. Independence.

(813) 276-8100 **HILLSCLERK.COM** 800 E TWIGGS ST, TAMPA, FL 33602 As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County is responsible for maintaining an adequate internal control framework to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control framework is reviewed by the County's independent auditor when it conducts the annual federal and state Single Audits, which cover major federal grant programs and state grant projects, respectively. The federal and state Single Audits were designed to meet the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*; as well as Section 215.97, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. The independent auditor's Single Audit reports, including any findings and recommendations, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance are available in a separately issued *Single Audit Report*.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) The MD&A is a significant part of the ACFR. The MD&A is a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements and should be read in conjunction with this letter of transmittal. The MD&A also provides a brief overview of the ACFR's contents.

County Profile Hillsborough County, created in 1834 as Florida's 19th county, is located along the west coast of Florida. The County covers 1,266 square miles, of which 215 square miles cover water areas. Hillsborough County's 2021 population of 1,490,374 exceeded the population of each of the following states: Alaska, Delaware, Maine, Montana, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont and Wyoming. Hillsborough County is empowered to levy property taxes on certain real and personal property located in the county as well as to levy certain sales, fuel and communications taxes. The County also receives revenues from other sources such as state and federal grants, state revenue sharing, special assessments, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, investment earnings and miscellaneous revenues. During fiscal year 2021, the County's revenues from all sources were approximately \$2.9 billion.

Hillsborough County operates under a home-rule charter enacted by the voters on September 20, 1983. Charter powers address self-government and cannot conflict with general law or special law approved by the voters. The established legislative body of the County is the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC), a sevenmember body elected by County voters. Specifically designated governmental functions are performed by separately elected constitutional officers who are elected at-large. These separately elected officers are the Clerk of Circuit Court, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections and Tax Collector.

Services Provided The Hillsborough County reporting entity provides a full range of services including law enforcement, construction and maintenance of roads and bridges, animal services, social service programs, children's services, aging services, comprehensive planning and growth management, environmental protection, property assessment and tax collection, official records, a variety of court-related support functions, fire protection and emergency rescue, water, wastewater and solid waste disposal services, stormwater management, indigent health care, parks and recreational facilities, libraries and cultural events, emergency disaster planning and response, economic development and agricultural cooperative extension services.

Financial Reporting Entity The separately elected members of the BOCC and the Constitutional Officers together are the officials who are accountable to the residents of Hillsborough County. The officials holding these offices on September 30, 2021, are identified on the page before the table of contents. The organizations of the BOCC and the Constitutional Officers together comprise the Hillsborough County primary government.

This report covers the Hillsborough County reporting entity, which includes the primary government as well as the component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The County's component units are classified as discretely presented component units due to the nature of the entity's relationship with the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize their legal separation from the primary government. The Hillsborough County City-County Planning Commission, Hillsborough Metropolitan Planning Organization and Housing Finance Authority of Hillsborough County are reported as discretely presented component units.

The Tampa Sports Authority, Hillsborough Area Regional Transit Authority, Hillsborough County Hospital Authority, Hillsborough County Aviation Authority, Tampa Port Authority, Hillsborough County School District, Children's Board of Hillsborough County, Tampa-Hillsborough County Expressway Authority, other independent special districts and the neighborhood special dependent districts are not a part of the Hillsborough County reporting entity, so they are excluded from this report. More information on the financial reporting entity may be obtained in Note 1.A. of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Budgetary Controls The County maintains extensive budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with the legal, legislative, and contractual provisions affecting the County, which are incorporated into the annually appropriated budget. Budgetary control for the BOCC is maintained at the character level within each department and fund. Characters are broad categories of expenditures: personnel services, operating expenditures, capital outlay, debt service, and grants and aids. This level of control is greater than that required by Florida Statutes. Budgetary control includes a comparison of encumbrances, pre-encumbrances, and actual expenditures to appropriations before issuing purchase orders or payments. This control is performed by automated edit checks in the accounting system. Expenditures that exceed appropriations require the BOCC to approve a budget amendment before processing, unless immediate payment is needed for statutory or emergency operational requirements and total expenditures do not exceed the fund's budgetary total. These emergency expenditures are subsequently authorized by a budget amendment. Expenditures by the constitutional officers are controlled by appropriations at the fund level in accordance with Florida Statutes.

The BOCC approves an annual budget for annually appropriated governmental and proprietary funds using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The BOCC maintains a five to six-year capital improvement program, which is updated and approved annually.

Cash and Investments At September 30, 2021, the Hillsborough County Primary Government had total cash and investments of \$3.46 billion. Most of this amount, \$3.23 billion, was in the Hillsborough County Investment Pool (Investment Pool) managed by the Clerk of Circuit Court. The objectives of the Investment Pool are safety of principal, liquidity, and return on investment, in that order. To meet these objectives, the Investment Pool is conservatively invested in high-quality investments such as: treasury securities, 61%; US government sponsored agency securities, 14%; Florida PRIME, the state of Florida's Local Government Investment Pool, 18%; corporate notes, 1%; and cash in demand deposits and money market accounts, 8% in total. At September 30, 2021, the Investment Pool's duration, which is like weighted average maturity, was a low 1.1 years. Standard & Poor's Ratings Services (S&P) has assigned the Investment Pool its highest rating of AAAf. The overall effective rate of return of the Investment Pool for fiscal year 2021 was 1.08% compared to the benchmark rate of 0.04%, (a weighted average of the ICE Bank of America Merrill Lynch 3-month US Treasury Bill and the 1-3 Year US Treasury Note Indexes). The Investment Pool's rate of return for fiscal year 2020 was 1.90%.

Property Tax The County's property tax revenues rose \$78.3 million or 9.0% due to a 8.2% increase in the taxable assessed value of real property in Hillsborough County in the prior year. See Statistical section for more information on property taxes, assessed values, and exemptions.

New Transportation Improvement Surtax Amendment to County Charter In November 2018, the voters initiated and approved a ballot measure to amend the Hillsborough County Charter which levies a one percent sales surtax for transportation improvements as authorized by Sections 212.054 and 212.055, Florida Statutes. This surtax was intended for uses including maintenance and vulnerability reduction, traffic congestion reduction, transportation safety and network improvements, and enhancing bus service and public transit options. Since then a lawsuit was filed challenging the constitutionality of the new sales surtax. Later, the Circuit Court of the 13th Judicial Circuit, upon the complaint for bond validation, ruled that the transportation surtax was lawful and valid, but also held that certain provisions in the charter amendment providing for the use, allocation and distribution of the Transportation Surtax were unconstitutional and, therefore, severed and struck such provisions from the charter amendment. The Circuit Court determined that the state surtax law provides that the Hillsborough County BOCC is responsible for determining which uses the Transportation Surtax proceeds should be allocated to as well as the amount to be distributed to each use. This Circuit Court ruling was appealed. Pursuant to the Circuit Court's ruling, the Hillsborough County BOCC enacted County Ordinance 19-20 in September, 2019 providing for the use, allocation and distribution of the proceeds of the Transportation Surtax in the manner consistent with the will of the voters as expressed by their approval of the charter amendment. During fiscal year 2021, the Florida Supreme Court determined that the Transportation Improvement Surtax was unconstitutional. The affected governments in Hillsborough County are awaiting a court ruling determining how the transportation surtax proceeds are to be legally distributed.

Federal Government's Effect on Hillsborough County Similar to other state and local governments, the US government has a significant impact on Hillsborough County. For fiscal year 2021, the County had \$366.8 million in expenditures funded by US government grants--either directly from federal agencies or passed through state and local governmental entities. Federal grant expenditures represent 19% of the County's governmental revenues. The US government also has an indirect effect on other County revenues. For example, 33% of the County's total revenues from governmental activities came from ad valorem property taxes, which are related to the value of real estate in the County. Real estate values tend to be correlated with the availability and affordability of mortgages. The US government has created: a variety of programs that assist banks that make mortgage loans; US government sponsored agencies that buy, securitize and sell mortgage-backed securities; as well as programs that assist residents seeking to purchase homes. The success of these programs may affect mortgage lending and real estate values, which in turn affect the ad valorem property tax revenues of Hillsborough County in the future.

At September 30, 2021, the Hillsborough County Primary Government held 77% of its investment portfolio in US government or related investments. A total of \$2.38 billion was invested in a combination of US treasury securities, US government sponsored agency securities which are supported by the US government, and government-only mutual funds. At September 30, 2021, the Hillsborough County Primary Government also held \$72 million, or 2% of its investment portfolio, in bank deposits, most of which were secured by the FDIC. The rest were secured by the state of Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool established under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. The US government affects the state of Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool because securities issued by the US treasury and government sponsored agencies are used as collateral by banks participating in the Qualified Public Depository program. See Note 3 of the Notes to the Financial Statements for more details.

The US government also has a significant impact on the local economy. Of the top 19 employers in Hillsborough County, MacDill Air Force Base, the University of South Florida, and the Tampa International Airport together represent 51,572 employees or 35% of the employees at the top 19 employers. See Principal Employers in the Statistical Section of the ACFR for more details. In addition, the residents of Hillsborough County pay significant amounts of income and excise taxes to the US government and also receive significant benefits from the US government including Social Security, Medicare, and unemployment compensation. The reason for highlighting these interactions with the US government is that changes in the US government's fiscal activities could lead to changes in amounts paid to or received from the US government, which in turn could have a financial impact on Hillsborough County.

Awards The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded Hillsborough County a *Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting* for its ACFR for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR whose contents conform to program standards. The ACFR must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. Hillsborough County has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last thirty-nine consecutive years.

The County also received the GFOA's Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting for its separately issued Financial Summary Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020. The Financial Summary Report is a simplified popular annual financial report specially designed for the general public. The receipt of this national award recognized the County's conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government popular reports. Hillsborough County has received this award for the last twenty-one consecutive years.

Both of these awards are valid for a period of one year. We believe that the County's fiscal year 2021 ACFR and Financial Summary Report continue to conform to award program requirements and are submitting both of them to the GFOA for evaluation.

Acknowledgments We would like to express our appreciation for the support provided by the Clerk of Circuit Court, each of the other Constitutional Officers, the County Administrator, the Board of County Commissioners, and their respective staffs, for their contributions to the preparation of this report. We also appreciate their efforts in ensuring the highest standards of professionalism in the financial and operational management of Hillsborough County.

Sincerely,

Together, we will get to YES!

Timothy Simon, CPA, CFA Chief Financial Officer

Together, we will get to YES!

Ajay B. Gajjar, CPA, CMA, CFM, CTP, CIA, CGFO Finance Director





COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR Bonnie M. Wise PO Box 1110, Tampa, FL 33601-1110 (813) 276-2843 | Fax: (813) 272-5248

April 29, 2022

To the Residents of Hillsborough County:

As County Administrator, I am pleased to provide you with the Hillsborough County, Florida, Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.

Hillsborough County has maintained a strong financial position despite the COVID-19 pandemic as evidenced by our "AAA" credit rating and reserve balances. This strong position has enabled the County to aggressively respond to the challenges of the pandemic. We have been able to access our disaster reserves and federal dollars to fund COVID-19 testing and vaccination costs, protective measures to mitigate transmission, emergency rental assistance, food assistance, and other aid to people and businesses impacted negatively by the pandemic. Much of the direct-response expenditures will be reimbursable by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the State of Florida. The County also received \$256.8 million from the federal government through the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act), which were available to be used to cover not-previously-budgeted and necessary COVID-19 expenditures through Dec. 31, 2021 but could not be used to cover lost revenue. The ongoing Emergency Rental Assistance Program, funded by a separate federal program, pays landlords pastdue and prospective rent for qualified tenants. The County also received \$285.9 million from the American Rescue Plan (ARP). On Sept. 1, 2021, the Board of County Commissioners adopted a high-level plan for these dollars. The plan follows federal requirements to expend these funds on public health response, negative economic impacts, essential worker and public health and safety employee compensation, water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure, and - unlike CARES revenue replacement. ARP funds must be spent by Dec. 31, 2024.

County employees have been working hard and smart to meet challenges, including implementing programs and projects funded by federal COVID-19 relief dollars. The workforce has shown remarkable agility while continuing to provide quality services for our residents. Some employees have worked remotely, while others continued their important on-site duties or have undertaken varying assignments essential to the community. Whether teleworking or learning new assignments, all employees have adjusted to delivering services in modified ways while continuing to deliver quality service. Together, we are meeting the challenges of COVID-19.

HCFLGOV.NET

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Harry Cohen Ken Hagan Pat Kemp Gwendolyn "Gwen" Myers Kimberly Overman Mariella Smith Stacy R. White COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR Bonnie M. Wise COUNTY ATTORNEY Christine M. Beck COUNTY INTERNAL AUDITOR Peggy Caskey



Hillsborough was established as Florida's 19th county in 1834.

Hillsborough's boundaries encompass 1,051 square miles of land, 24 square miles of inland water, and 76 miles of coastline.

County Profile

Our community has a rich, vibrant history steeped in diverse traditions and cultures. County government fosters community prosperity for all residents by supporting a broad range of opportunities, including agriculture, manufacturing, arts, health, sciences, technology, innovation start-ups, small businesses, and entrepreneurship. By capitalizing on these cultural and economic development opportunities, we preserve and enhance community assets.

The Board of County Commissioners continues its strategic focus on affordable housing, land use policy, transportation, sustainability, and fiscal responsibility in the community and across the region. Our success in achieving these goals is evident in an expanding corporate presence, major tourist destinations, world-class entertainment venues, a nationally recognized airport, one of the largest shipping ports in the country, highly-regarded educational institutions, a bustling agricultural industry, professional sports teams, and more. People of all ages and diverse backgrounds, and companies representing an array of industries, choose to make Hillsborough County their home.

Economic Conditions

The pandemic and related shutdowns and needed protective measures had a significant negative impact on economic conditions in 2020, followed by strong gains in mid-2021. At the height of the shutdown in April 2020, the Tampa Metropolitan Statistical Area had a 12-month loss of 142,600 jobs, a 10.3% decline. Jobs returned to pre-pandemic levels in June 2021 and finished 2021 with a 5.4% gain. Hillsborough's taxable sales followed similar patterns. Taxable sales fell 26.6% on a year-ago basis in May 2020 and began to recover in late 2020 and early 2021. Taxable sales rose 17.7% in FY 21 following FY 20's loss of 3.1%.

The local housing market posted strong growth in 2021, also reflecting economic recovery. In 2021, home sales were up 5.9% over the previous year. Home prices rose 18.9% in Hillsborough County during 2021. Strong growth in home sales and prices will, in turn, support strong growth in taxable property values, more than offsetting the pandemic's negative impact on commercial property values through business closures and reduced real estate income. Fiscal Year 2023 property tax revenue, set by 2022 property values, should grow strongly. While strong housing markets result in strong revenue growth, they also negatively impact housing affordability. This decline in affordability highlights the continued importance and high priority of the County's Affordable Housing programs.

Relevant Financial Policies

The County Administrator is responsible for the County government's financial planning, including operating, capital, and debt service budgets, and the allocation of resources to accomplish the county commission's goals. The County Administrator is also responsible for recommending long-range financial planning strategies to the Board of County Commissioners, including reserve policies and financial forecasting.



Tampa Bay jobs rose 5.4%, 74,100 jobs, from December 2020 to December 2021, compared to the national job gain of 4.7%.

> Taxable sales rose 17.7% in FY 21.



In 2021, home sales increased 5.9%, and the average home price rose 18.9%. To maintain sound financial management, it is important to have policies and procedures that complement the statutory requirements and professional standards of local government. The BOCC has adopted a series of financial policies that direct and encourage a comprehensive approach to financial management. These policies are available online in the adopted budget document at HCFLGov.net.

Major Initiatives

Hillsborough County is committed to leveraging limited financial resources to solve complex public problems and achieve shared community goals. Through dynamic collaborations, the County continues to foster public-private partnerships that achieve common goals and provide cost-effective solutions to meet growing community service demands.

Finishing the battle against COVID-19 remains our urgent top priority. We will continue to work with our community, business, and government partners to meet this challenge. In 2021, Hillsborough County received additional Federal COVID-19 relief funds for the Emergency Rental Assistance Program to assist households unable to pay rent and utilities due to COVID-19. Hillsborough County also received an allocation of \$285.9 million from the ARP, and the Board has approved several programs and projects to use those funds throughout the community according to federal requirements.

More broadly, the Board held a series of workshops during 2021 regarding transportation needs. These discussions will continue in 2022.

Long-Term Prospects

We are committed to remaining financially sound by strategically managing growth in a way that balances quality of life and the value of our precious environmental assets with sustainable economic growth and capital investment. We do so by maintaining strong reserves, ensuring sustainable resources and services, investing in key infrastructure and community assets, and retaining and attracting a diverse and skilled workforce. By succeeding in this endeavor, we will continue to enhance the quality of life in Hillsborough County.

Sincerely,

Porine M. Wise

Bonnie M. Wise County Administrator

Our desired community outcomes:

- Safe, clean, attractive communities residents are proud to call home
- Safe and effective transportation operation that keeps pace with demand
- Strong and sustainable local economy
- Healthy and enjoyable place to live, work, and play
- Self-sufficiency and quality of life for those who need help
- Reliable, costeffective, secure and sustainable infrastructure
- Residents who trust County Government and are satisfied with its services
- Responsible and sound financial management practices



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Hillsborough County Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

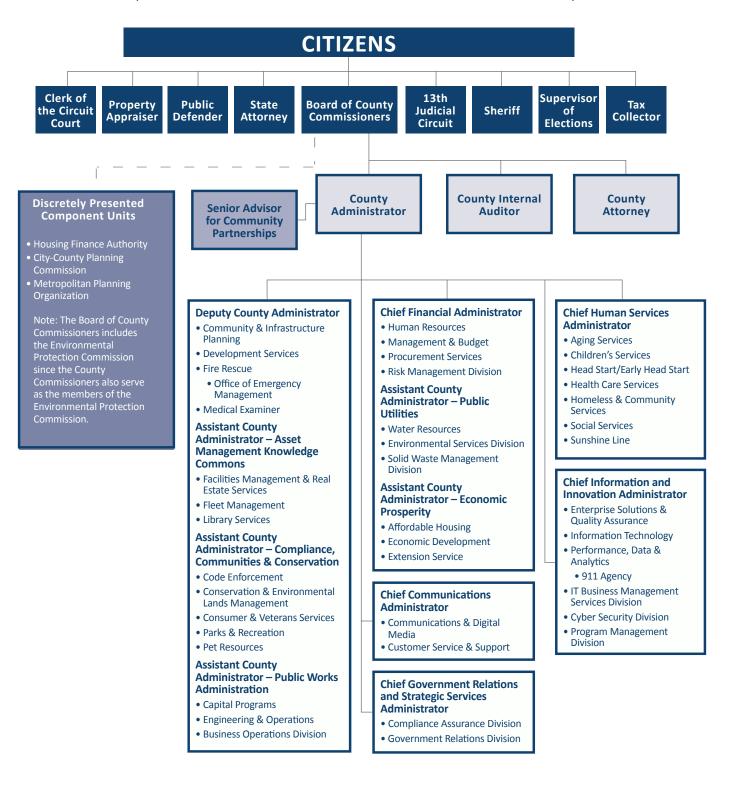
September 30, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Hillsborough County Organization Chart

This chart shows the organization of County government entities and their accountability to the electorate. Those directly elected to office by voters are shown directly below the citizens' box. Boards and commissions funded through the Board of County Commissioners, but not otherwise accountable to the Board, are connected by the dotted line.



FINANCIAL SECTION



Ryan White Program

The Ryan White Grant funds essential health care for individuals living with HIV/AIDS in a four-county area, Hillsborough, Pinellas, Pasco, and Hernando, with Hillsborough County receiving the majority of the funding. The program funds a continuum of quality, community-based care for low-income individuals and families with HIV, which focuses on core medical and support services. In FY 21, the total grant funds of \$10.5 million provided these vital services to 6,500 HIV clients monthly on average.

The Ryan White grant provides a critical safety net for HIV clients who may otherwise go without medical care, improving access and linkage to servives while eliminating disparity. The grant supports a diverse HIV population, including pediatrics and adolescent clients, and has specific services which focus on disproportionately impacted minority populations.

The services and assistance provided through the grant funding promotes and contributes to an overall healthier population and from a public health perspective helps contain and decrease the impact of a chronic communicable disease.





RSM US LLP

Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of County Commissioners Hillsborough County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hillsborough County, Florida (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements and the respective budgetary comparison information for the General Fund, Countywide Special Purpose Fund, Sales Tax Revenue Fund, Intergovernmental Grants Fund, County Transportation Fund, Transportation Surtax Fund, Local Housing Assistance Fund and COVID Relief Fund for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Housing Finance Authority of Hillsborough County, a discretely presented component unit, which represents 80% of the assets, 82% of the net position and 30% of the revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by an other auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Housing Finance Authority of Hillsborough County, is based solely on the report of the other auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDIT | TAX | CONSULTING We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditor, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison information for the General Fund, Countywide Special Purpose Fund, Sales Tax Revenue Fund, Intergovernmental Grants Fund, County Transportation Fund, Transportation Surtax Fund, Local Housing Assistance Fund and COVID Relief Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Adoption of Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 18 to the accompanying fund financial statements, the County adopted the recognition and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. The beginning net position of the aggregate remaining fund information as of October 1, 2020 has been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the infrastructure condition and maintenance data, and the pension and other post employment benefit plan schedules as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections, Exhibit A, other information (Exhibits B through Y), the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Funds Related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill Lawsuit Proceeds are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Funds Related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill Lawsuit Proceeds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Funds Related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill Lawsuit Proceeds are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections, Exhibit A and the other information section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued, under a separate cover, our report dated April 30, 2022, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

Tampa, Florida April 30, 2022



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial activities of Hillsborough County, Florida (the County) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 using the reporting model required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. The reporting model is described in the following narrative as well as in the Notes to the Financial Statements. We encourage reading this narrative with the transmittal letters starting on the first page of this document.

Financial Highlights

At September 30, 2021, the County's net position was about \$10.268 billion. Net position is defined as "assets and deferred outflows of resources" less "liabilities and deferred inflows of resources." Of this amount, \$8.4 billion was the net investment in capital assets, and \$1.904 billion was restricted by law, grant agreements, debt covenants, or for capital projects. As a result, there was a \$(744.4) million deficit in unrestricted net position available at year-end to meet the County's ongoing obligations to residents, creditors, and enterprise fund customers. This amount represents a \$439.0 million increase from the prior year's unrestricted net position of \$361.4 million. This increase is explained below.

During the year, the County's net position increased \$551.0 million. Of this amount, governmental activities were responsible for the increase in net position of approximately \$471.2 million and business-type activities were responsible for an increase in net position of about \$79.8 million. The total net investment in capital assets increased \$187.8 million or 2.3% from the prior year.

At September 30, 2021, the General Fund's fund balance was \$518.9 million, representing an increase of \$62.9 million or 13.8% from the previous year. The County's governmental funds in total, reported a combined fund balance at yearend of \$1.898 billion, an increase of \$241.1 million or 14.6% from the previous year.

The County's Water Enterprise Fund had an increase in net position of \$79.8 million over the beginning balance primarily due to: capital contributions from developers of \$80.9 million; nonoperating revenues of \$3.5 million; net interest expense of \$0.8 million; operating loss of \$5.0 million; a gain on disposal of capital assets of \$0.6 million and a transfer in from the primary government of \$0.4 million to fund a project. The County's Solid Waste Enterprise Fund had a net increase in net position of \$0.9 million from the previous year primarily due to: operating income of \$3.3 million; a combination of nonoperating revenues and gain on disposal of capital assets of \$583 thousand; and net interest expense of \$2.9 million.

The County's total liabilities decreased \$578.4 million, from the September 30, 2020 balance of approximately \$3.230 billion to the September 30, 2021 balance of \$2.652 billion. This change was primarily due to the following: The net pension liability decreased \$868.4 million; notes payable decreased \$9.4 million; bonds payable increased \$311.2 million, unearned revenues decreased \$36.6 million and OPEB liability increased \$23.5 million.

More information on these financial highlights is found in the narrative that follows.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report consists of the Basic Financial Statements, which are high-level summary statements, as well as other statements and schedules with more detailed information. The tables and narratives that follow below provide an overview of the Basic Financial Statements and how they relate to other parts of this report.

Management's Discussion & Analysis

Basic Financial Statement

- a. Government-wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements
- b. Notes to the Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information

- c. Infrastructure Condition and Maintenance Data
- d. Schedule of Changes in Hillsborough County's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- e. Schedule of Hillsborough County's Proportionate Share of the Florida Retirement System
 - Net Pension Liabilities for the Pension Plan and Total Health Insurance Subsidy Program

 Schedule of Contributions, Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Health Insurance Subsidy Program

	Government-wide	Fund Financial Statements				
	Financial Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds		
Scope	Entire County except for Fiduciary Funds	Activities that are not Proprietary or Fiduciary	Activities operated similar to private businesses	Assets held on behalf of other entities		
Financial Statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual	Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds Statement of changes in Fiduciary Net Position		
Basis of	Accrual accounting	Modified accrual accounting	Accrual accounting	Accrual accounting		
Accounting Timing of when revenues expenses or expenditures are recognized	Revenues are recorded when earned. Expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred.	Revenues recorded when measurable and available. Expenditures recognized when incurred with certain exceptions.	Revenues are recorded when earned. Expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred.	Revenues are recorded when earned (additions) Expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred (deductions).		
Measurement Focus Types of resources being measured	Economic resources: All assets and deferred outflows of resources less all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	Financial resources: Current assets and deferred outflows of resources less current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	Economic resources: All assets and deferred outflows of resources less all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	Economic resources: All assets and deferred outflows of resources less all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		

Government-wide financial statements The government-wide financial statements provide an overview of the County's financial position using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by private-sector businesses. The Statement of Net Position presents information on the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows and the net position of the County as a whole. Assets and deferred outflows of resources less both liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are reported as net position. Changes in net position serves as an indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. Changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying economic transactions occur, regardless of when cash is received or paid. Therefore, some of the revenues or expenses reported in the Statement of Activities will have cash flows in future fiscal periods. For example, certain sales taxes are shown as revenues although cash receipts will be received in the following fiscal year. An increase in unused vacation leave is recorded as an expense even though related cash outflows will occur in the future.

The government-wide financial statements show a distinction between *governmental activities*-activities that are supported primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues versus *business-type activities*-activities that are supported by the recovery of all or most of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services, and culture and recreation functions. The business-type activities of the County are the Water Enterprise and Solid Waste Enterprise operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable (known as *component units*). The Housing Finance Authority of Hillsborough County, Metropolitan Planning Organization and Hillsborough County City-County Planning Commission are the only discretely presented component units of the County. The financial activities of these component units are reported separately from the financial information of the primary government. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Hillsborough County City-County Planning Commission, but financial and other information including budget and actual comparisons are available. For more information, see Note 1.A., *Financial Reporting Entity*, in the *Notes to the Financial Statements* portion of the *Basic Financial Statements*.

Fund financial statements A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to demonstrate and ensure compliance with legal, legislative, contractual, and other finance-related provisions. All of the County's funds may be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money or other spendable resources flow into and out of those funds and the level of balances remaining at year-end that are available for expenditure. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general governmental operations. Governmental fund information helps determine the extent to which financial resources are available for expenditure on County programs. Reconciliations of the differences between the government-wide and fund financial statements are provided immediately after the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds, respectively, in the Basic Financial Statements.

Funds that are significant in terms of revenues, expenditures, assets or liabilities, or are required to be separately reported are identified as major funds in the Basic Financial Statements. Budget and actual comparison statements are also presented in the Basic Financial Statements for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund with a legally adopted annual budget. The County's nonmajor funds, and budget and actual comparison schedules for any nonmajor governmental funds with annually appropriated budgets, are presented in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules section.

Proprietary funds The County uses Enterprise and Internal Service proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses

enterprise funds to account for its Water Enterprise and Solid Waste Enterprise operations. Both of these operations are considered to be major proprietary funds of the County. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's other functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for self-insurance, fleet management, and the Sheriff's risk management programs. These programs are included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements because they predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions. The three internal service funds are combined into a single presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Information on individual internal service funds is provided in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules section of this report. The proprietary fund financial statements are found in the Basic Financial Statements.

Fiduciary funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Custodial funds are the only type of fiduciary fund used by the County. The amounts in these custodial funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the County's own programs. However, the Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds and the Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position in the Basic Financial Statements are provided for information on the custodial funds. In addition, the individual custodial funds are presented in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules section.

Notes to the financial statements The notes provide additional information for a more complete understanding of the information in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information In addition to the Basic Financial Statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *Infrastructure Condition and Maintenance Data, Schedule of Changes in Hillsborough County's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Hillsborough County's Proportionate Share of the Florida Retirement System Net Pension Liabilities for the Pension Plan and Health Insurance Subsidy Program, and Schedule of Contributions, Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Health Insurance Subsidy Program, located immediately after the Notes to the Financial Statements. In addition, the Statistical Section is located at the end of this report. The combining statements for the nonmajor funds, internal service funds, and custodial funds, as well as individual fund budget and actual comparison schedules are found in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules section of this report. The Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Funds Related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill is presented in <i>Other Supplementary Information*.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Over time, *net position* may serve as the most useful indicator of a government's financial position. At September 30, 2021, the County's total net position, i.e. total assets and deferred outflows of resources less both liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, was \$10.268 billion. As shown on the chart on the following page, the County reported positive balances at September 30, 2021, in all three categories of net position for governmental activities, business-type activities, and the County as a whole, with the exception of unrestricted net position for governmental activities.

A significant portion of the County's net position (81.5%) is identified as net investment in capital assets, which is capital assets such as land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure, less related debt outstanding that was used to acquire or construct those assets and accumulated depreciation. Since the County uses capital assets to provide services to its residents, the net position identified as "net investment in capital assets" is not available for future spending. In fact the payment of maintenance and debt service costs on those capital assets will themselves require governmental resources. Another portion of the County's net position is restricted net position, which is assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and less deferred inflows of resources subject to external constraints such as from debt covenants, grantors, laws or regulations, or restrictions through enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position) represents net position available to meet the County's ongoing obligations to residents, creditors, and enterprise fund customers. Significant changes between years are described later.

Hillsborough County, Florida Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
(Amounts in thousands)	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 2,573,760 <u>8,143,221</u> 10,716,981	2,356,886 7,861,578 10,218,464	1,088,154 1,492,537 2,580,691	869,914 1,473,773 2,343,687	3,661,914 9,635,758 13,297,672	3,226,800 9,335,351 12,562,151
Deferred outflows of resources	283,778	393,933	21,524	28,889	305,302	422,822
Current Liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	547,357 <u>1,346,102</u> <u>1,893,459</u>	606,583 1,982,005 2,588,588	92,591 665,451 758,042	95,376 545,959 641,335	639,948 2,011,553 2,651,501	701,959 2,527,964 3,229,923
Deferred inflows of resources	647,542	35,226	35,481	2,327	683,023	37,553
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	7,311,684 1,048,958 99,116	7,140,771 1,021,736 (173,924)	1,062,110 101,255 645,327	1,045,194 148,431 535,289	8,373,794 1,150,213 744,443	8,185,965 1,170,167 361,365
Total net position	<u>\$ 8,459,758</u>	7,988,583	1,808,692	1,728,914	10,268,450	9,717,497

There was a \$471.2 million increase in the County's net position represented by governmental activities. The growth in net position from governmental activities represented 85.5% of the County's total growth in net position of \$551.0 million. Governmental revenues rose \$327.0 million from the prior year, while expenses rose \$22.8 million compared to the prior year. The chart on the following page describes changes in net position between the current and prior fiscal years. Key net position changes during fiscal year 2021 are described below. Expense variance explanations are provided on the next few pages.

Governmental Activities

- Charges for services increased \$59.8 million or 22.4% primarily due to the following: The County's charges for impact/mobility fees increased \$36.1 million which was attributed to rate increases, building fees and code enforcement fees of \$4.2 million and a \$6.6 million increase in ambulance fees in the Unincorporated Area General Fund and \$9.3 million in charges from the Clerk of Courts.
- **Operating grants and contributions** increased \$168.9 million or 93.4%. This increase was primarily concentrated in the following areas: \$142.8 million in CARES, \$31.2 million in Emergency Rental Assistance funding and \$5 million American Rescue Plan funding. This was offset by a decrease in FEMA funding for Hurricane Irma of \$9.8 million.
- **Capital grants and contributions** increased \$60.1 million or 158.9%. Infrastructure contributions increased by \$61.6 million, which was primarily offset by an decrease in the capital grant contributions of \$1.9 million related to the Bruce B Downs Boulevard capital improvements project.

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government		
(Amounts in thousands)		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for service Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Restricted investment earnings	\$	326,530 349,647 97,943 	266,698 180,756 37,829 	437,165 80,918 10,378	394,410 47,093 22,587	763,695 349,647 178,861 10,378	661,108 180,756 84,922 22,587
General revenues:							
Property taxes Sales taxes, state shared revenue Other taxes		973,251 569,084 58,431	894,943 563,650 50,056	 	 	973,251 569,084 58,431	894,943 563,650 50,056
Investment earnings Gain (loss) - sales of capital assets Other revenues		3,583 4,737	50,659 2,605	 201	 354	3,583 4,938	50,659 2,959
Total revenues		19,446 2,402,652	28,464 2,075,660	3,955 532,617	3,800 468,244	23,401 2,935,269	32,264 2,543,904
Expenses							
General government Public safety		442,386 943,458	433,745 817,271			442,386 943,458	433,745 817,271
Physical environment Transportation		59,092 95,107	54,846 126,434			59,092 95,107	54,846 126,434
Economic environment Human services		65,948 219,372	91,531 268,031			65,948 219,372	91,531 268,031
Culture and recreation Interest on long-term debt		81,555 24,125	93,334 23,054	 	 	81,555 24,125	93,334 23,054
Water Resource Services System Solid Waste Resource Recovery				318,055 135,218	304,789 111,442	318,055 135,218	304,789 111,442
Total Expenses Transfers		1,931,043 (434)	1,908,246 (5,000)	453,273 434	416,231 5,000	2,384,316	2,324,477
Change in net position Net position, beginning of year		471,175 7,988,583	(3,000) 162,414 7,826,169	79,778 1,728,914	57,013 1,671,901	 550,953 9,717,497	 219,427 9,498,070
Net position, end of year	\$	8,459,758	7,988,583	1,808,692	1,728,914	10,268,450	9,717,497

- **Property tax revenues** increased \$78.3 million or 8.8% due to a \$9.35 billion or 9.1% increase in the taxable assessed value of real property in Hillsborough County for 2020. The change in assessed values of real estate in fiscal year 2020 affected property tax revenues in fiscal year 2021 because there is a lag from the time of assessment to the time taxes are due. This increase in assessed values for fiscal year 2020 was the result of real property market values rising \$11.28 billion, offset by property tax exemptions rising only \$1.94 billion (since market values less exemptions equal assessed values).
- Sales tax revenues and state shared revenues, as a combined category, increased \$5.4 million or 1.0% from the prior year primarily due a \$27.3 million increase state shared revenues and a \$1.6 million increase in fuel tax. These increases were offset by decreases in discretionary sales tax for transportation of \$23.5 million. The Florida Supreme Court ruled that the transportation tax was unconstitutional because it left spending allocations up to a group of private citizens instead of elected county commissioners.
- Other taxes increased \$8.4 million or 16.7%, primarily due to a \$9.1 million increase in tourist development taxes from an increase in use of hotels during the year. This increase was partly offset by a \$0.7 million decrease in Communications Services Tax revenues.

- **Investment earnings**, which is the sum of actual interest and changes in the fair value of the investment portfolio, fell \$47.1 million or 92.9% from the previous year. The overall effective rate of return of the Investment Pool for fiscal year 2021 was 1.08% compared to the benchmark rate of 0.44% (a weighted average of the ICE Bank of America Merrill Lynch 3-month US Treasury Bill and the 1-3 Year US Treasury Note Indexes). The Investment Pool's rate of return for fiscal year 2020 was 1.90%
- **Other revenues** declined \$9.0 million or 31.7%, primarily due to a \$8.6 million in acquisition of COVID-19 Personal Protective Equipment inventory in fiscal year 2020. These inventories were reduced by \$0.6 million in fiscal year 2021.
- **General government** expenses increased \$8.6 million or 2.0%, primarily due to the following: There was a increase of \$66.0 million related to the distribution of impact fees to the School Board in fiscal year 2021 for construction of schools, a \$2.5 million decrease in Sheriff operating expenses, a \$2.5 million decrease in worker's compensation and a decrease in the pension expense attributable to the general government function of \$53 million.
- **Public safety** expenses increased \$126.2 million or 15.4%, primarily due to the following: a \$190.4 million increase in disaster relief expenditures related to COVID-19. There was also an increase in insurance expense of \$7.4 million, claims of \$5.3 million, contracts of \$5.4 million and wages and benefits of \$22.8 million. These increases were offset by a decrease in the pension expense allocated to public safety of \$101.5 million.
- **Physical environment** expenses increased \$4.2 million or 7.7%, primarily due to an increase of \$3.8 million in infrastructure preservation expenses and various increases and decreases in expenditures that net to an increase of \$0.4 million.
- **Transportation** expenses decreased \$31.3 million or 24.8% due to items such as the following: There was a decrease in infrastructure preservation expense of \$14 million and infrastructure disposals of \$4.5 million. \$9.7 million reduced the decrease the allocation of pension expense for transportation and there was a prior year grant expenditure reduction of \$3 million for road construction work in progress.
- Economic environment expenses decreased \$25.6 million or 28.0% from prior year primarily due to: a decrease in the pension expense allocation to economic environment of \$9.8 million, a decrease in payments to the Tampa Sports Authority of \$19.9 million and an increase in distribution to the City of Tampa of \$4.7 million.
- Human services expenses decreased \$48.7 million or 18.2% primarily due to a decrease in pension expense allocation to human services in the amount of \$30.2 million, a decrease in grants and aids of \$12.4 million, and a decrease in professional services expenses of \$5.5 million.

- **Culture and recreation** expenses decreased \$11.8 million or 12.6% due decrease in the allocation of pension expenses to culture and recreation of \$11.8 million.
- Interest on long-term debt increased \$1.1 million or 4.6% due to a \$0.6 million increase in interest expense, an increase of \$0.4 million in premium and discount amortization, and a \$0.2 million increase in other debt service costs during the fiscal year.

Business-type activities

The **Water Enterprise** provides potable water as well as the collection, treatment, and environmentally safe disposal of wastewater for the County's unincorporated area residents. The Water Enterprise's principal assets consist of four water and seven wastewater treatment plants. Water program revenues increased \$7.7 million or 2.5% from the previous year primarily due to these factors: Water, wastewater and reclaimed water charges increased \$19.0 million, nonoperating revenues decreased \$11.6 million primarily due to a drop in investment revenues and capital grants/contributions increased \$33.8 million due to an increase in capital contributions from developers. Water program expenses increased by \$13.2 million primarily due to the following: \$3.0 million increase in employee services; \$3.1 million increase in contractual services; a \$9.9 million decrease in pension expense and a \$15.9 million increase depreciation expense due to a new treatment plant being placed into service.

The **Solid Waste Enterprise** primarily provides solid waste collection and disposal services to the County's unincorporated area residents and businesses. The Solid Waste System's principal assets include a waste-to-energy plant, a 1,500-acre sanitary landfill, and neighborhood refuse collection sites. The Solid Waste Enterprise's program revenues increased \$19.6 million or 16.8% compared to the prior year due to an increase in residential disposal and collection assessments, recycling revenues, and commercial of \$24.0 million. These increases were partially offset by decreases in nonoperating revenues totaling \$4.4 million. Solid Waste program expenses increased \$23.8 million primarily due to an increase in contractual services and landfill closure and postclosure care partially offset by a decrease in depreciation and amortization.

Fund Financial Analysis

The County uses fund accounting to demonstrate and ensure compliance with legal, legislative, contractual, and other finance-related provisions.

Governmental funds The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in determining the County's financial resources. Unreserved fund balance at year-end is a good measure of a government's net resources available for expenditure.

At September 30, 2021, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,897.6 million, an increase of \$241.7 million from the previous year. This increase was the result of a combination of changes in fund balances such as the following:

The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$62.9 million. This increase was driven by the increase in ad valorem property tax revenue. The fund balance in the Countywide Special Purpose fund increased by \$39.9 million due to increased impact fees and increased sales tax revenues. The fund balance of the Transportation Surtax Fund increased by \$18.9 million. This increase was mainly due to a partial year of Transportation Surtax revenue being collected and no expenditures being permitted by court ruling. The fund balance of the Sales Tax Revenue Fund increased by \$28.0 million. This increase was due to higher Tourist Development tax revenues as a result of the easing of COVID-19 travel restrictions. The Intergovernmental Grants fund increased by \$8.1 million due to an internal budgeted transfer from the Sales Tax Fund for current and future COVID-19 related expenditures. The fund balance of the County Transportation Fund increased by \$92.8 million due to increased discretionary sales tax revenues and internal transfers to fund transportation projects. The Local Housing Assistance Fund increased \$1.6 million due to an allocation from the state of Florida. Other increases and decreases in fund balances of various nonmajor funds net to account for the remaining decrease of \$9.9 million.

About \$497.0 million or 26.2% of ending combined fund balances consisted of unassigned fund balances, which are available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the funding is categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned in accordance with the GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*.

Proprietary funds The proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Water Enterprise Fund's charges for services revenues were \$302.2 million. This was a \$19.0 million or 6.7% increase from fiscal year 2020. The revenue increase was primarily due to higher water, wastewater and reclaimed water charges. At September 30, 2021, unrestricted net position of the Water Enterprise Fund was \$533.3 million, an increase of \$153.5 million from the prior year. This was primarily due to various operational factors, but primarily due to a \$33.8 million increase in capital contributions.

The Solid Waste Enterprise Fund's charges for services revenues were \$135.0 million. This was a \$24.0 million or 21.6% increase from fiscal year 2020. The revenue increase was primarily due to increases in residential disposal and collection assessments, recycling revenues, and commercial and municipal disposal fees. At September 30, 2021, unrestricted net position of the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund was \$110.4 million, a decrease of \$12.1 million from the prior year. See previous section on business-type activities for more information.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Budget and actual comparison statements are provided in the *Basic Financial Statements* for the General Fund and all major special revenue funds with legally adopted annually appropriated budgets. Budget and actual comparison schedules are also provided in the *Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules* section for all nonmajor funds with legally adopted annually appropriated budgets. The budget and actual comparison statements and schedules show the original adopted budget, the final revised budget, and actual results.

Since the constitutional officers are considered a part of the Hillsborough County Primary Government, the General Fund includes the general operating funds of the Sheriff, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser, Supervisor of Elections, and Clerk of Circuit Court. For fiscal year 2021, total General Fund expenditures on the budgetary basis budget and actual statement were \$62.9 million higher than the previous year, and \$140.6 million lower than the final budget due to a significantly higher level of expenditures budgeted compared to the prior year.

After the original budget is approved, it may be revised for a variety of reasons such as unforeseen circumstances, corrections of errors, new bond or loan proceeds, or new grant awards. During fiscal year 2021, supplemental appropriations reduced the General Fund's budget by approximately \$1.73 million or 0.1% of the original legally adopted budget.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets At the end of fiscal year 2021, the County's governmental activities had \$8.143 billion in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, construction in progress, and infrastructure. Infrastructure consists of transportation system-related assets such as paved roadways, bridges and stormwater assets including ancillary components such as sidewalks and curbs. See the following table for more information.

(Amounts in thousands)	Government	al Activities	Busines Activ		Total Primary Government	
Primary Government:	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Land	\$ 642,403	609,932	43,205	42,853	685,608	652,785
Building	467,465	424,726	403,486	434,542	870,951	859,268
Improvements other than buildings	139,500	149,841	890,774	887,319	1,030,274	1,037,160
Equipment	142,942	129,955	14,573	15,452	157,515	145,407
Intangibles	7,997	4,323	2,409	3,302	10,406	7,625
Infrastructure	6,480,060	6,389,306			6,480,060	6,389,306
Construction in progress	262,854	153,495	138,090	90,305	400,944	243,800
Totals	\$ 8,143,221	7,861,578	1,492,537	1,473,773	9,635,758	9,335,351

Hillsborough County, Florida Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation at Year-End

Infrastructure is not depreciated since the County has an asset management system in place and has made a commitment to incur the maintenance expenses necessary (a) to preserve infrastructure assets at or above a condition of fair, on a scale from failed, poor, fair and good, to excellent, and (b) to preserve its paved roadway subset at or above a condition of 56 on the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) pavement condition index from 0 to the highest level of 100. Both of these target condition levels were achieved with actual infrastructure condition at fair or above and paved roadway miles at or above 56. The actual fiscal year 2021 maintenance expenditures for the preservation of infrastructure were \$140.1 million versus \$155.2 million estimated. Actual fiscal year 2021 maintenance expenditures were 5.2% higher than actual fiscal year 2020 expenditures. The County continued to meet infrastructure preservation goals. See the *Infrastructure Condition and Maintenance Data* section in Required Supplementary Information for more information. The \$281.6 million increase in net capital assets of governmental activities during fiscal year 2021 was attributed to the following:

- Land, rights-of-way, and infrastructure asset contributions received from real estate developers and others, as well as equipment donated to the County were responsible for \$32.5 million of the increase in capital assets.
- Capital outlay expenditures of \$332.8 million accounted for the largest part of the total increase in capital assets during the fiscal year. Although there were total capital outlay expenditures of \$332.8 million, only \$300.7 million of it resulted in capital asset additions because \$52.1 million of capital outlay costs were not capitalized as explained below. Total capital outlay expenditures of \$332.8 million consisted of: County transportation construction projects, \$150.9 million; Community Investment Tax-funded infrastructure capital projects, \$8.9 million; Countywide special purpose projects \$3.2 million; Intergovernmental Grants \$3.2 million; Unincorporated Area special purpose projects, \$24.7 million; library construction and books, \$8.8 million; acquisition of environmentally sensitive lands, \$24.4 million; capital improvement bonded projects, \$39.3 million; Unincorporated Area capital projects, \$0.9 million; Countywide general fund, \$2.6 million; Unincorporated general fund \$2.0 million; Sheriff \$49.3 million; Clerk of Circuit Court, \$1.2 million and all other remaining funds, \$2.7 million. Capital asset acquisitions of the Internal Service Funds accounted for an additional \$10.4 million of the increase in capital assets.
- The \$52.1 million capital outlay expenditures that did not lead to capital asset additions were primarily for infrastructure preservation costs and library books. Infrastructure preservation costs, which totaled \$49.1 million, were not capitalized under the modified approach for infrastructure asset accounting. \$1.0 million of other non-capitalizable expenditures recorded as capital outlay in the fund financial statements were reclassified to operating expenses in the Statement of Activities. Library book purchases that did not meet the \$1,000 capitalization threshold, totaling \$2.0 million, were not capitalized. These items were treated as expenses in the Statement of Activities because they did not increase capital assets.
- Depreciation expense accounted for \$97.7 million of the reduction in capital assets. Non-infrastructure disposals of capital assets including Internal Service Fund disposals during the year accounted for an additional \$0.2 million of the reduction.

The \$18.8 million increase in capital assets of business-type activities during fiscal year 2021 was primarily attributed to additions of \$109.5 million and contributions from developer and others of \$26.0 million, offset by depreciation/amortization expense of \$116.7 million. See Note 6, *Capital Assets*, in the *Notes to the Financial Statements* for more information.

Long-term liabilities At September 30, 2021, the County had 19 bonded debt issues outstanding. These issues included \$109.1 million in general obligation bonds, \$701.1 million in revenue bonds, and \$595.4 million in Enterprise Fund revenue bonds. At September 30, 2021, all \$57.0 million of notes payable and \$51.9 million of notes from direct borrowings and direct placements were reported in Governmental Activities. The County's short-term commercial paper note program is supported by a third-party letter of credit. See the chart of long-term liabilities outstanding at year-end on the next page.

Hillsborough County, Florida Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities, at Year-End

	Governmental Activities			Busines Activi		Total Primary Government		
(Amounts in thousands)		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
General obligation bonds, net* Revenue bonds * Notes payable Notes from direct borrowings and direct	\$	109,081 701,129 57,032	112,582 537,849 72,707	 595,407 	 444,030 	109,081 1,296,536 57,032	112,582 981,879 72,707	
placements Compensated absences payable Insurance claims payable** Net pension liability Total OPEB liability Other long-term debt		51,945 57,950 42,490 376,352 135,784 	56,256 56,833 34,896 1,200,341 112,626 	10,600 4,603 22,055 4,342 45,186	4,163 66,500 4,044 43,950	62,545 62,553 42,490 398,407 140,126 45,186	56,256 60,996 34,896 1,266,841 116,670 43,950	
Totals	\$	1,531,763	2,184,090	682,193	562,687	2,213,956	2,746,777	

*Bonds are presented net of deferred losses on bond refundings and unamortized bond discounts and premiums.

**The Hillsborough County Health Care Program for low-income residents had an "insurance claims payable, current" liability of \$4,792,000

reported for claims incurred but not reported and reported but not paid, which is shown in the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet -- Governmental Funds. This is not included in the chart above because it is not a long-term liability.

The County has been assigned the highest possible credit ratings on its general creditworthiness by all three credit rating agencies. The County's high credit ratings are a notable achievement since they generally lead to lower interest costs on debt issuances. The County's debt obligations are issued and administered in a manner that helps achieve the highest possible credit rating while sustaining the long-term financial integrity of the County.

Credit ratings assigned to the County's debt at September 30, 2021 by Moody's Investors Service (Moody's), Standard and Poor's Ratings Services (S&P), and Fitch Ratings are shown below:

ype of Debt Issue Mood eneral obligation bonds (i.e. general credit ratings) Aa evenue bonds supported by the County's share of the Community Investment Tax (CIT) Aa valorem revenue Aa evenue bonds supported by a covenant to budget and appropriate legally available non-ad Aa valorem revenue Aa evenue bonds supported by the County's share of the Half-Cent Sales Tax from state of	a AAA 1 AA	Fitch Ratings AAA AA AA+
evenue bonds supported by the County's share of the Community Investment Tax (CIT) A evenue bonds supported by a covenant to budget and appropriate legally available non-ad valorem revenue Aa evenue bonds supported by the County's share of the Half-Cent Sales Tax from state of	1 AA	AA
evenue bonds supported by a covenant to budget and appropriate legally available non-ad valorem revenue Aa evenue bonds supported by the County's share of the Half-Cent Sales Tax from state of		
evenue bonds supported by the County's share of the Half-Cent Sales Tax from state of	2 AA+	AA+
Florida Aa	1 AAA	AA+
evenue bonds supported by Water and Wastewater System Enterprise System revenue Aa		AAA
evenue bonds supported by Solid Waste Resource System Enterprise Fund	1 AA+	A+
evenue bonds supported by the County's Fourth Cent Tourist Development Tax A ²	1 AA-	AA-
evenue bonds supported by the County's Fifth Cent Tourist Development Tax A	1 AA	AA-
evenue bonds supported by the County's Communications Services Tax Aa	1 AA+	AA+
ommercial paper notes (rating includes letter of credit enhancement) P-	1 A-1	F1
ong-term credit ratings from highest to lowest investment grade:		
Aaa, Aa1, Aa2, Aa3, A1, A2, A3, Baa1, Baa2, Baa3 (Moody's).		
AAA, AA+, AA, AA-, A+, A, A-, BBB+, BBB, BBB- (S&P and Fitch)		
nort-term credit ratings from highest to lowest investment grade:		
P-1, P-2, P-3 (Moody's); A-1+, A-1, A-2, A-3 (S&P); F1+, F1, F2, F3 (Fitch)		

For more information on long-term liabilities see Note 7, Long-Term Liabilities, in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors

Local, national, and international economic factors influence the County's revenues in a variety of ways. Positive economic growth is correlated with increased revenues from property taxes, sales taxes, fuel taxes, charges for services, and state revenue sharing, as well as state and federal grants. Economic growth may be measured by a variety of indicators such as employment growth, employment diversity, unemployment rate, new construction and assessed values, diversity of the property tax base, and Enterprise Fund revenue and net position growth.

- Ad valorem property taxes represented 41% of total revenues from governmental activities for fiscal year 2021. These revenues are based on assessed values (market value less exemptions). After reaching an all-time high of \$80.05 billion through fiscal year 2007, the assessed value of real estate in the County fell over several years to reach a low of \$53.57 billion in 2012, a decline of 33% from its peak. These declines in assessed values were due to a combination of lower market values and higher exemptions set by state law. In 2021 a new all-time high was reached. Assessed values rose to \$112.7 billion, a rise of 210.4% from the low in 2012, due to a strong real estate market.
- The fact that the ten largest property taxpayers in the County represent only 4.7% of the total ad valorem property tax levy indicates that the County has a diversified tax base. Hillsborough County's diversified property tax base should continue to provide a stabilizing effect on property tax revenues in the future.
- Sales-related taxes such as fuel taxes, discretionary sales surtaxes, communications services taxes, and state shared revenues represented 23.7% of total revenues from governmental activities for fiscal year 2021. Sales-related taxes and state shared revenues are linked to employment within the County. Hillsborough County's annual average unemployment rate in 2021 was 3.9% compared to 5.91%, in the prior year. The County's 2021 unemployment rate was 0.4 percentage points lower than the Florida rate of 4.3% and 0.7 percentage points lower than the national rate of 4.6%.
- Hillsborough County also has a diversified employment base. The top 19 employers in the County employ only 18.7% of the total employees within the County. In addition, employment within the County is spread among a wide variety of categories including education, health, restaurants and entertainment, professional and business services, government, finance/insurance/real estate, construction, transportation, communications, wholesale/retail trade, and manufacturing. The County's diversified employment base provides a stabilizing effect on the County's sales-related revenues.

The economic factors described above show that the County's general, i.e. non-program, revenue of \$1.628 billion is well proportioned between property tax revenues of \$973 million and sales-related revenues of \$628 million. In addition, there is wide variety in the types of property tax taxpayers and employers in Hillsborough County, both of which tend to stabilize County's revenues. More information on economic factors is provided in the Statistical Section.

To Obtain Further Information

This financial report was designed to provide an overview of the County's finances. If you have any questions concerning the Basic Financial Statements or other accounting information in this report, please contact the finance director or financial reporting manager. If you have any questions concerning budgets, long-term financial planning, future debt issuances, or the management of County operations, please contact the county administrator. Contact information is shown below:

County Finance Department County Center, 12th Floor PO Box 1110 Tampa, Florida 33601-1110 Office of the County Administrator County Center, 26th Floor PO Box 1110 Tampa, Florida 33601-1110

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

(amounts in thousands)

	Pri	Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units		
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 245,378	164,556	409,934	11,471		
Investments	844,625	646,818	1,491,443	734		
Accounts receivable, net	15,266	30,973	46,239	154		
Accounts receivable, long-term, current portion		1,505	1,505			
Interest receivable	1,728	1,443	3,171	2		
Delinquent ad valorem taxes receivable	1,408	21	1,429			
Due from other governmental units Internal balances - due from (to)*	24,932 (10,919)	1,911	24,932	5,764		
Inventories	11,932	3,727	15,659			
Prepaid items	13,623	1,923	15,546	 26		
Total unrestricted current assets	1,147,973	852,877	2,009,858	18,151		
Total unrestricted current assets	1,147,973	032,077	2,009,000	16,151		
Restricted current assets:	004 004	05 740	202 222			
Cash and cash equivalents	291,281	35,718	326,999			
Investments	1,008,629	19,564	1,028,193	527		
Accounts receivable, net	572	95	667			
Accounts receivable, long-term, current portion		16,231	16,231			
Interest receivable	2,327	160	2,487			
Delinquent ad valorem taxes receivable	132 109.755	2.539	132			
Due from other governmental units Internal balances - due from (to)*	8,679	2,539	112,294			
Inventories	2,942	529	2.942			
Prepaid items	2,342		2,942			
Total restricted current assets	1,424,340	74,636	1,489,968	527		
Total current assets	2,572,313	927,513	3,499,826	18,678		
Noncurrent assets: Restricted noncurrent assets:						
Notes and loans receivable				10,198		
Cash, restricted		4,254	4,254			
Investments, restricted		34,802	34,802			
Interest receiavable, restricted		31	31			
Other assets	1,447		1,447	26		
Total restricted noncurrent assets	1,447	39,087	40,534	10,224		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)						
Land	642,403	43,205	685,608			
Infrastructure	6,480,060		6,480,060			
Construction in progress	262,854	138,090	400,944			
Total non-depreciable assets	7,385,317	181,295	7,566,612			
Buildings	467,465	403,486	870,951			
Improvements other than buildings	139,500	890,774	1,030,274			
Equipment	142,942	14,573	157,515			
Intangibles	7,997	2,409	10,406			
Total depreciable assets, net	757,904	1,311,242	2,069,146			
Total capital assets, net	8,143,221	1,492,537	9,635,758			
Accounts receivable, long-term		121,554	121,554			
Total noncurrent assets	8,144,668	1,653,178	9,797,846	10,224		
Total assets	10,716,981	2,580,691	13,297,672	28,902		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Bond refunding losses	2,828	2,937	5,765			
Pensions	226,153	11,661	237,814			
Purchase price in excess of book value		5,461	5,461			
OPEB	54,797_	1,465	56,262			
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 283,778	21,524	305,302			

* Since the internal balances - due from (to) include both restricted and unrestricted amounts, they are presented on two lines in the Statement of Net Position. Although the individual lines do not crossfoot they are shown as zero in total since they net against each other in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34's requirement that internal balances be eliminated in the primary government total column.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	F	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 34,47		57,407	63
Accrued liabilities	33,02		37,020	275
Due to other governmental units	8,98		8,983	21
Unearned revenues	8,48		32,016	
Deposits held	7,78		7,974	93
Insurance claims payable, current	26,910 50.86		26,910	 584
Compensated absences, current Other long-term debt, current	50,00	- 430	54,392 430	304
Total unrestricted current liabilities	170,52		225,132	1,036
	170,520	5 54,004	225,152	1,030
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Accounts and contracts payable	58,79	4 3,973	62,767	
Accrued liabilities	8,30		8,301	
Accrued interest payable	9,27	7 3,081	12,358	
Due to other governmental units	14,03		14,032	
Unearned revenues	173,24		173,350	
Deposits held	1,38		19,420	
Insurance claims payable, current	3,91		3,917	
Notes payable, current	61,45		61,451	
Bonds payable, current	46,43		59,220	
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	376,829	9 37,987	414,816	
Total current liabilities	547,35	7 92,591	639,948	1,036
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Insurance claims payable	15,58)	15,580	
Notes payable, net	47,52	5 10,600	58,126	
Compensated absences	7,08	5 1,076	8,161	
Bonds payable, net	763,77	5 582,622	1,346,397	
Net pension liability	376,35		398,407	
Total OPEB liability	135,784		140,126	
Other long-term liabilities		- 44,756	44,756	91
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,346,10	2 665,451	2,011,553	91
Total liabilities	1,893,45	9 758,042	2,651,501	1,127
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pensions	640,24	0 35,119	675,359	
OPEB	7,30	2 362	7,664	
Accumulated increases in fair value of hedging derivatives		<u> </u>		26
Total deferred inflows of resources	647,54	2 35,481	683,023	26
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	7,311,68	4 1,062,110	8,373,794	
Restricted for:	1,011,00	,	0,010,101	
Bond covenants, renewal and replacement	197,42	1 18,891	216,312	5,009
Debt service	69,99		113,142	-,
Grants and similar projects	35.58		36.072	329
Statute/ordinance enabled projects	664,56		703,292	4,886
Capital projects	59,320		59,326	
Other purposes	22,06		22,069	
Unrestricted (deficit)	99,11		744,443	17,525
Total net position	\$ 8,459,75		10,268,450	27,749
·	÷ 0,100,101	.,500,002		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. $$33\end{scalar}$

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Statement of Activities For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

			Program	Revenues		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position			
				Capital Grants, Co and Restricted		Primary Government			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Grants / Contributions	Interest	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
Function/Programs									
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$ 442,386	119,507	240,148	36		(82,695)		(82,695)	
Public safety	943,458	67,548	23,320	399		(852,191)		(852,191)	
Physical environment	59,092	98,738	3,801	3,972		47,419		47,419	
Transportation Economic environment	95,107 65,948	28,708 553	1,375 12,963	93,286		28,262 (52,432)		28,262 (52,432)	
Human services	219,372	278	67,149			(151,945)		(151,945)	
Culture and recreation	81,555	11,198	891	250		(69,216)		(69,216)	
Interest on long-term debt	24,125					(24,125)		(24,125)	
Total governmental activities	1,931,043	326,530	349,647	97,943		(1,156,923)		(1,156,923)	
Business-type Activities:	.,					(1,100,020)		(1,100,000)	
Water Resource Services System	318,055	302,163		80,918	10,047		75,073	75,073	
Solid Waste Resource Recovery	135,219	135,002			331		114	114	
Total business-type activities	453,274	437,165		80,918	10,378		75,187	75,187	
Total primary government	\$ 2,384,317	763,695	349,647	178,861	10,378	(1,156,923)	75,187	(1,081,736)	
Component Units:									
Housing Finance Authority	667	981	680		28				1,022
MPO			7						7
Planning Commission	5,449	1,248	4,202						1
Total component units	<u>\$6,116</u>	2,229	4,889		28			<u> </u>	1,030
	General Reve								
		n property taxes	3			973,251		973,251	
	Fuel taxes					34,757 323,275		34,757 323,275	 467
	Other taxes	ary sales taxes				58,431		58,431	407
			hared revenues, u	nrestricted		211,052		211,052	
	Investment		narea revenues, a	mestroled		3,583		3,583	6
		les of capital a	ssets			4,737		4,938	
	Miscellane	ous			19,446	3,955	23,401	844	
	Transfers					(434			
	Total ger	neral revenues				1,628,098	4,590	1,632,688	1,317
	Chang	ge in net positio	n			471,175	5 79,777	550,952	2,347
	Net position - Net position -	 beginning of y 	ear			7,988,583 \$ 8,459,758		9,717,497	25,402

DESCRIPTIONS OF MAJOR FUNDS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:

General Fund – To account for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is subdivided into the following categories: Countywide, Unincorporated Area, Sheriff, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser, Supervisor of Elections, and Clerk of Circuit Court.

Countywide Special Purpose Revenue Fund – To account for special purpose revenues used to provide services for residents throughout the County. Examples include state revenue sharing, the discretionary sales surtax for indigent health care, the 911 emergency telephone system, pollution settlement and recovery, and state contraband forfeitures.

Sales Tax Revenue Fund – To account for the local government infrastructure discretionary sales surtax known as the Community Investment Tax, the local government half-cent sales tax distributed by the state of Florida which is transferred to other funds for various program expenditures, the 5% tourist development tax designated to promote tourism in the County, and the professional sports franchise sales tax revenues.

Intergovernmental Grants Fund – To account for federal, state, local government, or other grants for programs including aging services, children's services, social services, transportation, public assistance, housing, public safety, physical environment, and capital projects.

County Transportation Fund – To account for motor fuel taxes, state revenue sharing, and various grant funds designated to finance road and street construction, maintenance, and other transportation projects.

Transportation Improvement Surtax Projects Fund – To account for activity associated with a voter-initiated and approved ballot measure which amended the Hillsborough County Charter, which levies a one percent discretionary sales surtax for transportation improvements as authorized by Sections 212.054 and 212.055, Florida Statutes, a Circuit Court ruling, interlocal agreements and County Ordinance 19-20. This fund specifically accounts for the transportation surtax revenue distributed to the BOCC. The transportation surtax revenue distributed to the Hillsborough Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO), a discretely presented component unit, is recorded by the MPO. Transportation Surtax requirements are subject to change as court rulings are issued.

Local Housing Assistance Program Fund – To account for State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) program moneys received from the state of Florida. This program makes loans to low and moderate income persons, first time home buyers, builders and others for funding home purchases, new home construction, existing home renovation, and for the payment of matching funds needed to obtain grants.

COVID Relief Fund – To account for Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) and American Rescue Plan 3 Act monies received from the Federal Government. These Acts provide assistance for workers, families, small businesses, and state and local governments.

DESCRIPTIONS OF MAJOR FUNDS - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:

Water Enterprise Fund – To account for the operations of the Water Enterprise Fund, a division of the Public Utilities Department, which provides water and wastewater-related services in the unincorporated areas of the County. Water and wastewater fees are determined annually by rate studies and are set at levels to recover operating expenses, including debt service, in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Activities necessary to provide water and wastewater service are accounted for in this fund, including customer service, engineering, operations, and maintenance.

Solid Waste Enterprise Fund – To account for the operations of the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund, a division of the Public Utilities Department, which provides solid waste disposal services on a countywide basis. Refuse generated in the unincorporated areas of the County is collected by franchised and non-franchised collectors serving residential and commercial customers and by private companies serving their own customers. Refuse dumping fees are reviewed annually and are set at levels sufficient to recover operating and debt service expenses, and to also account for landfills owned and operated by the Solid Waste Fund as well as monitoring closed landfills.



HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

ASSETS Countywide Special Purpose Sales Tax Revenue Intergovernmental Grants Cash and cash equivalents \$ 204.800 78,128 16,325 4,955 Investments 372,382 267,847 55,967 16,989 Accourts receivable 14,067 55,967 16,989 Accourts receivable 14,067 55,967 16,989 Delinquent advalorem taxes receivable 14,068					OR FUNDS	
ASSETS 204.800 76.128 16.325 4.955 Investments 372.362 267.847 55.967 16.989 Accounts receivable 14.067 55 - - Interest receivable 14.067 55 - - Due from other funds 55.937 1.192 6.560 - Due from other governmental units 2.870 28.215 50.193 17.214 Inventories 11.366 - - - - Other assets - - - - - Accounds and contracts payable 26.821 27.539 - 6.769 Accounds and contracts payable 26.821 27.539 - 6.769 Accound liabilities 325.861 670 7 1.482 Due to other funds 6.999 429 1.508 - Due to other governmental units 8.399 - 13.660 - Unavariace claims payable, current - 3.917 -			General	Special		
Investments 372.362 267.847 55.967 16,989 Accounts receivable, net 14.067 55.97 -<	ASSETS					
Accounts receivable 14 (067 55 Interest receivable 866 624 131 40 Due from other governmental units 2,870 28,215 50,193 17,214 Inventories 9,822 - - - - Other assets - - - - - Total assets - - - - - Accounts and contracts payable 26,821 27,539 - - 6,769 Accounts and contracts payable 26,821 27,539 - 6,769 40,645 Due to other funds 69,590 429 1,508 88 0 - <	Cash and cash equivalents	\$,	16,325	4,955
Interest receivable 666 624 131 40 Delinquent ad valorem taxes receivable 1.408 -			,	,	55,967	16,989
Delinquent ad valorem taxes receivable 1,408 Due from other funds 55,937 1,192 6,560 Due from other governmental units 2,870 28,215 50,193 17,214 Inventories 11,586 Other assets Total assets Accounts and contracts payable 26,821 27,539 6,769 Accounts and contracts payable 26,821 27,539 2,058 Due to other funds 69,590 429 1,508 88 De to other governmental units 8,389 2,055 Insurance claims payable, current 3,610 Insurance claims payable, current Total deferred inflows of resources 2,362	,					
Due from other funds 55,937 1,192 6,560 Due from other governmental units 2,870 28,215 50,193 17,214 Inventories 11,586 - - - - Prepaid items 9,822 - - - - Other assets - - - - - Total assets 673,718 376,061 129,176 40,645 LIABILITIES - - - 6,769 Accrued liabilities 32,581 670 7 1,447 Due to other funds 69,590 429 1,508 88 Due to other funds 8,498 - - 2,058 Deposits held 6,598 - - 2,058 Deposits held 1,52,477 32,555 15,175 10,397 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - - - Unavailable revenues 1,408 - - - Invento				624	131	40
Due from other governmental units 2,870 28,215 50,193 17,214 Inventories 11,586 -			,			
Inventories 11,586 - - - Prepaid items 9,822 - - - - Other assets 673,718 376,061 129,176 40,645 LIABILITIES 673,718 376,061 129,176 40,645 Accrued liabilities 32,581 670 7 1,482 Due to other funds 69,590 429 1,508 88 Due to other governmental units 8,399 - 13,660 - Unarance claims payable, current - - - - - Insurance claims payable, current - - 3,917 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Prepaid items 9,822 -				28,215	50,193	17,214
Other assets 1.447 Total assets 673,718 376,061 129,176 40,645 LIABILITIES Accounts and contracts payable 26,821 27,539 6,769 Accounts and contracts payable 26,821 27,539 6,769 Accourd liabilities 32,581 670 7 1,482 Due to other funds 69,590 429 1,508 88 Due to other governmental units 8,399 13,660 Insurance claims payable, current 3,917 Total liabilities 152,477 32,555 15,175 10,397 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues 1,408 - FUND BALANCES 21,408 - - Nonspendable - - - - Inpact fees						
Total assets 673,718 376,061 129,176 40,645 LIABILITIES Accounts and contracts payable Acrued liabilities 26,821 27,539 - 6,769 Accrued liabilities 32,581 670 7 1,482 Due to other funds 69,590 429 1,508 88 Due to other governmental units 8,399 - 13,660 - Unearmed revenues 8,488 - - 2,058 Deposits held 6,598 - - 2,058 Deposits held 6,598 - - - - Insurance claims payable, current - 3,917 - - - - Total liabilities 152,477 32,555 15,175 10,397 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues 1,408 - - - 1,447 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable - - - - - - - - - - - -	•		9,822			
LIABILITIES Accounts and contracts payable 26,821 27,539 - 6,769 Accrued liabilities 32,581 670 7 1,482 Due to other governmental units 8,399 - 13,660 Unearned revenues 8,448 - - 2,058 Deposits held 6,598 - - - - Insurance claims payable, current - 3,917 - - - Total liabilities 152,477 32,555 15,175 10,397 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,408 - - - - Unavailable revenues 1,408 - - 1,447 FEMA reimbursement 954 - - - Total deferred inflows of resources 21,408 - - - Restricted for: - - - - - Bod covenants - - - - - - Impact fees -						
Accounts and contracts payable 26,821 27,539 6,769 Accrued liabilities 32,581 670 7 1,482 Due to other funds 69,590 429 1,508 88 Due to other governmental units 8,399 13,660 Unearned revenues 8,488 - 2,058 Deposits held 6,598 - Insurance claims payable, current 3,917 Total liabilities 152,477 32,555 15,175 10,397 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues 1,408 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,362 1,447 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Inventories and prepaid items 21,408 Bod covenants Inpact fees	Total assets	_	673,718	376,061	129,176	40,645
Accrued liabilities 32,581 670 7 1,482 Due to other funds 69,590 429 1,508 88 Due to other governmental units 8,399 13,660 Unearned revenues 8,488 2,058 Deposits held 6,598 Insurance claims payable, current 3,917 Total liabilities 152,477 32,555 15,175 10,397 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,408 1,447 FEMA reimbursement 954 1,447 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable 1,447 Inventories and prepaid items 21,408 Bond covenants 28,801 Inventories and projects 399 28,801 Bond covenants 28,801 </td <td>LIABILITIES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	LIABILITIES					
Due to other funds 60,590 429 1,508 88 Due to other governmental units 8,399 - 13,660 Unearned revenues 8,488 - - 2,058 Deposits held 6,598 - - - Insurance claims payable, current - 3,917 - - Total liabilities 152,477 32,555 15,175 10,397 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,408 - - - Unavailable revenues 1,408 - - - Total deferred inflows of resources 2,362 - - - Inventories and prepaid items 21,408 - - - Restricted for: - - - - - Bond covenants - - - - - - Grant programs and projects 399 - - 28,801 - - Impact fees - - 239,771 <td>Accounts and contracts payable</td> <td></td> <td>26,821</td> <td>27,539</td> <td></td> <td>6,769</td>	Accounts and contracts payable		26,821	27,539		6,769
Due to other governmental units 8,399 - 13,660 - Unearned revenues 8,448 - - 2,058 Deposits held 6,598 - - - Insurance claims payable, current - 3,917 - - Total liabilities 152,477 32,555 15,175 10,397 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,408 - - - 1,447 Total liabilities 1,408 - - - 1,447 FEMA reimbursement 954 - - - 1,447 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable - - - 1,447 Inventories and prepaid items 21,408 - - - - Bond covenants - <td></td> <td></td> <td>32,581</td> <td></td> <td>7</td> <td>1,482</td>			32,581		7	1,482
Unearned revenues 8,488 2,058 Deposits held 6,598 Insurance claims payable, current 3,917 Total liabilities 152,477 32,555 15,175 10,397 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1408 1,447 FEMA reimbursement 954 1,447 FUND BALANCES 2,362 1,447 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Inventories and prepaid items 21,408 Bond covenants Impact fees 28,801 Impact fees 44,108 Other purposes 255 <	Due to other funds		69,590	429	1,508	88
Unearned revenues 8,488 2,058 Deposits held 6,598 Insurance claims payable, current 3,917 Total liabilities 152,477 32,555 15,175 10,397 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1408 1,447 FEMA reimbursement 954 1,447 FUND BALANCES 2,362 1,447 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Inventories and prepaid items 21,408 Bond covenants Impact fees 28,801 Impact fees 44,108 Other purposes 255 <	Due to other governmental units				13,660	
Deposits held 6,598			8,488			2,058
Insurance claims payable, current	Deposits held		6,598			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenuesUnavailable revenues1,408FEMA reimbursement954Total deferred inflows of resources2,362FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Inventories and prepaid items21,408Restricted for: Bond covenantsBond covenantsCrant programs and projects399Peteral and state law33,61152,916Impact fees44,108Hillsborough Health Care255Committed to: BOCC ordinance / other purposesAssigned to: Capital projects2Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources518,879343,506114,00128,801	Insurance claims payable, current			3,917		
Unavailable revenues1,4081,447FEMA reimbursement954Total deferred inflows of resources2,3621,447FUND BALANCESNonspendableInventories and prepaid items21,408Bond covenantsBond covenantsGrant programs and projects39928,801Federal and state law33,61152,916Impact fees239,771Hillsborough Health Care255BOCC ordinance / other purposesAssigned to:2Capital projects2Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources518,879343,506114,00128,801		_	152,477		15,175	10,397
Unavailable revenues1,4081,447FEMA reimbursement954Total deferred inflows of resources2,3621,447FUND BALANCESNonspendableInventories and prepaid items21,408Bond covenantsBond covenantsGrant programs and projects39928,801Federal and state law33,61152,916Impact fees239,771Hillsborough Health Care255BOCC ordinance / other purposesAssigned to:2Capital projects2Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources518,879343,506114,00128,801	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
FEMA reimbursement954Total deferred inflows of resources2,3621,447FUND BALANCESNonspendableInventories and prepaid items21,408Restricted for:Bond covenantsDets serviceGrant programs and projects39928,801Federal and state law33,61152,916Impact fees44,108Hillsborough Health Care239,771Other purposes255Committed to:BOCC ordinance / other purposes2Assigned to:2Capital projects2Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total fund balances518,879343,506114,00128,801			1 408			1 447
Total deferred inflows of resources2,3621,447FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Inventories and prepaid items21,4081,447Restricted for: Bond covenants21,408Debt serviceGrant programs and projects39928,801Federal and state law33,61152,916Impact fees44,108Hillsborough Health Care239,771Other purposes255Committed to: BOCC ordinance / other purposesMajor maintenance and repair projects2Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources518,879343,506114,00128,801			,			
Nonspendable Inventories and prepaid items21,408Restricted for: Bond covenantsDebt serviceGrant programs and projects39928,801Federal and state law33,61152,916Impact fees44,108Hillsborough Health Care239,771Other purposes255Committed to: BOCC ordinance / other purposes2Assigned to: Capital projects2Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total fund balances518,879343,506114,00128,801		_				1,447
Nonspendable Inventories and prepaid items21,408Restricted for: Bond covenantsDebt serviceGrant programs and projects39928,801Federal and state law33,61152,916Impact fees44,108Hillsborough Health Care239,771Other purposes255Committed to: BOCC ordinance / other purposes2Assigned to: Capital projects2Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total fund balances518,879343,506114,00128,801						
Inventories and prepaid items21,408Restricted for:Bond covenantsDebt serviceGrant programs and projects39928,801Federal and state law33,61152,916Impact fees44,108Hillsborough Health Care239,771Other purposes255Committed to:255BOCC ordinance / other purposes2Assigned to:12,068Grant projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total fund balances518,879343,506114,00128,801						
Restricted for:Bond covenantsDebt serviceGrant programs and projects39928,801Federal and state law33,61152,916Impact fees44,108Hillsborough Health Care239,771Other purposes255Committed to:255BOCC ordinance / other purposesAssigned to:2Capital projects2Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total fund balances518,879343,506114,00128,801			21 408			
Bond covenants			21,400			
Debt service Grant programs and projects 3399 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,801 28,916 28,916 28,916 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Grant programs and projects 399 28,801 Federal and state law 33,611 52,916 Impact fees 44,108 Hillsborough Health Care 239,771 Other purposes 255 Committed to: 255 BOCC ordinance / other purposes Assigned to: Capital projects 2 Major maintenance and repair projects 12,068 BOCC resolutions / other purposes 4 13,691 61,085 Unassigned 497,068 Total fund balances 518,879 343,506 114,001 28,801						
Federal and state law 33,611 52,916 Impact fees 44,108 Hillsborough Health Care 239,771 Other purposes 255 Committed to: 255 BOCC ordinance / other purposes Assigned to: Capital projects 2 Major maintenance and repair projects 12,068 BOCC resolutions / other purposes 4 13,691 61,085 Unassigned 497,068 Total fund balances 518,879 343,506 114,001 28,801			399			28 801
Impact fees 44,108 Hillsborough Health Care 239,771 Other purposes 255 Committed to: 255 BOCC ordinance / other purposes Assigned to: Capital projects 2 Major maintenance and repair projects 12,068 BOCC resolutions / other purposes 4 13,691 61,085 Unassigned 497,068 Total fund balances 518,879 343,506 114,001 28,801				33 611	52 916	
Hillsborough Health Care239,771Other purposes255Committed to:255BOCC ordinance / other purposesAssigned to:Capital projects2Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total fund balances518,879343,506114,00128,801Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources) -		
Other purposes255Committed to: BOCC ordinance / other purposesAssigned to: Capital projects2Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total fund balances518,879343,506114,00128,801Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	•			,		
Committed to: BOCC ordinance / other purposesAssigned to: Capital projects2Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total fund balances518,879343,506114,00128,801Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources				,		
BOCC ordinance / other purposesAssigned to: Capital projects2Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total fund balances518,879343,506114,00128,801Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
Assigned to: Capital projects2Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total fund balances518,879343,506114,00128,801Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	BOCC ordinance / other purposes					
Capital projects2Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total fund balances518,879343,506114,00128,801Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
Major maintenance and repair projects12,068BOCC resolutions / other purposes413,69161,085Unassigned497,068Total fund balances518,879343,506114,00128,801Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	0			2		
BOCC resolutions / other purposes 4 13,691 61,085 Unassigned 497,068 Total fund balances 518,879 343,506 114,001 28,801 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
Unassigned 497,068 Total fund balances 518,879 343,506 114,001 28,801 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources			4		61.085	
Total fund balances518,879343,506114,00128,801Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources			497,068	- ,	- ,	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	5			343.506	114.001	28.801
and fund balances \$ 673,718 376,061 129,176 40,645	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources			<u> </u>		· · · · ·
	and fund balances	\$	673,718	376,061	129,176	40,645

	MAJOR				
County Transportation	Transportation Surtax Fund	Local Housing Assistance	COVID Relief	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
51,494	43,967	1,229	38,824	115,215	554,937
176,538	150,731	4,214	133,102	340,284	1,518,034
				517	14,639
410	351	10	310	770	3,512
10				122	1,540
188				3,596	67,473
32,857				3,338	134,687
2,890				52	14,528
_,				89	9,911
					1,447
264,387	195,049	5,453	172,236	463,983	2,320,708
9,528		191	4,522	15,886	91,256
1,963				4,179	40,882
1			300	531	72,447
354				18	22,431
1,481			167,346	908	180,281
				1,388	7,986
					3,917
13,327		191	172,168	22,910	419,200
9				122	2,986
					954_
9				122	3,940
2,890				141	24,439
116,112				81,309	197,421
				69,997	69,997
		5,262	68	1,105	35,635
18,580	195,049			131,214	431,370
72,398				16,662	133,168
					239,771
3,405				10,763	14,423
3,575				38,066	41,641
34,091				80,694	114,787
				9,469	21,537
				1,573	76,353
				(42)	497,026
251,051	195,049	5,262	68	440,951	1,897,568
264,387	195,049	5,453	172,236	463,983	2,320,708



HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet -- Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position -- Governmental Activities September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

		•	4 007 500
Fund balances reported on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$	1,897,568
Differences between the amounts reported on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds and the governmental activities reported on the Statement of Net Position were as follows:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities were not financial resources and, therefore, were not reported in the governmental funds: Total capital assets, see Note 6 Less: Internal Service Fund capital assets	8,143,221 (26,614)		8,116,607
Other assets or liabilities shown in governmental activities were not financial resources and, therefore, were not reported in the governmental funds:			
Allocation of the operating income (loss) earned by the internal service funds through transactions with business-type activities.			(1,660)
Deferred outflows of resources from bond refunding losses are presented in governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position, but are not reported in the governmental funds.			2,828
Deferred outflows of resources from pensions are presented in governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position, but are not reported in the governmental funds.			226,153
Deferred outflows of resources from OPEB are presented in governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position, but are not reported in the governmental funds.	_		54,797
Internal service funds were used to charge self-insurance and fleet management costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds were included in the governmental activities portion of the Statement of Net Position. Less: Internal Service Fund deferred outflows of resources Add: Internal Service Fund deferred inflows of resources	303,021 (1,185) 3,207		305,043
Compensated absences of the Planning Commission component unit was offset by amount "due from other governmental units," which corresponded to amount "due to other governmental units" on the governmental activities portion of the Statement of Net Position.			(584)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable were not due and payable in the current period and therefore were not reported in the governmental funds.			
Total long-term liabilities, see Note 7 Add: interest payable due to interest accruals Less: Internal Service Fund insurance claims payable Less: Internal Service Fund compensated absences Less: Internal Service Fund net pension liability Less: Internal Service Fund OPEB liability, see Note 9	(1,531,763) (9,277) 42,490 288 1,935 381		(1,495,946)
Deferred inflows of resources from pensions and OPEB are presented in governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position, but are not reported in the governmental funds.			(647,542)
There was a deferred inflow of resources for unavailable revenues, offset by an asset for delinquent ad valorem taxes receivable, in the fund financial statements. However, this deferred inflow was not included in the Statement of Net Position because the revenue was recognized in the Statement of Activities.			2,494
Net position reported for governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position		\$	8,459,758

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances **Governmental Funds** For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	,							-
((am	oun	ts i	n th	ious	and	s)	

	MAJOR FUNDS						
		General	Countywide Special Purpose	Sales Tax Revenue	Intergovernmental Grants		
Revenues:	¢	007 057					
Taxes - ad valorem property taxes Taxes - fuel taxes	\$	907,257					
Taxes - discretionary sales surtaxes			 152,316	152,320			
Taxes - other		1,541	34	38,497			
Licenses, permits, special assessments		624	62,873				
Intergovernmental - state shared revenues		39,040	15,444	132,436	2,386		
Intergovernmental - grants		6,251			104,933		
Charges for services		143,961	9,121		252		
Fines and forfeitures		7,078	564				
Interest		1,459	409	82	218		
Miscellaneous		7,937	7,384		3,835		
Total revenues		1,115,148	248,145	323,335	111,624		
Expenditures: Current:							
General government		237,154	95,709	74,966	4,246		
Public safety		615,960	15,633	74,300	31,488		
Physical environment		27,852	1,970		4,496		
Transportation		4,137					
Economic environment		30,544		22,626	10,524		
Human services		54,510	109,841	, 	62,482		
Culture and recreation		50,014	96	350	7		
Capital outlay		53,870	3,159		3,234		
Debt service:							
Principal							
Interest and fiscal charges							
Total expenditures		1,074,041	226,408	97,942	116,477		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		41,107	21,737	225,393	(4,853)		
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		719,875	34,290		24,638		
Transfers out		(702,284)	(16,078)	(197,378)	(11,668)		
Face amount of long-term debt issued							
Premiums on long-term debt issued							
Sales of capital assets		3,483					
Total other financing sources (uses)		21,074	18,212	(197,378)	12,970		
Net change in fund balances		62,181	39,949	28,015	8,117		
Fund balances, beginning of year		455,940	303,557	85,986	20,684		
Increase (decrease) in nonspendable fund balances		758					
Fund balances, end of year	\$	518,879	343,506	114,001	28,801		

	MAJOR	FUNDS			
County Transportation	Transportation Surtax Fund	Local Housing Assistance	COVID Relief	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
				66,536	973,793
34,757					34,757
	18,639				323,275
				18,359	58,431
36,389				56,178	156,064
18,223		3,523			211,052
4,804			234,899	7,439	358,326
1,463				51,901	206,698
				5,654	13,296
246	244	4	33	455	3,150
3,342		1,395	228	1,903	26,024
99,224	18,883	4,922	235,160	208,425	2,364,866
5,516				45,774	463,365
2			234,827	44,939	942,849
66				6,390	40,774
68,840				2,578	75,555
		3,305		1	67,000
10				23	226,866
				45,074	95,541
150,873			265	121,374	332,775
				137,642	137,642
				29,195	29,195
225,307		3,305	235,092	432,990	2,411,562
(100,000)	10.000				
(126,083)	18,883	1,617	68	(224,565)	(46,696)
248,335				183,636	1,210,774
(29,479)				(254,369)	(1,211,256)
				266,922	266,922
				17,895	17,895
				583	4,066
218,856				214,667	288,401
92,773	18,883	1,617	68	(9,898)	241,705
159,655	176,166	3,645		450,855	1,656,488
(1,377)				(6)	(625)
251,051	195,049	5,262	68	440,951	1,897,568

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. $\ensuremath{43}$

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

Net change in fund balances reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	241,705
Differences between amounts reported on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds and governmental activities reported on the Statement of Activities were as follows:		
 Capital assets - related items Capital outlay expenditures represented an increase to capital assets on the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation expense was a reduction of net position on the Statement of Activities. Infrastructure preservation costs, which were included in capital outlay expenditures shown above, were not capitalized, so they decreased net position under the modified approach. Library books under the capitalization threshold were included in capital outlay expenditures shown above, but were not capitalized. As a result it decreased net position on the Statement of Activities. Non-capitalizable expenditures recorded as capital outlay in fund financial statements were reclassified to operating expenses in the Statement of Activities. Contributions of infrastructure assets received from developers increased net position on the Statement of Activities. Contributions of capital assets received from the Constitutional Officers, Planning Commission and others increased net position. Book value of capital assets disposed was not reported in the fund financial statements, but was reported in the Statement of Activities. Therefore, the book value of assets disposed was a reduction of net position. 		332,775 (86,389) (49,142) (1,956) (942) 84,432 16 210
 Book value of infrastructure assets disposed, which was reported as an expense, represented a reduction of net position. Long-term liability-related items Proceeds from the issuance of new long-term debt were in "other financing sources" on the fund financial statements but did not increase net position on the Statement of Activities. Repayments of long-term liabilities represented expenditures on the fund financial statements, but did not decrease net position on the Statement of Activities. The decrease in net long-term debt due to amortization of premiums and discounts increased net position on the Statement of Activities. The increase in net pension liability decreased net position on the Statement of Activities. Less: decrease in internal service fund net pension liability included in figure above. The increase in compensated absences liabilities decreased net position on the Statement of Activities. Less: decrease in internal service fund compensated absences included in the figure above The increase in total OPEB liability decreased net position on the Statement of Activities. Less: increase in internal service fund total OPEB liability The increase in compensated absences liabilities of the Planning Commission and Metropolitan Planning Organization corresponded to an increase in the "due to other governmental units" on the Statement of Net Position. 		3,665 (284,817) 137,642 6,383 823,989 (4,066) (255) (1,117) 24 (23,158) 27 (49)
Eliminations of inter-organizational items The operating gain incurred on transactions with business-type activities was eliminated for the Statement of Activities.		938
Revenues and receivables-related items Net decrease in net position of the Self-Insurance and Fleet Internal Service Funds decreased net position since it was reported in the governmental activities section of the Statement of Activities. The decrease in delinquent taxes receivable had no effect on fund balance in the fund financial statements, but it decreased net position in the Statement of Activities. Intergovernmental grant revenue recorded as unavailable revenues in the fund financials increased net position on the Statement of Activities. Other reconciling items The increase in inventory and prepaid items on the fund financial statements decreased net position on the Statement of Activities		15,741 (369) (4,652)
Activities. The increase in deferred outflows increased net position on the Statement of Activities. Add: decrease in internal service fund deferred outflows included in figure above. The decrease in deferred inflows increased net position on the Statement of Activities. Less: decrease in internal service fund deferred inflows included in the figure above.	_	(625) (110,154) 603 (612,316) 3,032
Change in net position reported on the governmental portion of the Statement of Activities.	\$	471,175

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund (Budgetary Basis) For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:	¢		050 500	007.057	(42.242)
Taxes - ad valorem property taxes Taxes - other	\$	950,500 1,550	950,500 1,550	907,257 1,541	(43,243) (9)
Licenses, permits, special assessments		575	575	624	49
Intergovernmental - state shared revenues		31,391	31,391	39,040	7,649
Intergovernmental - grants Charges for services		1,499 131,175	2,253 131,240	1,983 138,391	(270) 7,151
Fines and forfeitures		6,933	6,933	7,078	145
Interest		2,002	2,002	1,459	(543)
Miscellaneous		4,685	4,690	7,921	3,231
Total revenues		1,130,310	1,131,134	1,105,294	(25,840)
Expenditures:					
Current:		004 500	001 440	004 740	00 704
General government Public safety		264,588 648,060	261,416 634,531	234,712 606,282	26,704 28,249
Physical environment		34,472	34,572	27,852	6,720
Transportation		6,470	6,470	4,137	2,333
Economic environment Human services		81,507 70,600	81,507 70,600	30,544 54,531	50,963 16,069
Culture and recreation		54,312	54,317	50,014	4,303
Capital outlay		42,750	57,617	52,355	5,262
Total expenditures		1,202,759	1,201,030	1,060,427	140,603
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures		(72,449)	(69,896)	44,867	114,763
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		693,524	693,629	719,675	26,046
Transfers out		(679,154)	(685,050)	(702,284)	(17,234)
Sales of capital assets Budgetary reserves		125 (273,902)	125 (270,664)	3,386	3,261 270,664
Budget allowance		(56,103)	(56,103)		56,103
Distribution of excess fees		(2,106)	(2,106)	(2,421)	(315)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(317,616)	(320,169)	18,356	338,525
Net change in fund balances		(390,065)	(390,065)	63,223	453,288
Fund balances, beginning of year		390,065	390,065	455,940	65,875
Increase (decrease) in nonspendable fund balances	æ			<u> </u>	510 021
Fund balances, end of yearbudgetary basis	\$			519,921	519,921
To convert to GAAP basis:					
Add intergovernmental grant revenue				4,268	
Add contract related charges for services Increase miscellaneous revenues				5,570 16	
Increase general government expenditures				(2,421)	
Increase public safety expenditures				(9,678)	
Increase capital outlay Add transfers in from BOCC				(1,515) 200	
Add proceeds from the sale of capital assets				200 97	
Reduce distribution of excess fees				2,421	
Fund balances, end of yearGAAP basis				518,879	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Countywide Special Purpose For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

Actual Positive Amounts Actual Positive (Negative) Revenues: Taxes - discretionary sales surtaxes \$ 115,598 115,598 152,316 36,718 Taxes - other 33 33 34 1 Licenses, permits, special assessments 54,718 54,717 62,873 8,156 Intergovernmental - state shared revenues 15,691 15,762 15,444 (318) Intergovernmental - grants 100 100 - (100) Charges for services 9,319 9,319 9,121 (198) Fines and forfeitures 689 689 564 (125) Interest 9,23 922 409 (513) Miscellaneous 6,024 7,384 1,360 Total revenues 203,095 203,164 248,145 44,981 Expenditures: Current: 363 15,996 15,633 363 Physical environment 26,348 122,125 95,709 26,416 Public safety 15,583		 Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget-	
Taxes - discretionary sales surtaxes\$115,598115,598152,31636,718Taxes - other3333341Licenses, permits, special assessments $54,718$ $54,717$ $62,873$ $8,156$ Intergovernmental - state shared revenues $15,691$ $15,762$ $15,444$ (318) Intergovernmental - grants 100 0 - (100) Charges for services $9,319$ $9,319$ $9,121$ (198) Fines and forfeitures 689 689 564 (125) Interest 923 922 409 (513) Miscellaneous $6,024$ $7,384$ $1,360$ Total revenues $203,095$ $203,164$ $248,145$ $44,981$ Expenditures:Current:General government $56,348$ $122,125$ $95,709$ $26,416$ Public safety $15,583$ $15,996$ $15,633$ 363 Physical environment $2,213$ $2,620$ $1,970$ 650 Human services $295,792$ $342,256$ $226,408$ $115,848$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) $2,738$ $7,550$ $3,159$ $4,391$ Transfers in $33,019$ $33,029$ $34,290$ $1,261$ Transfers in $33,019$ $33,029$ $34,290$ $1,261$ Transfers out $(15,973)$ $(16,078)$ - $17,869$ Budgetary reserves $(248,060)$ $(17,186)$ - $17,1869$ Budgetal lowance $(9,614)$ $(9$		 Original Final		Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
$\begin{array}{c c} Licenses, permits, special assessments \\ Intergovernmental - state shared revenues \\ 15,691 15,762 15,444 (318) \\ Intergovernmental - grants \\ 100 100 (100) \\ Charges for services \\ 9,319 9,319 9,319 9,121 (198) \\ Fines and forfeitures \\ 689 689 564 (125) \\ Interest \\ 923 922 409 (513) \\ Miscellaneous \\ 6,024 6,024 7,384 1,360 \\ Total revenues \\ \hline 203,095 203,164 248,145 \\ \hline 44,981 \\ \hline Expenditures: \\ Current: \\ General government \\ 9,063 190,063 190,063 109,841 80,222 \\ Culture and recreation 3,647 3,902 96 3,806 \\ Capital outlay \\ Total expenses \\ \hline (72,497) (139,092) 21,737 \\ \hline 160,829 \\ \hline Transfers in \\ Current \\ (15,973) (16,078) (16,078) \\ (17,1869) \\ (240,628) \\ (164,532) \\ (18,212) \\ (182,744 \\ \hline Net change in fund balances \\ (313,125) \\ (303,624) \\ 39,949 \\ 343,573 \\ \hline Fund balances, beginning of year \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	•	\$ •	,		36,718	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				- ,		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				15,444		
Fines and forfeitures 689 689 564 (125) Interest 923 922 409 (513) Miscellaneous $6,024$ $6,024$ $7,384$ $1,360$ Total revenues $203,095$ $203,164$ $248,145$ $44,981$ Expenditures: $203,095$ $203,164$ $248,145$ $44,981$ Current:General government $56,348$ $122,125$ $95,709$ $26,416$ Public safety $15,583$ $15,996$ $15,633$ 363 Physical environment $2,213$ $2,620$ $1,970$ 650 Hurnan services $190,063$ $190,063$ $109,841$ $80,222$ Cutture and recreation $3,647$ $3,902$ 96 $3,806$ Capital outlay $7,738$ $7,550$ $3,159$ $4,391$ Total expenditures $275,592$ $342,256$ $226,408$ $115,848$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) $(72,497)$ $(139,092)$ $21,737$ $160,829$ Other financing sources (uses) 7733 $(16,078)$ $(16,078)$ -7 Transfers in $33,019$ $33,029$ $34,290$ $1,261$ Transfers out $(15,973)$ $(16,078)$ $-171,869$ $-9,614$ Budgetar lalowance $(9,614)$ $-9,614$ $-9,614$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(240,628)$ $(164,532)$ $182,12$ $182,724$ Net change in fund balances $(313,125)$ $(303,624)$ $39,949$ $343,573$ Fund balances, beginning of year					· · ·	
Interest923922409 (513) Miscellaneous $6,024$ $6,024$ $7,384$ $1,360$ Total revenues $203,095$ $203,164$ $248,145$ $44,981$ Expenditures: $203,095$ $203,164$ $248,145$ $44,981$ Current:General government $56,348$ $122,125$ $95,709$ $26,416$ Public safety $15,583$ $15,996$ $15,633$ 363 Physical environment $2,213$ $2,620$ $1,970$ 650 Human services $190,063$ $190,063$ $109,841$ $80,222$ Culture and recreation $3,647$ $3,902$ 96 $3,806$ Capital outlay $7,738$ $7,550$ $3,159$ $4,391$ Total expenditures $275,592$ $342,256$ $226,408$ $115,848$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) $expenses$ $(72,497)$ $(139,092)$ $21,737$ $160,829$ Other financing sources (uses) $33,019$ $33,029$ $34,290$ $1,261$ $-$ Transfers in $33,019$ $33,029$ $34,290$ $ -$ Budgetary reserves $(248,060)$ $(171,869)$ $ 9,614$ Udget allowance $(9,614)$ $(9,614)$ $ 9,614$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(240,628)$ $(164,532)$ $18,212$ $182,744$ Net change in fund balances $(313,125)$ $(303,624)$ $39,949$ $343,573$ Fund balances, beginning of year $313,125$ $303,624$ <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>						
Miscellaneous $6,024$ $6,024$ $7,384$ $1,360'$ Total revenues $203,095$ $203,164$ $248,145$ $44,981$ Expenditures:Current:General government $56,348$ $122,125$ $95,709$ $26,416$ Public safety $15,583$ $15,996$ $15,633$ 363 Physical environment $2,213$ $2,620$ $1,970$ 650 Human services $190,063$ $190,063$ $109,841$ $80,222$ Culture and recreation $3,647$ $3,902$ 96 $3,806$ Capital outlay $7,738$ $7,550$ $3,159$ $4,391$ Total expenditures $275,592$ $342,256$ $226,408$ $115,848$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) $expenses$ $(72,497)$ $(139,092)$ $21,737$ $160,829$ Other financing sources (uses) $33,019$ $33,029$ $34,290$ $1,261$ Transfers in $33,019$ $33,029$ $34,290$ $1,261$ Transfers out $(15,973)$ $(16,078)$ -Budgetary reserves $(248,060)$ $(171,869)$ - $171,869$ Budget allowance $(9,614)$ $(9,614)$ - $9,614$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(240,628)$ $(164,532)$ $18,212$ $182,744$ Net change in fund balances $(313,125)$ $(303,624)$ $39,949$ $343,573$ Fund balances, beginning of year $313,125$ $303,624$ $303,557$ (67)						
Total revenues $203,095$ $203,164$ $248,145$ $44,981$ Expenditures: Current: General government $56,348$ $122,125$ $95,709$ $26,416$ Public safety $15,583$ $15,996$ $15,633$ 363 Physical environment $2,213$ $2,620$ $1,970$ 650 Human services $190,063$ $190,063$ $109,841$ $80,222$ Culture and recreation $3,647$ $3,902$ 96 $3,806$ Capital outlay $7,738$ $7,550$ $3,159$ $4,391$ Total expenditures $275,592$ $342,256$ $226,408$ $115,848$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses $(72,497)$ $(139,092)$ $21,737$ $160,829$ Other financing sources (uses) $(15,973)$ $(16,078)$ $(16,078)$ $$ Transfers in Transfers out Budgetary reserves $(248,060)$ $(171,869)$ $$ $9,614$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(240,628)$ $(164,532)$ $18,212$ $182,744$ Net change in fund balances $(313,125)$ $(303,624)$ $39,949$ $343,573$ Fund balances, beginning of year $313,125$ $303,624$ $303,557$ (67)						
Expenditures: Current: 56,348 122,125 95,709 26,416 Public safety 15,583 15,996 15,633 363 Physical environment 2,213 2,620 1,970 650 Human services 190,063 190,063 109,841 80,222 Culture and recreation 3,647 3,902 96 3,806 Capital outlay 7,738 7,550 3,159 4,391 Total expenditures 275,592 342,256 226,408 115,848 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses (72,497) (139,092) 21,737 160,829 Other financing sources (uses) (15,973) (16,078) 171,869 Transfers out (15,973) (16,078) 9,614 - Budgetary reserves (248,060) (171,869) 171,869 Budget allowance (9,614) 9,614 - Total other financing sources (uses) (2240,628) (164,532) 118,212 182,744		 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Current: General government $56,348$ $122,125$ $95,709$ $26,416$ Public safety $15,583$ $15,996$ $15,633$ 363 Physical environment $2,213$ $2,620$ $1,970$ 650 Human services $190,063$ $190,063$ $109,841$ $80,222$ Culture and recreation $3,647$ $3,902$ 96 $3,806$ Capital outlay $7,738$ $7,550$ $3,159$ $4,391$ Total expenditures $275,592$ $342,256$ $226,408$ $115,848$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses $(72,497)$ $(139,092)$ $21,737$ $160,829$ Other financing sources (uses) $7,738$ $7,550$ $3,029$ $34,290$ $1,261$ Transfers in Budgetary reserves $33,019$ $33,029$ $34,290$ $1,261$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(15,973)$ $(16,078)$ $$ Budgetary reserves Budget allowance $(240,628)$ $(164,532)$ $18,212$ $182,744$ Net change in fund balances $(313,125)$ $(303,624)$ $39,949$ $343,573$ Fund balances, beginning of year $313,125$ $303,624$ $303,557$ (67)	l otal revenues	 203,095	203,164	248,145	44,981	
General government 56,348 122,125 95,709 26,416 Public safety 15,583 15,996 15,633 363 Physical environment 2,213 2,620 1,970 650 Human services 190,063 190,063 109,841 80,222 Culture and recreation 3,647 3,902 96 3,806 Capital outlay 7,738 7,550 3,159 4,391 Total expenditures 275,592 342,256 226,408 115,848 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) (72,497) (139,092) 21,737 160,829 Other financing sources (uses) 7 33,019 33,029 34,290 1,261 Transfers in 33,019 33,029 34,290 1,261 - Budgetary reserves (248,060) (171,869) - 171,869 Budget allowance (9,614) (9,614) - 9,614 Total other financing sources (uses) (240,628) (164,532) 18,212 182,744 <						
Public safety 15,583 15,996 15,633 363 Physical environment 2,213 2,620 1,970 650 Human services 190,063 190,063 109,841 80,222 Culture and recreation 3,647 3,902 96 3,806 Capital outlay 7,738 7,550 3,159 4,391 Total expenditures 275,592 342,256 226,408 115,848 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses (72,497) (139,092) 21,737 160,829 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out (15,973) (16,078) 171,869 Transfers out (15,973) (16,078) 9,614 9,614 Budgetary reserves (248,060) (171,869) 171,869 9,614 Total other financing sources (uses) (240,628) (164,532) 18,212 182,744 Net change in fund balances (313,125) (303,624) 39,949 343,573 Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)	-	56 349	100 105	05 700	26 / 16	
Physical environment 2,213 2,620 1,970 650 Human services 190,063 190,063 109,841 80,222 Culture and recreation 3,647 3,902 96 3,806 Capital outlay 7,738 7,550 3,159 4,391 Total expenditures 275,592 342,256 226,408 115,848 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) 275,592 342,256 226,408 115,848 Other financing sources (uses) (72,497) (139,092) 21,737 160,829 Other financing sources (uses) (15,973) (16,078) - Transfers in 33,019 33,029 34,290 1,261 Transfers out (15,973) (16,078) - Budgetary reserves (248,060) (171,869) 171,869 Budget allowance (9,614) (9,614) 9,614 Total other financing sources (uses) (240,628) (164,532) 182,714 Net change in fund balances		/	, -	,	-, -	
Human services 190,063 190,063 109,841 80,222 Culture and recreation 3,647 3,902 96 3,806 Capital outlay 7,738 7,550 3,159 4,391 Total expenditures 275,592 342,256 226,408 115,848 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) (72,497) (139,092) 21,737 160,829 Other financing sources (uses) (72,497) (139,092) 21,737 160,829 Transfers in 33,019 33,029 34,290 1,261 Transfers out (15,973) (16,078) Budgetary reserves (248,060) (171,869) Budget allowance (9,614) (9,614) 9,614 Total other financing sources (uses) (240,628) (164,532) 18,212 182,744 Net change in fund balances (313,125) (303,624) 39,949 343,573 Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)						
Culture and recreation 3,647 3,902 96 3,806 Capital outlay 7,738 7,550 3,159 4,391 Total expenditures 275,592 342,256 226,408 115,848 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses (72,497) (139,092) 21,737 160,829 Other financing sources (uses) (15,973) (16,078) Transfers in 33,019 33,029 34,290 1,261 Transfers out (15,973) (16,078) Budgetary reserves (248,060) (171,869) 171,869 Budget allowance (9,614) (9,614) 9,614 Total other financing sources (uses) (240,628) (164,532) 18,212 182,744 Net change in fund balances (313,125) (303,624) 39,949 343,573 Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)		•				
Capital outlay Total expenditures 7,738 7,550 3,159 4,391 Total expenditures 275,592 342,256 226,408 115,848 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses (72,497) (139,092) 21,737 160,829 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out 33,019 33,029 34,290 1,261 Transfers out (15,973) (16,078) (16,078) 9,614 Budgetary reserves (248,060) (171,869) 9,614 9,614 Total other financing sources (uses) (240,628) (164,532) 18,212 182,744 Net change in fund balances (313,125) (303,624) 39,949 343,573 Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)		•				
Total expenditures 275,592 342,256 226,408 115,848 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses (72,497) (139,092) 21,737 160,829 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out (15,973) (16,078) Budgetary reserves (248,060) (171,869) 171,869 Budget allowance (9,614) (9,614) 9,614 Total other financing sources (uses) (313,125) (303,624) 39,949 343,573 Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)	•	,				
expenses (72,497) (139,092) 21,737 160,829 Other financing sources (uses) 33,019 33,029 34,290 1,261 Transfers in (15,973) (16,078) (16,078) Budgetary reserves (248,060) (171,869) 171,869 Budget allowance (9,614) (9,614) 9,614 Total other financing sources (uses) (240,628) (164,532) 18,212 182,744 Net change in fund balances (313,125) (303,624) 39,949 343,573 Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)						
expenses (72,497) (139,092) 21,737 160,829 Other financing sources (uses) 33,019 33,029 34,290 1,261 Transfers in 33,019 33,029 34,290 1,261 Transfers out (15,973) (16,078) (16,078) Budgetary reserves (248,060) (171,869) 171,869 Budget allowance (9,614) (9,614) 9,614 Total other financing sources (uses) (240,628) (164,532) 18,212 182,744 Net change in fund balances (313,125) (303,624) 39,949 343,573 Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)	Evenes (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
Other financing sources (uses) 33,019 33,029 34,290 1,261 Transfers out (15,973) (16,078) (16,078) Budgetary reserves (248,060) (171,869) 171,869 Budget allowance (9,614) (9,614) 9,614 Total other financing sources (uses) (240,628) (164,532) 18,212 182,744 Net change in fund balances (313,125) (303,624) 39,949 343,573 Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)		(72 407)	(120,002)	01 727	160 920	
Transfers in 33,019 33,029 34,290 1,261 Transfers out (15,973) (16,078) (16,078) Budgetary reserves (248,060) (171,869) 171,869 Budget allowance (9,614) (9,614) 9,614 Total other financing sources (uses) (240,628) (164,532) 18,212 182,744 Net change in fund balances (313,125) (303,624) 39,949 343,573 Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)	expenses	 (72,497)	(139,092)	21,737	100,029	
Transfers out (15,973) (16,078) (16,078) Budgetary reserves (248,060) (171,869) 171,869 Budget allowance (9,614) (9,614) 9,614 Total other financing sources (uses) (240,628) (164,532) 18,212 182,744 Net change in fund balances (313,125) (303,624) 39,949 343,573 Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)						
Budgetary reserves (248,060) (171,869) 171,869 Budget allowance (9,614) (9,614) 9,614 Total other financing sources (uses) (240,628) (164,532) 18,212 182,744 Net change in fund balances (313,125) (303,624) 39,949 343,573 Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)	Transfers in)		,	1,261	
Budget allowance (9,614) 9,614 Total other financing sources (uses) (240,628) (164,532) 18,212 182,744 Net change in fund balances (313,125) (303,624) 39,949 343,573 Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)				(16,078)		
Total other financing sources (uses) (240,628) (164,532) 18,212 182,744 Net change in fund balances (313,125) (303,624) 39,949 343,573 Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)						
Net change in fund balances (313,125) (303,624) 39,949 343,573 Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)						
Fund balances, beginning of year 313,125 303,624 303,557 (67)	Total other financing sources (uses)	 (240,628)	(164,532)	18,212	182,744	
	Net change in fund balances	(313,125)	(303,624)	39,949	343,573	
Fund balances, end of year \$ 343,506 343,506	Fund balances, beginning of year	313,125	303,624	303,557	(67)	
	Fund balances, end of year	\$ 	·	343,506	343,506	

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Sales Tax Revenue For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Taxes - discretionary sales surtaxes	\$	115,598	152,853	152,320	(533)
Taxes - other		23,208	23,208	38,497	15,289
Intergovernmental - state shared revenues		105,071	105,071	132,436	27,365
Interest		260	259	82	(177)
Total revenues		244,137	281,391	323,335	41,944
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		58,672	76,857	74,966	1,891
Economic environment		19,407	23,407	22,626	781
Culture and recreation		901	901	350	551
Total expenditures		78,980	101,165	97,942	3,223
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenses		165,157	180,226	225,393	45,167
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		1,022	1,022		(1,022)
Transfers out		(178,473)	(198,706)	(197,378)	1,328
Budgetary reserves		(38,479)	(38,581)		38,581
Budget allowance		(9,173)	(10,126)		10,126
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(225,103)	(246,391)	(197,378)	49,013
Net change in fund balances		(59,946)	(66,165)	28,015	94,180
Fund balances, beginning of year		59,946	66,165	85,986	19,821
Fund balances, end of year	\$	·		114,001	114,001

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Intergovernmental Grants For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	 Budgeted A	mounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	 Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental - state shared revenues	\$ 3,314	5,690	2,386	(3,304)
Intergovernmental - grants Charges for services	160,444 361	181,038 488	104,933 252	(76,105) (236)
Interest	231	504	232	(286)
Miscellaneous	751	573	3,835	3,262
Total revenues	 165,101	188,293	111,624	(76,669)
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	10,798	11,179	4,246	6,933
Public safety	31,227	50,266	31,488	18,778
Physical environment	7,429	8,107	4,496	3,611
Economic environment	36,287	42,426	10,524	31,902
Human services	98,449	103,505	62,482	41,023
Culture and recreation	 6,515	 9,206	7	(7)
Capital outlay Total expenditures	 190,705	224,689	3,234 116,477	5,972 108,212
i otal experiatures	 190,703	224,009		100,212
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	(25,604)	(36,396)	(4,853)	31,543
	 	<u> </u>		
Other financing sources (uses)	40 507	07.070	04.000	(0.705)
Transfers in Transfers out	12,507 (11,571)	27,373 (11,675)	24,638 (11,668)	(2,735) 7
Budgetary reserves	(1,402)	(11,073)	(11,000)	5,507
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (466)	10,191	12,970	2,779
Net change in fund balances	(26,070)	(26,205)	8,117	34,322
Fund balances, beginning of year	26,153	26,114	20,684	(5,430)
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 83	(91)	28,801	28,892

*Budgeted in-kind expenditures and revenues did not offset each other creating fund balances in the Orginal and Final budgets.

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual County Transportation For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

		Budgeted /		Variance With Final Budget-	
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Taxes - fuel taxes	\$	34,058	34,460	34,757	297
Licenses, permits, special assessments		11,523	11,524	36,389	24,865
Intergovernmental - state shared revenues		17,757	17,757	18,223	466
Intergovernmental - grants		7,551	16,728	4,804	(11,924)
Charges for services		20,228	20,228	1,463	(18,765)
Interest		467	737	246	(491)
Miscellaneous		130	6,370	3,342	(3,028)
Total revenues		91,714	107,804	99,224	(8,580)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		6,481	6,481	5,516	965
Public safety				2	(2)
Physical environment				66	(66)
Transportation Human services		80,977	81,940	68,840 10	13,100
Capital outlay		 354,399	 380,489	150,873	(10) 229,616
Total expenditures	_	441,857	468,910	225,307	243,603
rotal experiotities		441,007	400,910	223,307	243,003
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenses		(350,143)	(361,106)	(126,083)	235,023
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		288,349	257,562	248,335	(9,227)
Transfers out		(7,771)	(30,338)	(29,479)	859
Budgetary reserves		(64,910)	(17,941)		17,941
Budget allowance		(4,196)	(4,196)		4,196
Total other financing sources (uses)		211,472	205,087	218,856	13,769
Net change in fund balances		(138,671)	(156,019)	92,773	248,792
Fund balances, beginning of year		138,671	156,019	159,655	3,636
Increase (decrease) in nonspendable fund balances				(1,377)	(1,377)
Fund balances, end of year	\$			251,051	251,051

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Transportation Surtax Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance With Final Budget
	(Driginal	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Taxes - discretionary sales surtaxes Interest	\$	87,666 115	87,666 115	18,639 244	(69,027) 129
Total revenues		87,781	87,781	18,883	(68,898)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Budgetary reserves		(254,205)	(254,205)		254,205
Budget allowance		(4,619)	(4,619)		4,619
Total other financing sources (uses)		(258,824)	(258,824)		258,824
Net change in fund balances		(171,043)	(171,043)	18,883	189,926
Fund balances, beginning of year		171,043	171,043	176,166	5,123
Fund balances, end of year	\$			195,049	195,049

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Local Housing Assistance For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	 Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
	 Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental - state shared revenues	\$ 4,074	13,114	3,523	(9,591)
Interest Miscellaneous	5 1,886	 803	4 1,395	4 592
Total revenues	5,965	13,917	4,922	(8,995)
Expenditures:				
Current: Economic environment	 5,965	13,917	3,305	10,612
Total expenditures	 5,965	13,917	3,305	10,612
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	 		1,617	1,617
Net change in fund balances			1,617	1,617
Fund balances, beginning of year			3,645	3,645
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 		5,262	5,262

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual COVID Relief For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental - grants Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 198 	53,675 198 	234,899 33 228	181,224 (165) 228	
Total revenues	198	53,873	235,160	181,287	
Expenditures: Current:					
Public safety	182,600	252,727	234,827	17,900	
Capital outlay	6,938	513	265	248	
Total expenditures	189,538	253,240	235,092	18,148	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	(189,340)	(199,367)	68	199,435	
Budgetary reserves	(1,035)	(233)		233	
Net change in fund balances	(190,375)	(199,600)	68	199,668	
Fund balances, beginning of year	190,375	199,600		(199,600)	
Fund balances, end of year	\$		68	68	



HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

(amounts in thousands)

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				-
		Water	Solid Waste	Totals	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	119,442	44,767	164,209	84,564
Investments		492,027	153,476	645,503	234,035
Accounts receivable, net		26,248	4,725	30,973	1,199
Accounts receivable, long-term, current portion		1,505		1,505	
Interest receivable Delinguent ad valorem taxes receivable		1,114	358 21	1,472 21	545
Due from other funds		 16	2,011	2,027	3,850
Inventories		3,727	2,011	3,727	346
Prepaid items		1,614	309	1,923	3,735
Total unrestricted current assets		645,693	205,667	851,360	328,274
		,	· · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
Restricted current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents		12,505	3,404	15,909	
Investments			5,624	5,624	
Accounts receivable, net		95 16 001		95	
Accounts receivable, long-term, current portion Interest receivable		16,231 101	 27	16,231 128	
Total restricted current assets		28,932	9,055	37,987	
Total current assets		674,625	214,722	889,347	328,274
		074,020	217,122	000,047	520,214
Noncurrent assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		24,036		24,036	
Investments, restricted		42,730	6,044	48,774	
Interest receivable, restricted		31		31	
Due from other governments, restricted		2,539		2,539	
Due from other funds, restricted		329		329	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land		29,430	13,775	43,205	
Buildings		374,567	28,919	403,486	9
Improvements other than buildings		780,521	110,253	890,774	562
Equipment		10,706	3,867	14,573	26,043
Intangibles		2,409		2,409	
Construction in progress		124,778	13,312	138,090	
Accounts receivable, long-term		121,554		121,554	
Total noncurrent assets		1,513,630	176,170	1,689,800	26,614
Total assets		2,188,255	390,892	2,579,147	354,888
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Refunding losses		2,234	703	2,937	
Pensions		9,781	1,880	11,661	1,054
Purchase price in excess of book value		5,461		5,461	
OPEB		1,240	225	1,465	131
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	18,716	2,808	21,524	1,185

	Business-Typ			
	Water	Solid Waste	Totals	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:				
	¢ 10.160	10 769	22.024	2 014
Accounts and contracts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 12,163 3,363	10,768 632	22,931 3,995	2,014 444
Due to other funds	3,303	103	3,995	1,116
Unearned revenues	10	23,518	23,528	1,110
Deposits held	193		193	1,177
Insurance claims payable, current				26,910
Compensated absences, current	3,006	521	3,527	266
Other long-term debt, current		430	430	
Total unrestricted current liabilities	18,748	35,972	54,720	31,927
			01,120	01,021
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Accounts and contracts payable	1,586	2,387	3,973	
Accrued interest payable	2,723	358	3,081	
Deposits held	17,443	595	18,038	
Bonds payable, current	7,070	5,715	12,785	
Unearned revenues	110		110	
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	28,932	9,055	37,987	
Total current liabilities	47,680	45,027	92,707	31,927
Noncurrent liabilities: Insurance claims payable				15,580
Compensated absences payable	1,001	75	1,076	22
Bonds payable, net	486,877	95,745	582,622	
Notes payable		10,600	10,600	
Net pension liability	18,627	3,428	22,055	1,935
Total OPEB liability	3,700	642	4,342	381
Other long-term liabilities		44,756	44,756	
Total noncurrent liabilities	510,205	155,246	665,451	17,918
Total Liabilities	557,885	200,273	758,158	49,845
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pensions	29,684	5,435	35,119	3,175
OPEB	306	56	362	32
Total deferred inflows of resources	29,990	5,491	35,481	3,207
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	990,248	71,862	1,062,110	26,614
Restricted for:				
Bond covenants, renewal and replacement	18,891		18,891	
Debt service	37,433	5,712	43,145	
Grants and similar projects	492		492	
Capital Projects	38,727		38,727	
Unrestricted	533,305	110,362	643,667	276,407
Total net position	\$ 1,619,096	187,936		303,021
Adjustment to reflect the cumulative effect of the elimination of Internal Service Fund transactions related to Enterprise Funds			1,660	
Net position of business-type activities on the				
Statement on Net Position			<u>\$ 1,808,692</u>	

Business-Type Activities -- Enterprise Funds

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. $$55\end{scale}$

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds				-	
		Water	Solid Waste	Totals	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
Operating revenues: Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	302,163 	135,002	437,165	223,347 3,221	
Total operating revenues		302,163	135,002	437,165	226,568	
Operating expenses: Personnel services Contractual services Fleet services Repairs and maintenance Utilities Supplies Landfill closure and post closure care Depreciation and amortization Costs of services provided Other operating expenses Pension expense (benefit) OPEB expense (benefit)		65,659 104,604 2,594 13,124 14,375 987 105,190 4,337 (3,610) (97)	12,093 100,386 1,849 999 1,515 44 1,235 11,923 2,383 (666) (17)	77,752 204,990 4,443 14,123 15,890 1,031 1,235 117,113 6,720 (4,276) (114)	11,175 4,254 365 130 16 11,278 175,643 9,750 (392) (11)	
Total operating expenses		307,163	131,744	438,907	212,208	
Operating income (loss)		(5,000)	3,258	(1,742)	14,360	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest revenue Interest expense Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets Other revenues Other expenses		9,414 (10,170) 58 4,148 	331 (3,259) 143 440 	9,745 (13,429) 201 4,588 	433 902 22 (24)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		3,450	(2,345)	1,105	1,333	
Income (loss) before contributions & transfers		(1,550)	913	(637)	15,693	
Capital contributions Transfers in Transfers out Change in net position		80,918 434 79,802	 913	80,918 434 80,715	12,146 (12,098) 15,741	
Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year	\$	1,539,294 1,619,096	187,023 187,936	00,713	<u>287,280</u> <u>303,021</u>	
Adjustments to eliminate Internal Service Fund transaction related to Enterprise Funds: Reversal of prior year adjustment Current year adjustment				(2,598) <u>1,660</u>		

Change in net position of business-type activities

79,777

\$

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

		Water	Solid Waste	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash from operating activities:		Waler	Solid Waste	TOLAI	Fullus
Receipts from customers	\$	301,167	140,061	441,228	1,177
Receipts from interfund charges for self insurance	Ψ				128,507
Receipts from interfund charges for fleet management					37,471
Receipts from interfund charges for risk management					57,377
Payment to suppliers		(148,844)	(108,852)	(257,696)	(24,256)
Payments to employees		(64,996)	(11,940)	(76,936)	(11,148)
Cash paid for claims					(155,819)
Cash from (to) other sources		3,889	440	4,329	3,219
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		91,216	19,709	110,925	36,528
Cash from noncapital financing activities:					
Payments from other funds and governmental entities		434		434	15,120
Payments to other funds and governmental entities					(15,072)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing					
activities		434		434	48
Cook from conital and related financing activities					
Cash from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from bonds and notes		188,718	10,600	199,318	
Capital contribution		103,071	10,000	103,071	
Acquisition/construction of capital assets		(97,956)	(10,835)	(108,791)	(10,388)
Principal paid on capital debt		(28,435)	(5,440)	(33,875)	
Interest paid on capital debt		(11,070)	(4,733)	(15,803)	
Proceeds from sale of assets		268	500	768	944
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing	1				
activities		154,596	(9,908)	144,688	(9,444)
Or all forms investigation and initial					
Cash from investing activities: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		323,421	99,562	422,983	140,765
Purchase of investment securities		(521,176)	(107,181)	(628,357)	(163,869)
Interest and dividends received		10,474	639	11,113	828
				11,110	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(187,281)	(6,980)	(194,261)	(22,276)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		58,965	2,821	61,786	4,856
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		97,018	45,350	142,368	79,708
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year		155,983	48,171	204,154	84,564
Classified as:					
Current Assets		119,442	44,767	164,209	84,564
Restricted Assets		36,541	3,404	39,945	
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	155,983	48,171	204,154	84,564
	É	, -	´	,	<u>`</u>

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

		Water	Solid Waste	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided (used) by operating activities					
Operating (loss) income	\$	(5,000)	3,258	(1,742)	14,360
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net					
cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization expense		105,190	11,923	117,113	11,278
Miscellaneous revenues (expenses)		3,889	440	4,329	(2)
Changes in assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and					
deferred inflows		(4.000)	0.40	(4.0.40)	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(1,883)	640	(1,243)	
(Increase) decrease in due from other		100	(074)	(000)	0.050
funds/governments		109	(371)	(262)	2,356
(Increase) decrease in inventories and prepaids		(44)	149	105	(297)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		5,577	1,026	6,603	604
Increase (decrease) in accounts and contracts		(8,779)	(1 925)	(10,604)	439
payable		(0,779) 300	(1,825) 1.312	(10,604)	
Increase (decrease) in accrued and other liabilities Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues		300	4,658	4,694	3
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		30	4,000	4,094	
payable		363	77	440	24
Increase (decrease) in insurance claims payable				440	7,593
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(37,536)	(6,909)	(44,445)	(4,066)
Increase (decrease) in total OPEB liability		252	(0,000)	298	(4,000)
Increase (decrease) in deposits		742	131	873	1,177
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		28,000	5,154	33,154	3,032
		_0,000	0,101	00,101	0,002
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	91,216	19,709	110,925	36,528
Noncoch invocting conital and financing activities:					
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Capital asset contributions	\$	26,038		26,038	
Amortization of Tampa Bay Water deferred gain	φ	20,038		20,038	
Disposal of capital assets at book value		(210)	(357)	(567)	(42)
Amortization of bond premiums/discounts		1,925	1,540	3,465	(42)
Acquisition/construction of capital assets included in		1,525	1,040	5,405	
accounts and contracts payable		3,336	2,528	5,864	
Total supplemental data:	\$	31,358	3,711	35,069	(42)
	Ψ	51,550	0,711	55,005	(42)

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement Fiduciary Net Position -- Custodial Funds September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Tota	Total Custodial Funds	
ASSETS			
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable, net Interest receivable	\$	146,308 1,708 2,788 4	
Total assets		150,808	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts and contracts payable Due to other governmental units Deposits held		3,361 103,112 246	
Total liabilities		106,719	
NET POSITION Restricted for: Individuals, organizations, and other governments Total net position	\$	44,089 44,089	

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Total Custodial Funds
Additions:	
Collected for individuals, organizations, and other governments Miscellaneous Total additions	\$ 6,193,947 191,565 6,385,512
Deductions:	
Distributed to individuals, organizations, and	6 101 220
other governments Other trust activities	6,191,329 176,575
Total deductions	6,367,904
Net increase(decrease) in fiduciary net position	 17,608
Net position, beginning of year	
Restatement for implementation of GASB 84	 26,481
Net position, beginning of year as restated	26,481
Net position, end of year	\$ 44,089



COMPONENT UNITS

Housing Finance Authority of Hillsborough County – To account for the general fund of the Housing Finance Authority of Hillsborough County (Authority). The purpose of this Authority is to encourage the investment of private capital in, and the construction of, residential housing for low and moderate income families through public financing. Bonds issued by the Authority are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from revenues, receipts and resources of the Authority pledged under a related trust indenture. These bonds do not constitute a debt, liability, general or moral obligation or pledge of the faith or credit of the Authority, Hillsborough County, the state of Florida or any of its political subdivisions. Accordingly, the Authority has determined that the obligations of its bond programs should not be presented in the Authority's financial statements.

Hillsborough Metropolitan Planning Organization – To account for the revenues and expenditures of the Hillsborough Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO). The MPO is a transportation policy-making board mandated by federal and state law and establishes priorities to meet short-term (next five years) and long-term (twenty years or more) multi-modal transportation needs for the cities of Tampa, Temple Terrace and Plant City as well as unincorporated Hillsborough County.

Hillsborough County City-County Planning Commission – To account for the revenues and expenditures of the Hillsborough County City-County Planning Commission. The Planning Commission performs long-range comprehensive planning and makes recommendations to the County and city governments concerning the orderly growth and development of Hillsborough County.

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Statement of Net Position Component Units

September 30, 2021

(amounts in thousands)

	Housing Finance Authority	МРО	Planning Commission	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,471			11,471
Investments	734			734
Accounts receivable, net	154			154
Interest receivable	2			2
Due from other governmental units		4,957	807	5,764
Prepaid items	26			26
Total unrestricted current assets	12,387	4,957	807	18,151
Restricted current assets:				
Investments	527			527
Total restricted current assets	527			527
Total current assets	12,914	4,957	807	18,678
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted noncurrent assets:				
Notes and loans receivable	10,198			10,198
Other assets	26			26
Total restricted noncurrent assets	10,224			10,224
Total assets	23,138	4,957	807	28,902
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts and contracts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governmental units Deposits held Compensated absences, current	53 20 93 	 64	10 275 1 520	63 275 21 93 584
Total unrestricted current liabilities	166	64	806	1,036
Noncurrent liabilities: Other long-term liabilities Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	91 91 257	 64	 	91 91 1,127
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Accumulated increases in fair value of hedging derivatives	26			26
Total deferred inflows of resources NET POSITION Restricted for:	26			26
Renewal and replacement	5,009			5,009
Grants and similar projects	321	7	1	329
Statute/ordinance enable projects		4,886		4,886
Unrestricted	17,525			17,525
Total net position	\$ 22,855	4,893	1	27,749

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Statement of Activities Component Units For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

				Program Revenues		Net (Expense)	Revenue, and (Changes in Net P	osition
	Ex	penses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Restricted Interest	Housing Finance Authority	МРО	Planning Commission	Totals
Housing Finance Authority									
General government	\$	24				(24)			(24)
Economic environment		643	981	680	28	1,046			1,046
Total Housing Finance Authority		667	981	680	28	1,022			1,022
МРО									
General government				7			7		7
Total MPO				7			7		7
Planning Commission									
General government		5,449	1,248	4,202				1	1
Total Planning Commission		5,449	1,248	4,202				1	1
Total component units	\$	6,116	2,229	4,889	28	1,022	7	1	1,030
	Gene	ral rever	nues:						
	Disc	retionary	sales taxes				467		467
	Inve	stment ea	rnings				6		6
	Mise	cellaneous	5			844			844
	То	otal genera	al revenues			844	473		1,317
	Chang	ge in net p	osition			1,866	480	1	2,347
	Net po	sition, be	ginning of year			20,989	4,413		25,402
		sition, en				\$ 22,855	4,893	1	27,749

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. 64

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Hillsborough County, Florida reporting entity (County) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The County's more significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Hillsborough County is a political subdivision of the state of Florida. It is guided by an elected Board of County Commissioners (BOCC), which is governed by Florida Statutes and a home-rule charter enacted by the voters. In addition, there are five elected Constitutional Officers: the Clerk of Circuit Court, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, and Tax Collector. The BOCC and the Constitutional Officers together comprise the *Hillsborough County primary government*.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements cover the *Hillsborough County reporting entity*, which includes the Hillsborough County primary government as well as its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The following criteria determines whether an entity is a component unit of the reporting entity:

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of the separate organization's governing body and either is able to impose its will on that organization or there is the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government is financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it and also meet a financial benefit or a burden relationship criterion.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government is entitled to the organization's resources; is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligations to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Some organizations are included as component units because of their fiscal dependency on the primary government. An organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government if it is unable to adopt its own budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval by the primary government. In addition, any entity for which the primary government is not financially accountable, but for which exclusion would cause the primary government's financial statements to be misleading, should be included as a component unit.

Based on the criteria specified above, the Hillsborough County reporting entity includes only discretely presented component units at September 30, 2021.

Blended Component Unit

Component units that meet the criteria for blended presentation would be reported in a manner similar to that of the primary government itself. Accordingly, the data of blended component units would be presented as a part of the primary government throughout this report. The County did not have any blended component units during fiscal year 2021.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Component units that meet the criteria for discrete presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 61 are presented in a separate component units column in the government-wide financial statements in order to clearly distinguish the balances and transactions of these component units from those of the primary government. The component units listed below are discretely presented and are identified as *component units* throughout this report. The component units are presented as governmental fund types.

Housing Finance Authority of Hillsborough County

The purpose of the Housing Finance Authority of Hillsborough County (HFA) is to use public financing to encourage private investment in, and construction of, residential housing for low and moderate income families. The HFA is a discretely presented component unit because the BOCC appoints the members of the HFA governing body and because the BOCC is able to impose its will on the HFA. The County Ordinance which created the HFA provides that the BOCC may remove members of the HFA's governing body without cause, and may change the structure, organization, or activities of the HFA, including terminating the HFA. The HFA does not have a financial benefit/ burden relationship with the BOCC. Bonds issued by the HFA are special obligations of the HFA payable solely from revenues, receipts and resources of the HFA pledged under related trust indentures. These bonds do not constitute a debt, liability, general or moral obligation or pledge of the faith or credit of the HFA, Hillsborough County, the state of Florida or any of its political subdivisions. This debt meets the definition of conduit debt and should not be presented in the Hillsborough County financial statements. Accordingly, the HFA has determined that the obligations of its bond programs should not be presented in the HFA's basic financial statements.

Hillsborough Metropolitan Planning Organization

The Hillsborough Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) is a transportation policy-making board mandated by federal and state law. The MPO is directly responsible for making sure federal and state dollars spent on existing and future transportation projects and programs are based on a continuing, cooperative and comprehensive transportation planning process. Committed to meaningful public engagement throughout this process, the MPO is responsible for establishing priorities to meet short-term (next five years) and long-term (twenty years or more) multi-modal transportation needs for the cities of Tampa, Temple Terrace and Plant City as well as unincorporated Hillsborough County. The MPO is legally separate. The BOCC appoints only five of the sixteen members of the MPO governing body, which does not represent a voting majority. The MPO is not fiscally dependent on the BOCC, nor does it have a financial benefit or burden relationship with the BOCC. For example, the BOCC is not legally entitled to, and does not access the MPO's resources. In addition, the BOCC is not legally obligated to, and has not otherwise assumed the obligation to, finance any deficits or debts of the MPO. However, the MPO is discretely presented because it would be misleading to exclude the MPO due to the large amount of transportation improvement surtax proceeds received starting in fiscal year 2019, and because County Ordinance 19-20 requires the MPO's transportation improvement surtax-related expenditures to be audited by an independent accountant.

Hillsborough County City-County Planning Commission

The Hillsborough County City-County Planning Commission (PC) performs long-range comprehensive planning and makes recommendations to the County and city governments concerning the orderly growth and development of Hillsborough County. The PC is legally separate. The BOCC appoints only four of the ten members of the PC's governing body, which does not represent a voting majority. However, the PC is a component unit of the BOCC because the PC is fiscally dependent on the primary government for its funding and there is a financial benefit/burden relationship with the BOCC. The BOCC provides the budget for PC operations and owns the assets purchased using BOCC funding. In addition, the PC cannot have a deficit because it is not possible for expenditures to exceed the budget unless additional budget is authorized by the BOCC. As a result, the PC is a component unit of the Hillsborough County primary government. The PC is reported as a discretely presented component unit because it provides services to the cities of Tampa, Temple Terrace, and Plant City, in addition to the primary government.

Additional Information on Discretely Presented Component Units

Separate financial statements are not prepared for the PC or MPO, but financial data including budget and actual comparisons may be obtained from:

County Finance Department, County Center, 12th Floor, P.O. Box 1110, Tampa, Florida 33601-1110

Financial statements of the discretely presented HFA, including budget and actual comparisons, may be obtained directly from that entity. For a nominal photocopying charge, the HFA financial statements may also be obtained from:

Board of County Commissioner Records P.O. Box 1110, Tampa, Florida 33601-1110

Related Organizations

The BOCC appoints a voting majority of the governing bodies of certain entities for which the County is not financially accountable. These entities are classified as related organizations. In accordance with governmental accounting standards, related organizations are excluded from the financial reporting entity, but their relationships with the County are disclosed.

Hillsborough County Hospital Authority (HCHA) was created to operate a hospital. Although the BOCC appoints a voting majority of the HCHA's governing body, the BOCC does not have the ability to impose its will on the HCHA, nor does it have a financial/benefit burden relationship with the HCHA. The HCHA has the autonomous authority to establish its own budget, set rates for medical services, and issue its own revenue bonds. The outstanding debt of the HCHA is not an obligation of the County.

Arts Council of Hillsborough County (AC) was created for developing and promoting the performing and visual arts in Hillsborough County. The BOCC appointed a voting majority of the AC's governing body, but each appointment was made only from a list of candidates nominated by the existing governing body of the AC. The BOCC did not have the ability to impose its will on the AC, nor did it have a financial benefit/burden relationship with the AC. The AC had the autonomous authority to set fees and issue its own debt. The outstanding debt of the AC was not an obligation of the County. On October 1, 2021 the Arts Council of Hillsborough county was dissolved and its functions were absorbed by the BOCC.

The Hillsborough County Industrial Development Authority (IDA) was created to finance or refinance industrial capital projects. The BOCC appoints the board members of the IDA. The BOCC does not have the ability to impose its will on the IDA, nor does it have a financial/benefit burden relationship with the IDA. The IDA is neither financially accountable to, nor fiscally dependent on, the BOCC.

Tampa Bay Water Joint Venture

On May 1, 1998, the member governments of the West Coast Regional Water Supply Authority (WCRWSA) reorganized the WCRWSA in accordance with Section 30, Chapter 97-160, Laws of Florida, and Chapter 373, Florida Statutes. The purpose of the reorganization was to meet the region's current and future water supply requirements. The reorganization also resulted in a new forty-year master regional water supply contract and interlocal governance agreement. The WCRWSA was dissolved and a new organization named Tampa Bay Water (TBW) was created. The new regional water supply agreement became effective on September 29, 1998 to coincide with TBW's issuance of Series 1998A and 1998B Utility System Revenue Bonds.

A joint venture is a legal entity resulting from a contractual arrangement that is governed by two or more participants in which the participants retain either an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility. The County is one of six participants governing Tampa Bay Water and has an ongoing contractual responsibility to purchase water solely from TBW.

TBW sets water rates to produce sufficient revenue from the participants to meet its operating costs and debt service requirements. TBW's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 may be obtained from:

Director of Finance and Administration Tampa Bay Water 2575 Enterprise Road Clearwater, Florida 33763-1102

B. Basic Financial Statements

The County's Basic Financial Statements contain three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements The government-wide financial statements provide an overview of the County's financial position using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by private-sector businesses. The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (the primary government), but also its component units, the legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the assets, deferred outflows of financial resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of financial resources of the County as a whole. The difference between "assets and deferred outflows of resources" and "liabilities and deferred inflows of resources" is reported as net position. Changes in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying economic transactions occur, regardless of when cash is received or paid. Therefore, some of the revenues or expenses reported in the statement of activities will have cash flows in future fiscal periods. For example, uncollected taxes are shown as revenues although cash receipts will occur in the future. Unused vacation leave is recorded as an expense even though related cash outflows will occur in the future. See Note 1.L., *Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources*, for more information.

The government-wide financial statements show a distinction between activities that are supported primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and activities that are intended to recover all or most of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services, and culture and recreation functions. The business-type activities of the County include the Water Enterprise and Solid Waste Enterprise operations.

Program revenues include charges for services, operating grants and contributions, capital grants and contributions, and restricted interest earnings. The charges for services category encompasses revenues from licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and special assessments, as well as charges for service transactions. Restricted interest is interest related to specific programs within business-type activities.

Revenue and expense transactions respectively, for services provided by the internal service funds to other funds, were not eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities so that amounts in the applicable functions would not be distorted. The government-wide financial statements are presented as if the internal service activities took place in governmental activities. As a result internal service fund assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses were added to the applicable governmental activities. Internal service fund transactions between the governmental activities and business-type activities were eliminated. Any revenues and expenditures remaining after eliminations, are presented in the governmental activities columns of the government-wide financial statements.

Administrative overhead charges are allocated in BOCC accounting records using a "cost allocation plan." For example, the costs of Management and Budget, Procurement Services, Facilities Management, Human Resources, Administrative Services, County Attorney, and other "indirect" activities are allocated to benefiting functions. Such administrative overhead charges are removed, except for costs allocated to business-type activities.

Fund financial statements A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with legal, legislative, contractual, and other finance-related provisions. All of the County's funds may be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money or other spendable financial resources flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. The measurement focus is based upon determination of changes in financial position. Governmental fund information helps determine whether financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs have increased or decreased. The Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds is followed by a reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds is followed by a reconciliation to the County's major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the County's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is subdivided into the following categories: Countywide, Unincorporated Area, Sheriff, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser, Supervisor of Elections, and Clerk of Circuit Court.

The **Countywide Special Purpose Revenue Fund** is used to account for special purpose revenues used to provide services for residents throughout the County, including expenditures of a discretionary sales surtax for a healthcare program for low-income residents.

The **Sales Tax Revenue Fund** is used to account for the 5% tourist development tax designated for the promotion of tourism in the County, the local government half-cent sales tax, the discretionary sales surtax for infrastructure (Community Investment Tax), and state shared revenues, which are transferred to other funds for various program expenditures.

The **Intergovernmental Grants Fund** is used to account for federal, state, local governmental or non-governmental grants and state shared revenues for programs including aging services, children's services, social services, public assistance, housing, and capital projects.

The **County Transportation Fund** is used to account for motor fuel taxes, state revenue sharing, and various grant funds designated to finance road and street construction, maintenance, and other transportation projects.

The **Transportation Improvement Surtax Projects Fund** is used to account for activity associated with a voter-initiated and approved ballot measure which amended the Hillsborough County Charter, which levies a one percent discretionary sales surtax for transportation improvements as authorized by Sections 212.054 and 212.055, Florida Statutes, a Circuit Court ruling, Interlocal agreements and County Ordinance 19-20. This fund specifically accounts for the transportation surtax revenue distributed to the BOCC. The transportation surtax revenue to the Hillsborough Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO), a discretely presented component unit, is recorded by the MPO. Transportation Surtax requirements are subject to change as court rulings are issued. See Note 19, Subsequent Events, for more information.

The Local Housing Assistance Program Fund is used to account for State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) program revenues received from the state of Florida. This program makes loans to low and moderate income persons, first time home buyers, builders and others for funding home purchases, new home construction, existing home renovation, and for the payment of matching funds needed to obtain grants.

The **COVID Relief Fund** is used to account for Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) and American Rescue Plan 3 Act monies received from the Federal Government. These Acts provide assistance for workers, families, small businesses, and state and local governments.

"Other Governmental Funds" is a summarization of all nonmajor governmental funds, which are shown separately in the "Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules" Section.

The County maintains two different types of **Proprietary Funds**. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Water Enterprise Fund and Solid Waste Enterprise Fund operations. Both of these operations are considered to be major proprietary funds of the County. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's other functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for Self-Insurance, Fleet Management, and Risk Management programs. These programs are included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements because they predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions. The three internal service funds are combined into a single column on the proprietary fund financial statements. In proprietary funds, operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues consist of charges for services. Operating expenses include such items as personnel and contractual services, costs of services provided, and depreciation on capital assets. Nonoperating revenues and expenses are those transactions that are not directly related to a proprietary fund's principal activities. Nonoperating revenues and expenses include grants, investment earnings, and interest expense. The County's two major proprietary funds are described below:

The **Water Enterprise Fund** is used to account for the operations of the water and wastewater system in the unincorporated areas of the County. Water and wastewater fees are determined annually by rate studies and are set at levels to recover the expenses of operations, including debt service, in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Activities necessary to provide water and wastewater service are accounted for in this fund, including customer service, engineering, operations, and maintenance.

The **Solid Waste Enterprise Fund** is used to account for countywide solid waste management operations. Refuse generated in the unincorporated areas of the County is collected by franchised and non-franchised collectors serving residential and commercial customers and by private companies serving their own customers. Refuse tipping fees are reviewed annually and are set at levels sufficient to recover operating and debt service expenses. The Solid Waste Fund also owns and operates landfills and monitors closed landfills.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the primary government. Fiduciary funds are specifically used for purposes such as: holding non-commitment bond proceeds and related bonds payable liabilities of the reclaimed water improvement units and capacity assessment units which are not obligations of Hillsborough County and the Clerk of Circuit Court's tax accounts; forfeited bond accounts, fines and forfeiture accounts. Custodial funds are fiduciary funds used to account for assets that the County holds on behalf of others as their agent. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support County programs.

Reconciling Government-wide Financial Statements to Fund Financial Statements

The differences between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements are identified in the following sections of the Basic Financial Statements: Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position – Governmental Activities; Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities; the reconciliation at the bottom of the Balance Sheet, Proprietary Funds; and the reconciliation at the bottom of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, Proprietary Funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the types of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements. For example, under the accrual basis of accounting, transactions are recognized when the transactions take place, whereas on the cash basis of accounting, transactions are recognized or paid.

The proprietary fund financial statements, fiduciary funds and the government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The custodial fund financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting.

With the economic resources measurement focus, all assets and liabilities as well as all deferred outflows and inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. With the accrual method of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements show increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and any applicable deferred outflows or inflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds show increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, that is, when they become both measurable and available to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues not considered available are recorded as *unavailable revenue*, a deferred inflow of resources. See Note 1.L., *Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources*, for more information. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place, except for (a) unmatured interest on general long-term debt (b) pension and OPEB obligations, (c) claims and judgments, and (d) compensated absences, which are recorded when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, there are essentially two types of revenues. In one, money must be expended for specific purposes or projects before any intergovernmental revenues will be received by the County; therefore, revenues are recognized based on the timing of expenditures incurred. In the other, intergovernmental revenues are virtually unrestricted and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

The availability period used for revenue recognition under the modified accrual basis of accounting is as follows: Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied, provided they are collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Special assessments are recorded as revenue in the year the payments are due, provided they are collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Investment earnings such as interest revenues are recorded as earned and available. Fire Rescue billings are recognized as revenue if expected to be collected within 120 days. Intergovernmental grant revenues are recognized when eligibility requirements are met and related amounts are available from grantors if expected to be collected within 180 days. Certain other revenues such as sales taxes and state shared revenues are recognized as revenues if expected to be received within 60 days. Certain other miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

D. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. GASB Statements

The County adopted the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021:

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities

Issued in January 2017, this Statement improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The adoption of GASB Statement No. 84 resulted in a restatement in the Clerk of the Circuit Court and Sheriff Financial Statements as well as the addition of Note 18 to the financial statements. See Note 18 for additional information regarding the restatement.

GASB Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Issued in October 2021, this Statement establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and it acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for statement and local governments. The adoption of Statement No. 98 did not impact the County's financial position of results in operations.

The County will implement new GASB Pronouncements no later than the required effective date. The following GASB Pronouncements have been issued, but are not in effect for the County as of September 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases

Issued in June 2017, this Statement is to improve the accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financing's of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The County will implement this Statement for fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. Management is still evaluating the impact of the adoption of this Statement on the County's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 90, Majority equity interest - An amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61

Issued in August 2018, the Statement was issued to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legal separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The County will implement this Statement for fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. Management is still evaluating the impact of the adoption of this Statement on the County's financial statements but does not expect it to be significant.

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

Issued in May 2019, this Statement is to improve the accounting and financial reporting for conduit debt obligations for governments. This Statement's objective is to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. Statement No. 91 clarifies the existing definition of conduit debt obligations; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The County will implement this Statement beginning with fiscal year ending September 30, 2023. The adoption of Statement No. 91 is not expected to impact the County's financial position or results of operations.

GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020.

Issued in January 2020, this Statement addresses various accounting issues including: the modification of the effective date of Statement No. 87; reporting of intra-entity transfers of assets between a primary government and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit OPEB plan; the applicability of certain GASB statements to reporting assets accumulated for pension and OPEB; the applicability of certain requirements of Statements No. 84; and measurements of liabilities and assets, if any, related to asset retirement obligations in a government acquisition. The change in the effective date for GASB Statement No. 87 was immediate and the other provisions are effective for the County beginning with fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this Statement on the County's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

Issued in March 2020, this Statement addresses the global reference rate reform and the ceasing of LIBOR as the end of 2021. Under this Statement, governments are required to amend to replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. This Statement will be effective for the County beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this Statement on the County's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements

Issued in March 2020, this Statement addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. This Statement establishes the definitions of Public-Private Partnerships, Public-Public Partnerships, and Availability Payment Arrangements and provides uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. This Statement will enhance the decision usefulness of a government's financial statements by requiring governments to report assets and liabilities related to Public-Public Partnerships's consistently and disclose important information about Public-Public Partnership transactions. This Statement will be effective for the County beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2023. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this Statement on the County's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

Issued in May 2020, this Statement is to improve the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITs) by governments. This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payment, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. This Statement will be effective for the County beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30. 2023. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement of the County's financial statement but does not expect it to have a significant effect on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and supersession of GASB Statement No. 32

Issued in June 2020, this Statements objectives are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Objectives (1) and (2) of this Statement are effective immediately for the County and did not impact the County's financial position or results in operation. Objective (3) of this Statement will be effective for the County beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. The adoption of Statement No. 97 is not expected to impact the County's financial position or results of operations.

F. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash consists of checking and savings accounts, collectively designated as cash deposits. Cash deposits are carried at cost. For purposes of financial statement presentation, cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from date of purchase.

The County deposits cash in qualified public depositories. The deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and/or secured by the multiple financial institution collateral pool established under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. In accordance with these statutes, qualified public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral in varying percentages. Any losses to public depositors are covered by applicable deposit insurance, by the sale of pledged securities, and by assessments against other qualified public depositories, if necessary.

County Ordinance 08-6 and Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, authorize the County to invest in obligations of the US government, its agencies and instrumentalities, and certain other investments. Investments are stated at fair value. More information is provided in Note 3, *Deposits and Investments*.

The County follows GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. GASB Statement No. 72 covers determining fair value measurement for certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. See Note 3, *Deposits and Investments*, for more information on GASB Statement No. 72 as well as GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*.

G. Accounts Receivable

All trade and other receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Receivables are analyzed for their collectability based on the terms and conditions of agreements, as well as current economic conditions and consideration of the creditors ability to pay. In addition to those receivables specifically identified as uncollectible, a general allowance is established for receivables older than one year.

H. Unbilled Utility Service Receivables

Billings to water and wastewater customers are generally based on metered consumption, which is determined at various dates each month. At fiscal year-end, \$12.1 million of unbilled receivables are recorded and revenue is recognized in the Water Enterprise Fund based on estimated water consumption since the last billing cycle.

I. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at of cost (using the first-in, first-out or average cost methods). The cost of inventories or prepaid items in all enterprise funds are recorded as an expense at the time individual inventories or prepaid items are consumed (consumption method). The cost of inventories in all governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventories are purchased (purchase method). Inventories on hand in governmental funds at fiscal year-end are reported as assets on the balance sheet. The amount held in inventory and prepaid charges if applicable, is shown as nonspendable fund balance on the fund financial statements because these amounts may not be spendable during the current period.

J. Capital Assets

Property, plant, and equipment, and infrastructure assets (such as roads, sidewalks, bridges, and drainage systems), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns of the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Except for intangible assets described later in this note, capital assets are defined as those assets with an initial, individual cost of over \$1,000. Capital contributions are recorded at their acquisition value after the receipt of the asset and formal acceptance by the BOCC. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from 5 to 50 years for buildings, 10 to 35 years for improvements other than buildings, and greater than 1 year up to 10 years for equipment. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Infrastructure assets are not depreciated since the County has an asset management system in place and has made a commitment to preserve infrastructure assets at or above the condition levels set by the BOCC. See Infrastructure Condition and Maintenance Data section (required supplementary information after the Notes to the Financial Statements) for more information.

All capital assets, associated with Solid Waste Enterprise, Water Enterprise and Internal Service Funds are recorded and depreciated within the applicable enterprise or internal service funds. However, capital assets associated with Governmental Funds are not recorded in the respective governmental fund. The capital assets of the governmental activities and business-type activities are presented in the Governmentwide Statement of Net Position.

The County follows GASB Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*. Intangible assets are assets that lack physical substance, are non-financial in nature, and have initial useful lives of over one year. Intangible assets under GASB Statement No. 51 include easements and internally or externally generated software, but exclude investments, capital leases, or purchase price in excess of book value (goodwill). Intangible assets are capitalized and treated like capital assets for accounting purposes, but are amortized rather than depreciated. The County uses a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for intangible assets.

There are three stages involved in internally generated software. The *preliminary project* stage includes conceptual formulation, surveying the existence of needed technology, evaluation of alternatives, and final selection of alternatives for the development of the software. The *application development* stage includes designing the software, including configuration and interfaces, coding, installation to hardware, and testing, including the parallel processing phase. The *post-implementation/operation* stage includes training and software maintenance. Only application development stage costs are capitalized as intangible assets. Preliminary project stage costs and post-implementation stage costs are expensed. Data conversion is considered a part of the application development stage only to the extent it is necessary to make the software operational, that is, in a condition for use. Otherwise, data conversion is considered a post-implementation/operation stage activity. Purchased software is handled like internally generated software.

GASB Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*, was implemented prospectively, so only intangible assets acquired or generated on or after October 1, 2009 are capitalized. During fiscal year 2021, the County capitalized \$6,133,000 and \$1,533,000 of software in the governmental activities and business type activities, respectively, and also capitalized easements of \$134,000 in the governmental activities.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets. In the proprietary fund financial statements, the costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are recorded as increases in capital assets. See Note 6, *Capital Assets*, for more information.

K. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent amounts set aside for debt service, construction, operating and maintenance, and renewal, replacement and improvements under the terms of outstanding bond agreements and regulatory requirements. Bond construction accounts include bond proceeds available for design and construction of capital projects. The debt service accounts contain principal and interest amounts required for payments due within one year. The bond reserve accounts contain the maximum amount of principal and interest requirements pursuant to bond resolutions. The operating and maintenance accounts, renewal, replacement and improvement accounts also contain amounts required by bond resolutions to be set aside.

L. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense or expenditure) until then. The Hillsborough County primary government has several items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the loss on refunding resulting from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is amortized using the effective-interest method in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements over the shorter of the life of the old bonds or the life of the new bonds. At September 30, 2021, the Hillsborough County Primary Government had \$5,765,000 of unamortized bond refunding losses that were reported as deferred outflows of resources. The County had five pension-related items that qualified as deferred outflows of resources. These items total to \$226,153,000 for Governmental Activities and \$11,661,000 for Business-Type Activities at September 30, 2021. See Note 8, *Employee Retirement Plans*, for more information. OPEB related deferred outflows amounted to \$54,797,000 for Governmental Activities and \$1,465,000 for Business-Type Activities as of September 30, 2021. See Note 9, *Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)*, for more information. The County also had deferred outflow of resources for purchase price of utility systems in excess of book value in the Water Enterprise Fund. These items had a balance of \$5,461,000 at September 30, 2021 reported in Business-Type Activities. For fiscal year 2021, purchase price in excess of book value (goodwill) of \$395,000 was amortized to operating expense and included in "depreciation and amortization" in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The Housing Finance Authority Component Unit had "hedging derivatives" of \$26,000 reported as deferred inflow of resources. See Note 1.AA., *Derivative Instruments*, for more information.

Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisition of resources that apply to future reporting period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until then. The County had pension and OPEB-related items that qualify as deferred inflows of resources. These items total to \$647,542,000 for Governmental Activities and \$35,481,000 for Business-Type activities at September 30, 2021. See Note 8, *Employee Retirement Plans* and Note 9, *Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)*, for more information.

M. Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the County accrues a liability for compensated absences, as well as certain other salary-related costs associated with the payment of compensated absences. The County's compensated absences liability at September 30, 2021 consisted of accruals for vacation, sick leave and personal time off (PTO). Vacation leave is accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by employees. Sick leave is also accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by employees, but only to the extent that it is probable that the County will compensate employees for the benefits through cash payments at termination, such as retirements. Vacation and sick leave apply to all employees at the County other than the Clerk. PTO is a combined leave benefit that Clerk employees can use for either sick and/or vacation time. PTO is accrued as a liability as benefits are earned, similar to vacation time.

Hillsborough County Human Resources Policies and Procedures state that sick leave termination payments are to be made under two conditions. Compensation for employees in "Plan A" includes a sick leave payment at termination for all hours of sick time accrued up to 480 hours and half of the sick time accrued over 960 hours. Compensation for employees in "Plan B" includes a sick leave payment at termination if any of the employee's sick leave hours accrued at February 2, 1997 remain unused, with payment only for sick time hours accrued up to 480 hours and half of the sick time hours accrued up to 480 hours. A liability is recorded for each employee who has a termination payment under Plan A or Plan B. Employees in Plan B hired after February 2, 1997, will not receive a sick leave payment at termination, so no liability is recorded for these employees.

The compensated absences liability also includes other salary-related costs incrementally associated with the payment of compensated absences such as the County's share of Social Security and Medicare taxes. The entire compensated absences liability, both short-term and long-term portions, is recorded in the government-wide financial statements and the separate proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of an employee resignation or retirement.

N. Conduit Debt Obligations

The County's conduit debt obligations are certain limited-obligation revenue bonds or similar debt instruments issued for the specific purpose of providing capital financing for a specific third party, who is solely responsible for repayment of the bonds, that is not a part of the County's financial reporting entity. Although conduit debt obligations bear the name of a non-County related organization, neither the County nor the related organization has an obligation for such debt. See Note 7.J., *Non-Commitment Conduit Debt Obligations*, for more information.

O. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

In accordance with governmental accounting standards, the County, as a municipal solid waste landfill owner, records a current expense and the related long-term liability for certain future landfill closure and postclosure care costs for landfills accepting solid waste. The portion of these future costs currently recognized is based on the amount of landfill capacity consumed as of the balance sheet date. The County also records the current estimated liability for remediation and monitoring costs for landfills that closed on or before October 9, 1991. More information on these expenses and related long-term liabilities is shown in Note 14, *Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Costs*.

P. Deferred Losses on Debt Refundings, and Original Issue Discounts and Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, there are several situations where amounts are amortized to interest expense. When losses are incurred from issuing new debt to refund outstanding debt, they are presented as deferred outflows of resources. Original issue discounts are reported as deductions from the principal balance of long-term bonds. Conversely, original issue premiums are reported as additions to the principal balance of long-term bonds.

Deferred refunding losses, original issue premiums and discounts are amortized using the effective interest method and reported as a component of interest expense on the governmentwide and proprietary fund Statements of Activities. The amortization period is the remaining life of either the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. During fiscal year 2021, deferred refunding losses, and original issue discounts and premiums amortized were, in total, a reduction of \$5,333,000 for governmental activities and a reduction of \$3,845,000 for business-type activities as shown in the following chart.

(Amounts in Thousands)	eferred efunding Loss	Original Issue Discount	Original Issue Premium	Total Amortized to Interest
Governmental activities	\$ 1,049	4	(6,386)	(5,333)
Business-type activities Totals	\$ 367 1,416	<u> </u>	(4,213) (10,599)	<u>(3,845)</u> (9,178)

Q. Self-Insurance

The County has self-insurance internal service funds maintained by the BOCC and Sheriff. These self-insurance funds include both *risk management* and *employee group health insurance* activities.

Risk management deals with risks related to workers' compensation, and general and automotive liability. The County is substantially self-insured for workers' compensation claims as permitted by Florida law. The BOCC is self-insured for workers' compensation claims up to a maximum of \$650,000 per occurrence for regular employees and \$1,000,000 for firefighters, with unlimited excess coverage above the self-insurance cap. The Sheriff is self-insured for workers' compensation claims up to a maximum of \$500,000 per occurrence with unlimited excess coverage above the self-insurance cap. The County is also self-insured against general liability and automotive claims with limited liability per Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, of \$200,000 per person and \$300,000 per occurrence. Negligence claims in excess of the statutory limits can only be recovered through certain federal lawsuits or acts of the Florida Legislature.

The County also provides a group health insurance plan for its employees and their eligible dependents. The County has an employee group health self-insurance plan in order to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this plan, the County is self-insured for up to \$550,000 per person annually. Stop-loss insurance was purchased to cover an unlimited lifetime amount per person above the \$550,000 per person deductible.

Based on actuarial estimates, liabilities have been established in the self-insurance fund for claims reported but not paid, and incurred but not reported. In addition, premiums charged to customer departments are recorded as revenues in the self-insurance fund and as insurance assessment expenditures in the customer departments. See Note 13 for more information on the Self-Insurance Fund and the actuarially determined claims liabilities.

R. Employee Retirement Plans

With a few exceptions, all full-time and part-time employees working for the County in regularly established positions are members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer cost-sharing public employee retirement system administered by the state of Florida. The governmentwide Statement of Net Position and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements present the County's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities associated with the retirement plans offered by the Florida Retirements System. The County follows GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and* GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.* See Note 8, *Employee Retirement Plans*, for more information. GASB Statements 68 and 71 cover the measurement of the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense for the retirement plans offered. The County follows GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues, and an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.* This statement provides for covered payroll to be used in required supplemental information.

S. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The County provides health-related benefits to retirees and certain former employees through a limited stipend to offset the cost of health insurance for regular retirees from ages 62 to 65 and to special risk retired employees from ages 55 to 65. This monthly stipend is \$10 for each year of service up to a maximum benefit of \$300 per month for Sheriff retirees and surviving spouses or \$5 for each year of service up to a maximum benefit of \$150 per month for all other County retirees. In addition the County is deemed to provide an "implicit subsidy" because Florida Statute 112.0801 requires governments to allow retirees and certain former employees to obtain healthcare at the same "group rates" that current employees are charged.

The County follows GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. See Note 9, Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB), for more information.

T. Use of Restricted Versus Unrestricted Net Position

Net position represents the residual interest in the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources after liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are deducted and consists of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets includes capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding debt incurred to acquire, construct, or improve those capital assets, excluding unexpended debt proceeds. The restricted category represents the balance of assets restricted for general use by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position consists of the net position not meeting the definition of either of the other two components. When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, it is the County's policy that restricted resources are used first if appropriate.

U. Interfund Transfers In and Out

In the Statement of Activities, interfund activity, such as transfers in and out as well as transfers within the Internal Service Funds and within the Governmental Activities category, is eliminated. Interfund activity between Governmental and Business-type activities is not eliminated. Interfund services provided and used between functions are not eliminated because removing interfund services used would distort the functional expenses presented in the Statement of Activities. Except for intrafund activity between the BOCC and Constitutional Officers within the General Fund, intrafund activity in the fund financial statements was eliminated. Intrafund activity between the Constitutional Officers and the BOCC was significant and necessary for effective presentation. See Note 11, *Interfund Transfers In and Out*, for details.

V. Purchase Price in Excess of Book Value

During fiscal year 2004, the County's Water Enterprise Fund recorded goodwill of \$10,155,000 related to the purchase of four independent water and wastewater franchise providers. Goodwill represented the excess of the total price paid compared to the fair value of the tangible capital assets acquired. Through these transactions, the Water Enterprise Fund added over 4,700 customers. The goodwill was scheduled for straight-line amortization over thirty years. Effective with fiscal year 2015, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 69, *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations*. As a result of that statement, newly acquired "purchase price in excess of book value" (the new name for "goodwill") was required to be reported as a deferred outflow of resources rather than as an intangible capital asset. "Purchase price in excess of book value" that was present prior to fiscal year 2015 continued to be reported as an intangible capital asset.

W. Pollution Remediation Obligations

The County follows GASB Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*. This GASB standard requires the recognition of a liability when any of the following events occur: (a) The government is compelled to take remediation action because of imminent danger to public health, welfare, or the environment. (b) The government is in violation of a pollution-prevention-related permit or license under state or federal law. (c) The government is named, or evidence indicates that it will be named, by a regulator as a responsible party or potentially responsible party for remediation. (d) The government is named, or evidence indicates that it will be named, or evidence indicates that it will be named, in a lawsuit to compel the government to participate in remediation. (e) The government commences, or legally obligates itself to commence, cleanup activities or monitoring or operation and maintenance of the remediation effort. During fiscal year 2021, the County had no pollution remediation obligations.

X. Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-Type Definitions

The County follows GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This GASB Statement clarifies governmental fund balance classifications and fund-type definitions. Fund balances are classified either as non-spendable or as spendable. Spendable fund balances are further classified in a hierarchy based on the extent to which there are external and internal constraints on the spending of these fund balances. These classifications are described as follows:

Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At the County, inventories and prepaid items fall in this category.

Spendable fund balances are classified based on a hierarchy of the County's ability to control the spending of these fund balances.

- *Restricted* fund balances are fund balances constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by either creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Examples include debt service, grant programs and projects, federal and state law, impact fees, Hillsborough Health Care, and other purposes.
- *Committed* fund balances are fund balances constrained for specific purposes imposed by the government's own governing bodies, which consist of the Board of County Commissioners and the five Constitutional Officers. Committed fund balances are formally established, modified, or rescinded by County ordinances enacted by the Board of County Commissioners.
- Assigned fund balances are fund balances intended to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor
 committed. The BOCC has not delegated its authority to other parties. However, when the BOCC adopts resolutions,
 associated fund balances are shown as assigned because resolutions are at a level of authority lower than County
 Ordinances. The County had assigned fund balances because the BOCC adopted resolutions for capital project budgets,
 major maintenance or repair project budgets, and other purposes.
- Unassigned fund balance is the residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned. In funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balances are limited to negative residual balances.

The County uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available unless there are legal documents/contracts prohibiting this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. In addition, the County uses committed prior to assigned fund balances and assigned fund balances prior to unassigned fund balances.

Y. Tax Abatements

The County follows GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. Under this statement, the County discloses the nature of its tax abatement programs and amounts paid to qualified participants. See Note 17, *Tax Abatements*, for more information.

Z. Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 56, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the AICPA Statements on Auditing Standards*, the County has, while preparing this annual financial report, evaluated events occurring after the balance sheet date through April 29, 2022, which is the date this report was available to be issued. See Note 19, *Subsequent Events*, for more information.

AA. Derivative Instruments

The County is committed to following GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, and GASB Statement No. 64, Derivative Instruments, if derivative contracts are used by the County in the future. During fiscal year 2021, the Hillsborough County primary government had no derivatives requiring recognition, measurement, or disclosure.

The Housing Finance Authority of Hillsborough County component unit had four mortgage backed security forward sales contracts at September 30, 2021, which were considered derivatives. The fair value of these derivatives, which were effective hedges with a fair value of \$26,000, was reported as deferred inflows of resources with a corresponding other asset for on the statement of net position.

Note 2 Budgetary Accounting

Florida Statutes, requires each county to prepare, approve, adopt, and execute an annual budget, for such funds as required by law, sound financial practice, or GAAP. The budget controls the levy of taxes and the expenditures of money for County purposes. County funds have annually appropriated budgets, meaning that their budgets are established annually. Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, requires that budgetary controls be established at the fund level, and provides that it is unlawful to expend more than is budgeted in a fund, and in no instance may expenditures exceed total appropriations. The Constitutional Officers and component units exercise budgetary control at a legal level of control, which is at the fund level. The legal level of control is that level of detail at which the governing body must approve expenditures or transfers which exceed appropriated amounts. The BOCC exercises budgetary control at a legal level of control, which is at the fund, department, and character level. A character is a category such as personnel services, operating expenditures, capital outlay, debt service, or grants and aids. A separate *Supplemental Budget Versus Actual Expenditures Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021* has been prepared to present the data of the BOCC at its legal level of control for funds with annually appropriated budgets.

During a fiscal year the BOCC may amend its adopted budget. These amendments provide supplemental appropriations in a fund and department to meet operational requirements resulting from: unanticipated circumstances; error corrections; or the need to expend new funds received from grant awards, contributions, insurance recoveries or bond/loan proceeds. During fiscal year 2021, supplemental appropriations to the BOCC budget, excluding Component Units, were approximately \$734,646,000 or 9.4% of the originally adopted budget, compared to supplemental appropriations of 7.6% during the prior year. Some of these supplemental appropriations were due to a variety of reasons including the adjustment of estimated fund balances to actual fund balances where advisable and grant awards received on or after October 1, 2020.

At the end of the fiscal year, the appropriations of annually adopted budgets lapse. Budget amendments may be used to reduce appropriations in cases where actual revenues are anticipated to fall short of original estimates. The intent of the County is to establish a revised budget that provides for the use of available funds where permitted by law.

The County uses encumbrance accounting in governmental funds. Encumbrances represent commitments for future expenditures, based on purchase orders or contracts issued, where the goods or services have been ordered but have not been received. Encumbrances are used to help ensure that the sum of actual expenditures and commitments for future expenditures do not exceed the total level of appropriations authorized. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because no resources are expended until the goods or services are received.

County budgets are prepared on a basis of accounting consistent with GAAP except for the budget of the General Fund, which is partly prepared on a basis of accounting that differs from GAAP. In the Sheriff portion of the General Fund specifically, there are differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and GAAP in the treatment of grants and contract revenues and related expenditures. On a budgetary basis, cost-reimbursement type grant revenues, contract-related charges for services, and associated expenditures are netted. On a GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures from these grants and contracts are presented at gross amounts in the financial statements.

Florida Statutes require entities that receive property appraisal and tax collection services to pay commissions to the Property Appraiser and Tax Collector, respectively. In addition, Florida Statutes require any unused money to be returned at year-end to the entities that paid these commissions. On the budgetary basis, distributions of excess fees paid to governmental entities outside of the County's reporting entity are shown as other financing uses and caused a negative variance on the budgetary basis in the General Fund for fiscal year 2021 because distributions exceeded appropriations.

With the Property Appraiser and Tax Collector portions of the General Fund, there are differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and GAAP in the treatment of excess fee distributions to governmental entities outside of the County's reporting entity. On a budgetary basis, distributions of excess fees through these two funds are reported as other financing uses. On a GAAP basis, these distributions are reported as expenditures because there is a reduction in the net financial resources of the County. The negative variance was not unfavorable because it represented the return of savings from Property Appraiser and Tax Collector operations.

Actual results of operations of the Sheriff, Property Appraiser, and Tax Collector are presented as portions of the General Fund and are reported on a GAAP basis in the Statement or Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. These funds, however, are presented on a budgetary basis on the Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual.

The Sheriff's Child Protective Investigations Fund, Inmate Welfare Fund, Misdemeanor Probation Services Fund, Communication 911 Fund, BOCC Special Projects Fund, and the Supervisor's Grant Fund did not have legally adopted budgets. Therefore, these funds do not have Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds or Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual. Reconciliation's of the fund balance as reported on the budgetary basis to the fund balance reported on the GAAP basis are presented on the face of the applicable statements or schedules on the budgetary basis.

The General Fund was \$17,234,000 over budget in transfers out primarily because residual funds sent back to the BOCC at year-end are not budgeted or are budgeted very conservatively. The Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser and Clerk returned \$25,167,000, \$2,798,000, \$19,983,000, \$445,000 and \$6,121,000 in residual funds and/or excess fees, respectively.

The County's legal level of control is at the fund, department and character level. The budget and actual statements and schedules are presented at a function level. There were over budget conditions at the function level in the following funds, created when a certain function was budgeted, but actual expenditures were recorded in another function: The Intergovernmental Grants Fund was \$7,000 over budget in culture and recreation expenditures. The County Transportation Fund was \$2,000, \$66,000 and \$10,000 over in public safety, physical environment and human services expenditures, respectively. Even though there was a difference in the function budgeted versus the function actually charged, the expenditures are within the legal level of control at the fund, department and character level.

There were similar over budget conditions that did not violate the legal level of control in the following nonmajor funds: The Library Special Revenue Fund was \$822,000 over budget in general government expenditures because an attrition savings adjustment of \$(502,000) was budgeted in the general government function and the actuals were posted in the culture and recreation function. Similarly, \$320,000 of operating expenditures were posted to the general government function, but budgeted in the culture and recreation function. Even though there was a difference in the function budgeted versus the function actually charged, the expenditures are within the legal level of control at the fund, department and character level.

Note 3 Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

At September 30, 2021, the total of the carrying amounts of the County's deposits (unrestricted and restricted) was \$213,974,000 and the total of the bank balances was \$235,590,000. The County's deposits consisted of demand deposits, and money market accounts. The bank balances are fully insured by federal deposit insurance and/or secured by the multiple financial institution collateral pool established under the "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act," Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Cash in excess of the operating requirements of each fund are pooled and invested by the County in a variety of deposits and investments with the objectives of optimizing safety, liquidity, and yield, in that order. Earnings from pooled investments are allocated to each of the funds based on the average daily cash equity balance of each fund or as prescribed by BOCC resolution. Amounts that may not be commingled in accordance with certain bond resolutions or other agreements are invested outside the investment pool. For the component units which are in the County reporting entity figures shown above, the carrying amounts and bank balances were both \$11,471,000.

B. Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, investments are carried and reported at fair value, except for investments in qualifying pools, certificates of deposits and money market funds, which are reported at amortized cost as described later in this note. Fair value is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. If quoted market prices are available, they are used to determine fair value. For investments in open-end mutual funds, amortized cost is determined by the fund's current share price. Investments made by the County (unrestricted and restricted) are summarized in the following table. The investments are classified by investment category and show fair value, modified duration in years, and credit rating. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is reported as a part of interest revenue in the financial statements.

Investments	(Amounts in Thousands)						
Fair Value	Primary Government	Component Units	Fair Value Level	Modified Duration In Years		Credit Ratings	
U.S. treasury securities	\$ 1,924,726		2	1.1		AA+/A-1+	(b)
U.S. government agency (GNMA)	-	201	2	n/a, 17.0	(a)	AA+/A-1+	(b)
U.S. government sponsored agency securities	457,770	326	2	2.0, n/a	(a)	AA+/A-1+	(b)
Corporate notes	28,567		2	1.4		AA/AA+/AAA	
Municipal bonds	32,585		2	2.2		AA	
Subtotal	2,443,648	527					
Amortized Cost							
State Board of Administration (SBA):	-						
Florida PRIME	707,760			0.13	(c)	AAAm	
Certificates of deposit		734		n/a		unrated	
Open-end money market mutual funds	78,577	11,153		0.1, 0.1	(a)	AAAm, unrated	(a)
Total investments	\$ 3,229,985	12,414					

(a) First figure is for the primary government; second figure is for the Housing Finance Authority component unit.

(b) Standard & Poor's long-term credit rating of AA+ if security's maturity exceeds a year or short-term rating of A-1+ if security's maturity is a year or less.

(c) Weighted average life (WAM) of (49 days)/(365 days) = 0.13 was used to approximate modified duration.

Modified duration is a measure of interest rate risk. It measures the sensitivity of an investment's price to interest rate changes. For example, if an investment security has a modified duration of two years, then a one-percentage point increase in the market interest rate will cause the value of the security to decline by two percent. Conversely, a one-percentage point decline in the market interest rate will cause the value of the security with a modified duration of two years to increase in value by two percent. The modified duration of the investment portfolio of the primary government, as a whole at year-end, was approximately 1.07 years. The duration of callable securities was calculated using the call date as the maturity date.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, the fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels. Level 1 inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the hierarchy, then the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Bond investments are shown in Level 2 because the price of similar bonds would be a Level 2 input. Bond investments are valued monthly with a pricing service that uses matrix pricing. Investments in Florida PRIME, certificates of deposit and open-end money market mutual funds are not placed in a category because their values are measured at amortized costs.

A credit rating is a measure of credit risk, the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Custodial credit risk, a subset of credit risk, is the risk that counterparties fail to fulfill their obligations. All of the investments of the County are insured or registered, or held by the County or its agent in the County's name. Excluding the investment pools managed by the State Board of Administration (SBA), securities issued by the US government, its agencies or instrumentalities, and mutual funds investing in such securities, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation represents 5.41% of the total investments of the County.

C. SBA's Florida PRIME

The SBA manages Florida PRIME, an external investment pool that essentially operates as a money market fund for Florida governmental entities. Regulatory oversight of the SBA is provided by three state of Florida elected officials designated as trustees: the Governor serves as Chairman of the SBA; the Chief Financial Officer serves as Treasurer of the SBA; and the Attorney General serves as Secretary of the SBA. External oversight of the State Board of Administration is provided by the Investment Advisory Council, which reviews investment performance, strategy and decision-making, and provides insight, advice and counsel on these and other matters when appropriate. A six-member Participant Local Government Advisory Council was created to review the administration of the fund and make recommendations to the trustees. Audit oversight is also provided by the state of Florida Auditor General. Since 2007, Florida PRIME has received Standard & Poor's AAAm rating each year, which is the highest rating for an investment pool.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, Florida PRIME measures its investments at amortized cost, but the County's position in Florida PRIME is considered to be equivalent to fair value. Florida PRIME has a constant net asset value of one dollar.

Florida PRIME currently does not have withdrawal limits or redemption notice periods. With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, has several provisions. The principal of each account in Florida PRIME is subject to payment at any time from money in Florida PRIME. However, the Executive Director of the SBA may in good faith limit contributions to or withdrawals from Florida PRIME for 48 hours due to the occurrence of an event that has material impact on liquidity or operations. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review of the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity of the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time test, but in no case may the time set by the Trustees exceed 15 days.

Although Florida Statute 218.409(4) gives the SBA authority to impose early withdrawal penalties if the amount and purpose of such fees are disclosed in the enrollment materials, the SBA has not imposed such penalties. As of September 30, 2021, there were no redemption fees, maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to full account values.

D. Investment Policy

The County's investment policy manages interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk by following Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and County Ordinance No. 08-6. Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, authorizes the County to invest surplus funds in the following:

- a. The state of Florida's Local Government Investment Pool, known as Florida PRIME.
- b. Direct obligations of the US government.
- c. Obligations of US government agencies such as the Government National Mortgage Association.
- d. Obligations of US government sponsored agencies (instrumentalities) such as the Federal Farm Credit System Banks, Freddie Mac (Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation), the Federal Home Loan Banks, or Fannie Mae (Federal National Mortgage Association).
- e. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories as defined in Section 280.02, Florida Statutes.
- f. US Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality ratings from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- g. Securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment companies or investment trusts registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as amended, provided the portfolio is limited to obligations of the US government or its agencies and instrumentalities, and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such investments, provided the investment company or investment trust takes delivery of the collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian.
- h. Other investments authorized for the County by law, county ordinance, or resolution.

In addition to the above, County Ordinance 08-6 restricts the County's investments as follows:

- i. The entire portfolio may be invested in US Treasury securities with a maximum maturity length of 10 years, but investments in Treasury strips are limited to 10% of the portfolio.
- j. A maximum of 50% of the portfolio may be invested in the state of Florida's Local Government Investment Pool, known as Florida PRIME.
- k. A maximum of 50% of the portfolio may be invested in US government agency securities, with no more than 10% of the portfolio in any individual US government agency.
- 1. A maximum of 60% of the portfolio may be invested in obligations of US government instrumentalities with a maturity length of 10 years, provided that no more than 30% of the portfolio is invested in any one issuer and no more than 25% of the portfolio is invested in callable securities.
- m. A maximum of 20% of the portfolio may be invested in repurchase agreements excluding one-business day agreements and overnight sweep agreements, with no more than 10% of the portfolio in the repurchase agreements of a single institution.
- n. A maximum of 20% of the portfolio may be invested in nonnegotiable interest-bearing time certificates of deposit of an institution with deposits secured by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, provided that the maximum maturity on any certificate is no greater than one year and no more than 10% of the portfolio is deposited with any one issuer.
- o. A maximum of 20% of the portfolio may be invested in prime commercial paper (i.e. rated Prime-1 by Moody's, A-1 by Standard & Poor's, or AA by two nationally recognized rating agencies if backed by a letter of credit), with no more than

5% of the portfolio in the commercial paper of a single issuer. The maximum length to maturity shall be 270 days from the date of purchase.

- p. A maximum of 50% of the portfolio may be invested in money market funds offered by registered investment companies and operated in accordance with 17 CFR 270.2a-7, provided that the money market funds are rated AAAm or AAAm-G or better by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency. No more than 25% of the portfolio may be invested in any one money market fund.
- q. A maximum of 15% of the portfolio may be invested in high quality corporate notes (rated Aa by Moody's and AA by Standard & Poor's), with no more than 5% of the portfolio in the notes of a single issuer.
- r. A maximum of 20% of the portfolio may be invested in intergovernmental investment pools, provided that the total investment does not exceed 25% of the intergovernmental pool.
- s. A maximum of 25% of the total portfolio may be invested in state or local government taxable and/or tax exempt general obligation and/or revenue bonds (rated at least Aa by Moody's and AA by Standard and Poor's) or short-term debt (rated at least MIG-2 by Moody's and SP-2 by Standard & Poor's).
- t. A maximum of 20% of the total portfolio may be invested in bankers' acceptances issued by a domestic bank or federally chartered domestic office of a foreign bank (rated at least P-1 by Moody's Investors Service and A-1 by Standard & Poor's), with a maximum of 5% of available funds with any one issuer. The maximum length to maturity shall be 180 days from purchase.
- u. Reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions are not permitted.
- v. The maximum maturities shown above may be exceeded if investments are purchased to fulfill long-term debt service reserve requirements, in which case investments are permitted to have maturity dates up through the life of the debt service reserves.

E. Other

For the Hillsborough County reporting entity, deposits of \$213,974,000 plus investments of \$3,242,399,000 shown in the notes to the financial statements equal: the total of restricted and unrestricted cash and cash equivalents and investments of \$3,308,357,000 presented on the Statement of Net Position; plus the cash and cash equivalents and investments of \$148,016,000 shown on the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Custodial Funds since the cash and cash equivalents and investments of Net Position.

Note 4 Property Taxes

Property taxes based on assessed values at January 1 are payable on November 1 of each year. A four percent discount is allowed if the taxes are paid in November, with the discount declining by one percentage point each month thereafter. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the following year and tax certificates for the full amount of any unpaid taxes and assessments are auctioned beginning June 1 of that year. Property tax revenue is recorded when it becomes available. Available means when due and collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. No accrual for the property tax levy becoming due in November of 2021 is included in the accompanying financial statements since such taxes are collected to finance expenditures of the subsequent period. Section 200.071, Florida Statutes, limits aggregate ad valorem tax millage against property of the County to 10 mills each for countywide and unincorporated area services unless increased by voter referendum.

Note 5 Accounts Receivable, Amounts Due From Other Governments, and Mortgages Receivable

Accounts receivable at September 30, 2021, for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in total, including applicable allowances for doubtful accounts, were as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands)	-	accounts acceivable, Gross	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	Accounts Receivable, Net
General Fund	\$	58,220	(44,153)	14,067
Countywide Special Purpose Fund		55		55
Nonmajor governmental funds		1,654	(1,137)	517
Internal service funds		1,199		1,199
Water Enterprise Fund		169,194	(3,561)	165,633
Solid Waste Enterprise Fund		4,747	(22)	4,725
Total for primary government		235,069	(48,873)	186,196
Component units		154		154
Total for Hillsborough County reporting entity	\$	235,223	(48,873)	186,350

On the following chart of amounts due from other governments at September 30, 2021, "State/Federal Grants" refers to amounts receivable from federal, state, or other grantors. "Due from state of Florida" refers to amounts receivable such as sales taxes, state shared revenues or other non-grant receivables from the state of Florida. Most accounts receivable and amounts due from other governments are expected to be collected within one year.

	Due From Other Governments				
	State/Fee		State of		
(Amounts in Thousands)	Grant	S	Florida	Other	Totals
General Fund	\$	-	694	2,176	2,870
Countrywide Special Purpose Fund		-	28,215	-	28,215
Sales Tax Revenue Fund		-	50,193	-	50,193
Intergovernmental Grants Fund	17	7,214	-	-	17,214
County Transportation Fund	4	1,057	28,800	-	32,857
Nonmajor governmental funds		-	3,339	(1)	3,338
Water Enterprise Fund	2	2,539	-		2,539
Total for primary government	23	3,810	111,241	2,175	137,226
Component units				5,764	5,764
Total for Hillsborough County reporting entity	\$ 23	3,810	111,241	7,939	142,990

The County has a multi-family, single-family, construction and rehabilitation loan program to allow real estate developers with approved construction or rehabilitation projects to receive low interest mortgage loans where interest may be deferred until the end of the loan period under certain conditions. Most of the funding for this affordable housing program comes from the state of Florida's State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) program and the federal government's HOME Investment Partnerships and Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) programs.

The County has two other programs to help provide affordable housing to County residents: (a) The First Time Home Buyers Down Payment Assistance program provides qualified first-time home buyers with a mortgage loan for down payment assistance which is payable upon sale of the house, but will be forgiven if the borrower remains in the house for an agreed upon period of up to 30 years. (b) The owner-occupied rehabilitation loan program allows qualified residents to apply for a mortgage loan for rehabilitation purposes. In certain cases a third-party administrator manages loan repayments. Both of these programs are funded by SHIP, CDBG, and HOME Investment Partnership grant programs.

The County also entered into contracts with not-for-profit entities to provide community services and development. Since grant funding is used for these contributions, the County places liens on these properties. There is no intention for the County to be repaid these amounts. As a result the County records receivables for these amounts, as well as an allowance for doubtful accounts for the full amount of the receivable. Therefore there is no effect on Mortgages Receivable, Net.

The County also receives grant funding from the federal government's Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP). Under this program, the County uses NSP funding primarily to provide mortgages to nonprofit organizations to buy foreclosed and abandoned residential properties, renovate them, and sell them to members of the public to repeat the process.

Liens have been recorded in official records for the properties acquired for each of the loan programs described above. Mortgages receivable, net of applicable allowances for doubtful accounts, for these programs at September 30, 2021, which are reported in "notes and loans receivable," were as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands)	/lortgages eivable, Gross	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	Mortgages Receivable, Net
Intergovernmental Grants Fund	\$ 63,833	(63,833)	
Local Housing Assistance Fund	 48,594	(48,594)	
Total for primary government	 112,427	(112,427)	
Component units	 11,173	(975)	10,198
Hillsborough County reporting entity	\$ 123,600	(113,402)	10,198

Note 6 Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets of governmental and business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2021 were as follows:

Governmental Activities: (Amounts in Thousands)		eginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Land, including rights-of-way	\$	609.932	32.514	43	642.403
Infrastructure	Ψ	6,389,306	90.754		6,480,060
Construction work in progress		153,495	230,911	121,552	262,854
Total non-depreciable assets		7,152,733	354,179	121,595	7,385,317
Buildings		941,012	67,166		1,008,178
Improvements other than buildings		384,528	5,889	29	390,388
Equipment		458,952	66,215	19,484	505,683
Intangibles*		47,911	6,133		54,044
Total depreciable assets		1,832,403	145,403	19,513	1,958,293
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		(516,286)	(24,427)		(540,713)
Improvements other than buildings		(234,687)	(16,221)	(20)	(250,888)
Equipment		(328,997)	(53,105)	(19,361)	(362,741)
Intangibles		(43,588)	(2,459)		(46,047)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,123,558)	(96,212)	(19,381)	(1,200,389)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		708,845	49,191	132	757,904
Total governmental capital assets, net	\$	7,861,578	403,370	121,727	8,143,221

*Intangible assets include easements and software.

Business-type Activities (Amounts in Thousands)	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Land, including rights-of-way	\$ 42,853	470	118	43,205
Construction work in progress	90,305	106,396	58,611	138,090
Total non-depreciable assets	133,158	106,866	58,729	181,295
Buildings	928,643	40,765	28,369	941,039
Improvements other than buildings	1,922,792	67,675	1,042	1,989,425
Equipment	79,647	5,342	3,776	81,213
Intangibles - Software	6,392	1,533		7,925
Total depreciable assets	2,937,474	115,315	33,187	3,019,602
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(494,101)	(43,875)	(422)	(537,554)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,035,473)	(63,660)	(482)	(1,098,651)
Equipment	(64,195)	(6,757)	(4,315)	(66,637)
Intangibles - Software	(3,090)	(2,428)		(5,518)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,596,859)	(116,720)	(5,219)	(1,708,360)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,340,615	(1,405)	27,968	1,311,242
Total business-type capital assets, net	\$ 1,473,773	105,461	86,697	1,492,537

Depreciation and/or amortization expense was charged for fiscal year 2021 to functions of the primary government as shown below:

(Amounts in Thousands)	eciation and
Governmental activities:	
General Government	\$ 14,239
Public safety	56,253
Physical environment	1,163
Transportation	2,157
Economic environment	1,911
Human services	6,481
Culture and recreation	2,730
Internal service funds	 11,278
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 96,212
Business-type activities:	
Water Enterprise Fund	\$ 105,190
Solid Waste Enterprise Fund	11,923
Total depreciation/amortization expense-business-type activities	\$ 117,113

Construction or capital improvement commitments outstanding for the County primary government's individual major and nonmajor funds in total, as measured by purchase orders and contracts outstanding at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands)	Construction Commitments Outstanding
County Transportation Fund	\$ 89,486
Infrastructure Surtax Projects Fund	12,078
Nonmajor special revenue funds	17,579
Nonmajor capital projects funds	53,115
Water Enterprise Fund	55,665
Solid Waste Enterprise Fund	18,984
Total construction commitments outstanding	\$ 246,907

The Capital Improvement Program is a financial plan of proposed capital projects covering a five or six-year period. Project costs can include project development, site acquisition, design, construction, renovation, initial fixtures and equipment, and administration. Major categories of projects include fire services, government facilities, libraries, parks programs, solid waste, stormwater, transportation, and water and wastewater. The Capital Improvement Program does not identify all project costs. It only identifies what will likely be appropriated during the period. Total capital costs will be greater. The Capital Improvement Program for fiscal years 2020 through 2025 incorporates projects with a total cost of \$1,721,000,000.

Note 7 Long-Term Liabilities

A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in non-current liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2021, for both governmental activities and business-type activities:

Governmental Activities: (Amounts in Thousands)	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within one year
General obligation bonds	\$ 106,805		3,080	103,725	3,235
Unamortized bond issue premiums	5,777		421	5,356	
Revenue bonds	508,690	189,290	37,940	660,040	43,200
Unamortized bond issue premiums	29,159	17,895	5,965	41,089	
Notes payable	72,707	77,632	93,307	57,032	57,032
Notes from direct borrowings	56,274		4,315	51,959	4,419
Unamortized note issue discount	(18)		(4)	(14)	
Compensated absences payable*	56,833	69,705	68,588	57,950	50,865
Net pension liability****	1,200,341	6,734	830,723	376,352	
Total OPEB liability**	112,626	23,158		135,784	
Insurance claims payable***	34,896	170,073	162,479	42,490	26,910
Governmental activity long-term liabilities-primary					
government	2,184,090	554,487	1,206,814	1,531,763	185,661
Component units	12	79		91	
Governmental activities long-term liabilities- reporting entity	\$ 2,184,102	554,566	1,206,814	1,531,854	185,661

*Compensated absences payable are liquidated as sick and vacation leave expenditures are recorded for employees in the General Fund, Countywide Special Purpose Fund, Sales Tax Revenue Fund, Intergovernmental Grants Fund, County Transportation Fund, Infrastructure Surtax Fund, Water Enterprise Fund, Solid Waste Enterprise Fund, and various nonmajor funds with personnel expenditures.

**Total OPEB liability is liquidated as the medical claims of retirees covered by Hillsborough County are paid through the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund.

***September 30, 2021, the Hillsborough County health care program for low-income residents had an "insurance claims payable, current" liability of \$3,917,000 reported for claims incurred but not reported and reported but not paid, which was shown in the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds. That liability was not included in the chart above because it was a current liability.

****The General Fund, Countywide Special Purpose Fund, Sales Tax Revenue Fund, Intergovernmental Grants Fund, County Transportation Fund, Infrastructure Surtax Fund, Water Enterprise Fund, Solid Waste Enterprise Fund, and various nonmajor funds with personnel expenditures are used to make contribution payments to the Florida Retirement System. However, FRS pension and HIS liabilities themselves are liquidated directly by the FRS since these liabilities are held by the FRS rather than the County.

Business-type Activities (Amounts in Thousands)	eginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Revenue bonds	\$ 410,545	174,935	33,875	551,605	12,785
Unamortized bond issue premiums	33,485	13,913	3,476	43,922	
Unamortized bond issue discounts	-	(121)	(1)	(120)	
Notes from direct borrowings and direct					
placements	-	10,600		10,600	
Compensated absences payable	4,163	3,967	3,527	4,603	3,527
Net pension liability	66,500	575	45,020	22,055	
Total OPEB liability	4,044	298		4,342	
Other long-term liabilities (see Note 7.D.)	 43,950	1,236		45,186	430
Business-type activity, long-term liabilities	\$ 562,687	205,403	85,897	682,193	16,742

See Note 20 Exhibit A "Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt" at the end of the Notes to the Financial Statements for more information on the long-term debt of governmental and business-type activities, including the current portion of long-term debt. Deferred refunding losses and unamortized bond issuance discounts are recorded as reductions of bonds payable on the Statement of Net Position. Unamortized bond issuance premiums are recorded as additions to bonds payable on the Statement of Net Position.

B. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable, including current maturities, at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands)	•	term Debt, ernmental
General Obligation Bonds: \$18,540 August 28, 2002, General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Unincorporated Area Parks and Recreation Program), Series 2002, due in annual installments through 2025; interest cost at 4.20%. (Other Information (unaudited) - Exhibit B) Unamortized bond issue premium	\$	3,570 7
\$38,830 August 20, 2019, General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Environmental Land Acquisition and Protection Program), Series 2019A, due in annual installments through 2039; interest cost at 4.00%. (Other Information (unaudited) - Exhibit N) Unamortized bond issue premium		36,355 2,487
\$64,950 August 20, 2019, General Obligation Bonds (Environmental Land Acquisition and Protection Program, Series 2019B, due in annual installments through 2049; interest cost at 4.00%. (Other Information - Exhibit O) Unamortized bond issue premium		63,800 2,862
Net general obligation bonds, governmental activities	\$	109,081

Revenue Bonds	erm Debt, mmental
\$38,130 May 23, 2012, Community Investment Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A, due in annual installments through 2026; interest cost at 2.42%. (Other Information (unaudited) - Exhibit C) Unamortized bond issue premium	\$ 16,535 787
\$51,625 May 23, 2012, Community Investment Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012B, due in annual installments through 2026; interest cost at 2.42%. (Other Information (unaudited)- Exhibit D) Unamortized bond issuance premium	26,895 1,265
\$67,445 June 21, 2012, Capital Improvement Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, due in annual installments through 2022; interest cost at 2.16%. (Other Information (unaudited) - Exhibit E) Unamortized bond issuance premium	5,310 61
\$67,800 April 16, 2015, Communications Services Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, due in annual installments through 2046; interest cost at 2.16%. (Other Information (unaudited) - Exhibit F) Unamortized bond issue premium	61,710 3,843
\$139,215 July 29, 2015, Community Investment Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, due in annual installments through 2026; interest cost at 2.18%. (Other Information (unaudited) – Exhibit G) Unamortized bond issue premium	90,060 5,140
\$18,185 July 14, 2016, Capital Improvement Program Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, due in annual installments through 2024; interest cost at 1.56%. (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit H) Unamortized bond issue premium	7,550 248
\$39,075 October 27, 2016, Fifth Cent Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2016, due in annual installments through 2047; interest cost at 2.64%. (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit I) Unamortized bond issue premium	35,905 1,159
\$12,875 February 16, 2017, Fourth Cent Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2017A, due in annual installments through 2036; interest cost at 3.91%. (Other Information (unaudited) - Exhibit J) Unamortized bond issue premium	10,435 430
\$22,020 February 16, 2017, Fourth Cent Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2017B, due in annual installments through 2047; interest cost at 3.91%. (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit K)	20,445
\$61,135 July 24, 2018 Community Investment Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2018, due in annual installments through 2027; interest cost at 3.987%. (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit L) Unamortized bond issue premium	53,185 4,519
\$142,720 June 20, 2019, Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 in annual installments through 2049; interest cost at 3.11%. (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit M) Unamortized bond issue premium	142,720 6,089
\$189,290 May 25, 2021, Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 in annual installments through 2051; interest cost at 3.11%. (Other Information (Unaudited)-Exhibit X) Unamortized bond issuance premium	189,290 17,548
Net revenue bonds, governmental activities	701,129
Total of net general obligation bonds, and net revenue bonds, for governmental activities	\$ 810,210

Revenue Bonds		Long-term Debt, Business-type		
\$207,795 July 26,2016, Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2016B, final maturity in 2046; interest cost at 2.83%. (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit T) Unamortized bond issue premium	\$	201,355 9,325		
\$89,010 November 21, 2016, Solid Waste and Resource Recovery Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A, due in annual installments through 2034; interest cost at 3.0%. (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit U) Unamortized bond issue discount		65,380 7,162		
\$25,220 November 21, 2016, Solid Waste and Resource Recovery Revenue Bonds, Series 2016B, due in annual installments through 2030; interest cost at 3.0%. (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit V) Unamortized bond issue premium		25,220 3,698		
\$90,375 December 10, 2019, Utility Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 due in annual installments through 2037; interest cost at 2.32%. (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit W) Unamortized bond issuance premium		84,715 9,991		
\$155,155 July 19, 2021, Utility Revenue Bond, Series 2021A due in annual installments through 2051; interest cost at 2.16% (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit Y) Unamortized bond issue premium		155,155 13,746		
\$19,780 July 19, 2021, Utility Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2021B due in annual installments through 2040; interest cost at 2.26% (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit Z) Unamortized bond issue discount		19,780 (120)		
Net revenue bonds, business-type activities	\$	595,407		

Other Information (Unaudited), Exhibits B through Y, show future debt service requirements, including sinking fund purchases for each issue.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term governmental bonded debt are as follows:

Long-Term Bonded Debt, Governmental Activities (Amounts in Thousands)

	General Obligation Bonds		Revenue			
Year Ending September 30	F	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$	3,235	3,494	43,200	24,868	74,797
2023		3,400	3,333	39,815	22,705	69,253
2024		2,880	3,159	41,745	20,742	68,526
2025		3,025	3,014	40,970	18,773	65,782
2026		2,530	2,862	42,870	16,864	65,126
2027-2031		14,290	12,663	94,400	66,174	187,527
2032-2036		17,000	9,964	84,690	49,805	161,459
2037-2041		19,520	7,440	92,440	34,749	154,149
2042-2046		22,595	4,361	107,425	19,707	154,088
2047-2051		15,250	924	72,485	4,748	93,407
Total	\$	103,725	51,214	660,040	279,135	1,094,114

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for business-type bonded debt are as follows:

	Revenue Bonds			
Year Ending September 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$	12,785	12,752	25,537
2023		13,425	12,204	25,629
2024		17,320	16,429	33,749
2025		18,185	15,665	33,850
2026		18,930	14,861	33,791
2027-2031		103,810	62,351	166,161
2032-2036		109,370	41,396	150,766
2037-2041		100,850	30,230	131,080
2042-2046		119,685	15,491	135,176
2047-2051		37,245	2,839	40,084
Total	\$	551,605	224,218	775,823

Long-term Debt, Business-type Activities (Amounts in Thousands)

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C. Notes Payable

The County follows GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements* which required the County to report additional information for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

On April 5, 2000, the BOCC adopted a resolution for the issuance of Capital Improvement Program Commercial Paper Notes, Series A (Non Alternative Minimum Tax), Series B (Alternative Minimum Tax), and Series C (Taxable) not to exceed \$200,000.000. This resolution was restated on March 5, 2014 and further amended and restated in its entirety on March 22, 2018. Commercial paper notes were issued as part of a long-term financing program where notes are issued, rolled over as needed, and ultimately refinanced with long-term debt as favorable longer-term rates become available in the financial markets. The BOCC has currently authorized notes payable issuances of up to \$300,000,000. The commercial paper notes are issued at face values of \$100,000 or more. The notes are payable in full plus accrued interest on maturity which is not greater than 270 days from the issue date. To facilitate an efficient and effective use of available cash, the County will periodically issue new money notes and reissue maturing notes at current market interest rates to fund its cash needs. During fiscal year 2021, market interest rates ranged from 0.09% to 0.20%. The County intends to redeem a portion of outstanding notes with program revenues and to refinance the remaining notes with future long-term financing. Payment of the maturing commercial paper notes payable is secured by a line of credit in the amount of \$275,000,000. Interest on the notes is payable at the time each note matures. At September 30, 2021 the County's unused letter of credit was \$217,968,000. Commercial Paper notes are secured by Community Investment Tax revenue and legally available non-ad valorem revenues which are budgeted and appropriated, plus investment income. The non-ad valorem revenue must be 1.5 times the maximum annual debt service requirement of all non-ad valorem obligations.

The County's outstanding direct placement notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$51,945 contain a provision that in an event of default, the interest rate shall be established at a rate at all times equal to the Default Rate. The Default Rate means the greater of (i) the Bank Prime Loan Rate shown on the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System website, plus 3%, (ii) the Federal Funds Rate plus 5.00%, or (iii) 7.00% per annum. In no event of default shall the Interest Rate exceed the maximum interest rate permitted by law, without limitation, Section 215.84, Florida Statutes.

At September 30, 2021 total notes payable outstanding were \$57,032,000 as shown below;

Governmental activities:				
(Amounts in Thousands)	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Face Amount
Commercial paper notes:	8-5-21	10-21-21	0.11%	\$ 3,800
	9-9-21	11-18-21	0.08%	3,800
	9-23-21	12-9-21	0.09%	13,000
	9-30-21	11-4-21	0.08%	3,475
	9-30-21	11-4-21	0.08%	10,850
Series C Taxable commercial paper note	8-5-21	10-21-21	0.13%	3,507
	9-9-21	11-18-21	0.12%	18,600
Total notes payable				\$ 57,032

At September 30, 2021 total notes from direct borrowings and direct placements were \$51,959,000 as shown below:

	Notes from Direct Borrowings and Dir Placements			
<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i> Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Total	
2022	\$ 4,419	1,163	5,582	
2023	10,094	868	10,962	
2024	10,330	673	11,003	
2025	10,579	473	11,052	
2026	10,821	269	11,090	
2027-2031	5,716	101	5,817	
Total	<u>\$51,959</u>	3,547	55,506	

Notes payable from direct borrowings at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	 2021
Notes Payable From Direct Borrowings: \$11,176 November 5, 2015, Tampa Bay Arena Refunding Revenue Note Series 2015, due in annual installments through 2026; interest cost at 2.16% (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit P)	\$ 6.483
\$19,756 November 5, 2015, Court Facilitates Refunding Revenue Note Series 2015, due in annual installments through 2026; interest cost at 2.24%. (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit Q) Unamortized note issue discount	11,379 (14)
\$11,749 September 26, 2017, Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Refunding Revenue Note Series 2017 (Sheriff Warehouse), due in annual installments through 2028; interest cost at 2.30%. (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit R)	8,497
\$27,216 December 22, 2017, Capital Improvement Program Non Ad Valorem Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2017, due in annual installments through 2026; interest cost at 5.00%. (Other Information (Unaudited) - Exhibit S)	25,600
Net direct borrowing notes payable	\$ 51,945

At September 30, 2021 Business-type total notes payable outstanding were \$10,600,000 as shown below.

Business-type activities:	No	Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements					
(Amounts in Thousands)	Р	rincipal	Interest	Total			
2022	\$		130	130			
2023			165	165			
2024		850	163	1,013			
2025		895	157	1,052			
2026		985	143	1,128			
2027-2031		5,445	637	6,082			
Thereafter		2,425		2,425			
	\$	10,600	1,395	11,995			

Business-type notes payable from direct borrowings at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	 2021
Notes Payable From Direct Borrowings: \$22,000 December 21, 2020, Solid Waste and Resource Recovery Note, Series	
2020 due in annual installments; interest cost .75%.	\$ 10,600
Net notes payable from direct borrowings, business-type activities	\$ 10,600

D. Other Long-Term Liabilities

The County had no other long-term liabilities reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Statement of Net Position at September 30, 2021. The County had no arbitrage rebate liabilities at September 30, 2021. See Note 7.F., *Arbitrage Rebate Liability*, for more information. Note 11, *Transfers In and Out*, provides information on the funds that provided financial resources to individual debt service funds during fiscal year 2021.

Other long-term liabilities, including current maturities, for the Enterprise Funds at September 30, 2021, were as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands)	Other Long-Term Liabilities Business-Type		
Open landfill closure and postclosure costs Closed landfill remediation/monitoring	\$	41,918 3,268	
Total other long term liabilities, business-type activities	\$	45,186	

The other long-term liabilities for business-type activities shown above will be liquidated as presented on the chart below:

<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i> Year Ending September 30	Term Busi	ner Long- I Liabilities ness-Type mount
2022	\$	430
2023		452
2024		463
2025		474
2026		290
2027-2031		956
2032-2036		174
2037-2041		19
2042-2046		-
2047-2051		5,429
2052-2056		6,773
2057-2061		6,773
2062-2066		6,773
2067-2071		6,773
2072-2076		6,986
2077-2081		1,568
2082-2086		213
2087-2091		213
2092-2096		213
2097-2101		214
Total principal	\$	45,186

There is no interest on the other long-term liabilities in the governmental and business-type activities.

E. Defeasance of Debt Obligations

On July 19, 2021, the County legally defeased \$21,700,000 of outstanding 2010C Utility Revenue Bonds using the proceeds from the issuance of 2021B Utility Refunding Revenue Bonds. Proceeds and accrued interest of \$22,292,000 were deposited into an irrevocable trust fund to pay the future debt service on the refunded bonds.

The defeasance of the 2010C Utility Revenue Bonds resulted in an overall economic gain of \$4,846,000 from this transaction because the present value of the principal and interest payment avoided exceeded the amount placed in escrow for these bonds. This aggregate difference in debt service between the refunding debt and the refunded debt is \$21,000,000 over the life of the liability. At September 30, 2021 these bonds were legally defeased and related liabilities were removed from the Statement of Net Position.

F. Arbitrage Rebate Liability

Certain long-term debt obligations of the County are subject to Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code which requires that interest earned on proceeds from tax-exempt debt be rebated to the federal government to the extent that those earnings exceed the interest cost on the related tax-exempt debt. The County had no arbitrage rebate liability at September 30, 2021.

G. Debt Compliance

Various bond indentures or resolutions contain covenants which specify certain limitations and restrictions for the County regarding annual debt service requirements, the use of certain restricted accounts, minimum sinking fund balances, and minimum revenue bond coverage. Management believes that the County has complied with these covenants.

H. Defeased Debt

Defeased debt is unredeemed debt that is not reported on the financial statements because the cash and investments necessary for repayment have been irrevocably placed with an independent escrow agent, who will make debt service payments until the call date. Once defeased debt is called, it is no longer considered defeased because the liability for the bonds has been totally extinguished. The principal balances on bond issues defeased at September 30, 2021, are listed below:

(Amounts in Thousands)	Governmental Activities
2012 Capital Improvement Program Revenue Bonds	\$ 24,035
(Amounts in Thousands)	Business-Type Activities
2006 Solid Waste and Resource Recovery Revenue Bonds	\$ 107,150

I. Non-Commitment Special Assessment Debt

On May 3, 2006, the County issued \$101.1 million in Capacity Assessment Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2006. These bonds had interest rates from 3.55% to 5.00% with interest payable semiannually and principal payable annually. The County irrevocably pledged its long-term capacity assessment accounts receivable and related annual special assessment collections of approximately \$10 million to secure repayment of the bonds. In exchange, the Water Enterprise Fund received net proceeds of \$93.8 million for capital expansion. On September 4, 2015 these Series 2006 bonds were refinanced using available cash of \$7,219,000, debt service reserves of \$8,895,000, and a \$42,835,000 Capacity Special Assessment Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2015, with a fixed interest rate of 1.67%. Interest is payable semiannually to Wells Fargo Municipal Capital Strategies, LLC. To secure repayment of this note, the County irrevocably pledged its annual special assessment collections of approximately \$10 million. This refinance resulted in a savings of \$25,308,000 in debt service costs over the ten years that would have remained on the Series 2006 bonds. On November 1, 2020 the Capacity Special Assessment Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2015 was paid off. These obligations are not recorded by the County since the County is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of these debt obligations.

On April 12, 2021 Hillsborough County issued \$58,040,000 in Wastewater Impact Fee Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2021. The bonds have an interest rate of 4.0% to 5.0% with interest payable semiannually and principal payable annually. The County irrevocably pledges its wastewater impact fee special assessment collections to secure payment of the bonds. In exchange, the Water Enterprise Fund received net proceeds of \$68,525,000 for wastewater capital expansion. At September 30, 2021, the outstanding amount of the bonds was \$58,040,000. These obligations are not recorded by the County since the County is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of these debt obligations.

J. Non-Commitment Conduit Debt Obligations

The County follows GASB Interpretation No. 2, Disclosure of Conduit Debt Obligations, an Interpretation of NCGA Statement 1. Conduit debt obligations are certain limited-obligation revenue bonds or similar debt instruments issued for the purpose of providing capital financing for a specific third party that is not a part of the County's financial reporting entity. Although conduit debt obligations bear the name of a "related organization" of the County, neither the County nor the Housing Finance Authority has an obligation for such debt. The BOCC created the Housing Finance Authority of Hillsborough County (HFA) in fiscal year 1986 for the purpose of alleviating a shortage of affordable residential housing facilities for persons and families of low and moderate income within Hillsborough County. At September 30, 2021, the HFA had \$221,579,000 of Multi-Family Housing Revenue and Refunding Bonds outstanding consisting of 26 separate bond issues. Both of these types of bonds are payable solely from revenues, receipts, and resources of the bond programs and/or the properties financed and pledged under related trust indentures. The HFA, the County, the State, or any political subdivisions of the State, are not obligated in any manner for the repayment of these notes or bonds. However, the HFA routinely makes financial contributions to the Single Family Bond Programs and receives fees and other income from the Single Family Bond Programs. In addition any residual funds remaining in any Single Family Bond Program after the bonds are retired are released to the HFA. As a result of the HFA's financial relationship to the Single Family bond issues, all transactions related to the Single Family Bond Programs are included in the financial statements of the HFA, which is disclosed as a discretely presented component unit of the County. The HFA's Multi-Family Housing Revenue and Refunding Bonds are not considered obligations of the County, so they are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

K. Pledged Revenues for Debt Service

The following chart shows information on revenues pledged or used for debt service.

Percentage of Pledged Revenues Used for Debt Service -- Revenue Bonds for Governmental Activities

Revenue Bonds for Governmental Activities (a)	Revenues Pledged Used for Fiscal Year 2021 Debt Service Payments						Debt Service Payments		
(Amounts in Thousands)		CIT (b)	Fourth Cent TDT (c)	Fifth Cent TDT (c)	Court Revenues (d)	Commun- ications Services Tax	Non-Ad Valorem (e)		Intil Final Bond Maturity
2012A Community Investment Tax Refunding					• • • •				
Revenue Bonds for jail and stormwater	\$	8,675						\$	18,037
2012B Community Investment Tax Refunding	ľ	- /						Ľ	- ,
Revenue Bonds for infrastructure		1,231							29,459
2012 Capital Improvement Program Revenue		<i>.</i>							,
Bonds for facilities		-					6,484		5,575
2015 Communications Services Tax Revenue									
Bonds for facilities		-				1,627	2,622		100,245
2015 CIT Refunding Revenue Bonds for									
Infrastructure		20,371							101,800
2016 CIP Refunding Revenue Bonds		-	1,495		1,071		173		8,238
2016 Fifth Cent Tourist Development Tax Bonds		-		2,074					51,665
2017A Fourth Cent Tourist Development Tax									
Bonds		-	1,064						13,220
2017B Fourth Cent Tourist Development Tax									
Bonds		-	1,087						32,972
2018 Community Investment Tax Revenue									
Bonds		6,747							64,167
2019 Capital Improvements Non-Ad Valorem									
Revenue Bonds		-					5,882		231,759
2021 Capital Improvements Non-Ad Valorem									
Revenue Bonds		-					1,098		282,069
Total debt service on bonds								\$	939,206
Total pledged revenues for fiscal year 2021								-	
debt service	\$	37,024	3,646	2,074	1,071	1,627	16,259	\$	61,701
Total pledged revenues available for fiscal year									
2021 debt service (f)	\$	68,145	6,416	6,416	2,216	18,306	82,898	\$	184,397
FY 2021 pledged revenues used as a	ľ	., .	-, -	-, -	,	-,-,-	- ,	•	- ,
percentage of revenues available		54.3 %	56.8 %	32.3 %	48.3 %	8.9 %	19.6 %		33.5 %

(a) See Notes 7 B. for maturity dates and other information on these revenue bonds.

- (b) A discretionary sales surtax known as the Community Investment Tax (CIT).
- (c) A local option tourist development tax (TDT).
- (d) Court revenues consist of noncriminal traffic infraction revenues.
- (e) Non-Ad Valorem revenues consist primarily of \$103,436,000 from the Half Cent Sales Tax, \$1,835,000 from Guaranteed Entitlement Revenues, \$1,593,686 from Local Business Taxes, \$395,020 from mobile home license fees, \$607,659 from alcoholic beverage licenses, \$1,101,520 from the annual license payment for George M. Steinbrenner Field baseball stadium by the New York Yankees, and \$145,000 from arena special events fees from the Tampa Bay Lightning.
- (f) Although specific revenues are pledged for specific revenue bonds for governmental activities shown on the chart above, non-ad valorem revenues are also available for debt service on these revenue bonds if specific revenues are insufficient.

Percentage of Pledged Revenues Used for Debt Service - Revenue Bonds for Business-Type Activities

Under business-type activities, net revenues of the Water System and Solid Waste System were pledged to pay debt service on their revenue bonds. During fiscal year 2021, the Water System and Solid Waste System had net revenues of \$79,762,000 and \$27,939,000, respectively. Debt service payments were \$13,379,000 and \$12,675,000 for Water and Solid Waste Systems, respectively and interest income on debt service funds. Pledged revenues represent 710% and 220% of the Water System and Solid Waste System debt service requirements, respectively, for fiscal year 2021. See Note 7.B., *Long-Term Liabilities – Bonds Payable*, for a detailed listing of revenue bonds and Note 20, *Changes in Long-Term Debt and Future Debt Service Requirements*, for a detailed listing of debt services payments until final bond maturity for each business-type bond issue.

Note 8 Employee Retirement Plans

Florida Retirement System – General Information

Substantially all County employees participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the FRS provides two multiple-employer cost-sharing defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement: the FRS Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS Program). Under Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan (Investment Plan) administered by the State Board of Administration. Employees may choose the Investment Plan as an alternative to the FRS Pension Plan. As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the state of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida Legislature.

The state of Florida issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. For additional details, see: www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications/annual_reports. The report may also be obtained by writing to the state of Florida Division of Retirement, PO Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000.

Plan Descriptions for Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Plans

- The FRS Pension Plan is a multiple-employer cost-sharing qualified defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees.
- The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a multiple-employer cost-sharing, defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Florida Legislature sets and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the HIS Program.

Benefits Provided

FRS Pension Plan

Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. Regular Class, Senior Management Service Class and Elected Officers Class plan members hired prior to July 1, 2011 at age 62 with 6 years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to an annual retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation for each year of credited service. Average final compensation is the average of the employee's five highest fiscal years of salary earned during credited service. Vested employees with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special Risk Class and Special Risk Administrative Support Class members employees such as sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers who retire at or after age 55 with 6 years of credited service, or with 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life equal to 3.0% of their final average compensation for each year of credited service.

Regular Class, Senior Management Service Class and Elected Officers Class plan members hired after June 30, 2011 at age 65 with 8 years of credited service or 33 years of service regardless of age are entitled to annual retirement benefits payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation for each year of credited service. Average final compensation will be the average of the employee's eight highest fiscal years earned during credited service. Vested employees with less than 33 years of service may retire before age 65 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special risk class employees such as sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers who retire at or after age 60 with 8 years of credited service, or with 30 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

HIS Program

The benefit under the HIS Program is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive an HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

FRS Pension Plan

Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute 3% of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 and from July 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, respectively, were as follows: Regular—10.00% and 10.82%; Special Risk Administrative Support—35.84% and 37.76%; Special Risk—24.45% and 25.89%; Senior Management Service—27.29% and 29.01%; Elected Officers—39.73% and 40.91%; and DROP participants—16.98% and 18.34%. These employer contribution rates include 1.66% HIS Program subsidies.

HIS Program

The HIS Program is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. The HIS contribution for the period October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021 was 1.66%. The employer contribution rates shown in the FRS Pension Plan section above include the HIS Program contribution rate of 1.66%, for the periods of October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021. HIS Program contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Program benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event that legislative appropriations and/or available funds are not sufficient, HIS benefits may be reduced or canceled.

Total County contributions to the FRS Pension Plan were \$83,343,000 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Total County contributions to the HIS Program were \$10,935,000 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension Liabilities - At September 30, 2021, the County reported net pension liabilities of \$175,577,000 and \$222,830,000 respectively, for its proportionate shares of the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Program net pension liabilities. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021 for the FRS Pension Plan and July 1, 2020 for the HIS Program. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions as a percentage of all contributions from participating members for the state of Florida fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the County's proportionate shares for the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Program were 2.32% and 1.82%, respectively, which was a small change from the respective proportionate shares measured as of June 30, 2020. The components of the County's net pension liabilities at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	FR	S Pension Plan	HIS Program	Total
Total pension liability	\$	4,872,648,000	231,052,000	5,103,700,000
Plan fiduciary net position		(4,697,071,000)	(8,222,000)	(4,705,293,000)
Net pension liability	\$	175,577,000	222,830,000	398,407,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		96.40 %	3.56 %	92.19 %

"Plan fiduciary net position" represents cash and investment assets held to pay pension liabilities as they mature. "Net pension liability" represents the equity in the applicable pension plan. "Plan fiduciary net position" represents the portion of the total pension liability that is funded by cash and investments. Detailed information regarding the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Program fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS *Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.* To obtain this report, see the second paragraph of Note 8.

Pension (Benefit) Expense - For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized pension benefit of \$86,762,000, which consisted of a benefit of \$93,520,000 associated with the Pension Plan and an expense of \$6,758,000 associated with the HIS Program. Changes in net pension liability are recognized in pension expense during the fiscal year except for as indicated in the section on Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the County reported pension-related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	FRS Pension Plan			HIS Program		
Description		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	30,094,000 120,139,000		7,456,000 17,509,000	(
earnings on plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of			(612,545,000)	232,00)	
contributions County contributions subsequent to the		24,713,000	(49,229,000)	10,871,00	0 (4,311,000)	
measurement date		24,131,000		2,669,00)	
Total	\$	199,077,000	(661,774,000)	38,737,00) (13,585,000)	

The deferred outflows of resources totaling \$24,131,000 and \$2,669,000 resulting from County contributions to the Pension Plan and HIS Program, respectively, which were subsequent to the June 30, 2021 measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Program will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			
September 30	FR	S Pension Plan	HIS Program
2020	\$	(85,742,000)	6,193,000
2021		(99,984,000)	1,973,000
2022		(132,440,000)	4,071,000
2023		(169,712,000)	5,403,000
2024		1,051,000	4,041,000
Thereafter		-	802,000

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities for the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Program in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation rate of 2.40%

Average rate of salary increases of 3.25%, including inflation

Investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense of 6.80%, including inflation for FRS Pension Plan; this was a decrease from 6.90% in the prior year

A municipal bond rate of 2.16% was used as the investment rate of return, including inflation, for the HIS Program; this was a decrease from 2.21% in the prior year

Average expected remaining service life of active and inactive participants provided with FRS Pension Plan at June 30, 2021 was 5.7 years

Average expected remaining service life of active and inactive participants provided with HIS Program at June 30, 2021 was 6.4 years

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with scale MP-2018 for the FRS Pension Plan and the HIS Program.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, FRS Pension Plan valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rates of return on FRS Pension Plan and HIS Program investments were not based on historical returns, but instead were based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions. A mean inflation rate of 2.4% was assumed along with a standard deviation of 1.2%. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0 %	2.1 %	2.1 %	1.1 %
Fixed income	20.0 %	3.8 %	3.7 %	3.3 %
Global equity	54.2 %	8.2 %	6.7 %	17.8 %
Real estate (property)	10.3 %	7.1 %	6.2 %	13.8 %
Private equity	10.8 %	11.7 %	8.5 %	26.4 %
Strategic investments	3.7 %	5.7 %	5.4 %	8.4 %
-	100.0 %			

Discount Rates - The FRS Pension Plan discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80%. The FRS Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

The HIS Program discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.16%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-asyou-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Program sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20 Year-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The County's proportionate share of the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Program will change under varying discount rate assumptions. For example, a higher discount rate would lead to a lower net pension liability. Conversely a lower discount rate would lead to a higher net pension liability. The following chart shows the effects on the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Program net pension liabilities under discount rates that are one percentage point higher or lower than the discount rate actually used. The chart specifically shows the net pension liability (asset) of the FRS Pension Plan if its discount rates were 5.80%, 6.80%, or 7.80% as well as the net pension liability (asset) of the HIS Program if its discount rates were 1.16%, 2.16%, or 3.16%.

	te Share of FRS P ension Liability (A		Proportionate Share of HIS Program Net Pension Liability		
1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
5.80% \$ 785,193,000	6.80% 175,577,000	7.80% (333,993,000)	1.16% 257,612,000	2.16% 222,830,000	3.16% 194,332,000

The County remits contractually required FRS Pension Plan and HIS Program contributions as established by the Florida Legislature. The County had a payable of \$28.0 million for outstanding contributions to the FRS Pension Plan, HIS Program or Investment Plan at September 30, 2021.

Investment Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the state of Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS Pension Plan. County employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.) as the FRS Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. See FRS Pension Plan contribution rates in the Contributions section of this note for more information.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the County.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The County remits contractually required FRS Investment Plan contributions as established by the Florida Legislature. The County's total employer contributions to the Investment Plan were approximately \$15,355,000 for fiscal year 2021.

Note 9 Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The County has three separate single-employer defined benefit OPEB plans (BOCC, Sheriff and Tax Collector) which are treated as a single-employer defined benefit plan. Some non-County employers participate in the County OPEB plan, in the sense of purchasing an insured benefit. Their participation is immaterial individually and in total. These non-County employers are the Port Authority, Tampa Sports Authority, Children's Board and Expressway Authority and they represent less than 5% of total assessments for the County's OPEB plan. The County expenses and transfers to the self insurance fund the cost of OPEB over the active service lives of its employees rather than using a "pay-as-you-go" basis for cash funding of the obligation. Expensing the cost of a future benefit over the active work-lives of employees is a fiscally sound approach because employees earn the future benefits over their working careers.

OPEB Plan Description and Benefits Provided

County OPEB Plan Description. The County provides the following health-related benefits to retirees and certain former employees through OPEB handled by the BOCC, Sheriff and Tax Collector, which together represent the County OPEB Plan: (a) The County is required by Florida Statute 112.0801 to allow retirees and certain former employees to buy healthcare coverage at the same "group rates" that current employees are charged. Although retirees pay for healthcare at group rates, they receive a valuable benefit because they can buy insurance at costs that are lower than the costs associated with the experience rating for their age bracket. The availability of this lower cost health insurance represents an *implicit subsidy* for retirees. (b) The County provides health-related benefits to retirees and certain former employees through a limited stipend to offset the cost of health insurance for regular BOCC and Tax Collector retirees from ages 62 to 65 and to Sheriff and BOCC special risk retirees from ages 55 to 65. This monthly stipend is \$10 for each year of service up to a maximum benefit of \$150 per month for BOCC and Tax Collector employees. Although the implicit subsidy is required by state law when healthcare is offered as an employee benefit, the stipend may be cancelled at any time. The County does not issue separate OPEB Plan financial statements. As a result all required disclosures are included in this report.

Substantially all full-time County employees may qualify for these OPEB benefits. At September 30, 2021, the OPEB Plan covered approximately 9,833 active employees, consisting of those currently eligible and those not yet fully eligible, as well as 999 retirees or other inactive employees.

Total OPEB Liability

Actuarial Method and Assumptions - The total OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on several actuarial assumptions. September 30, 2021 was the actuarial measurement date. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2021 OPEB Plan rollforward valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021.

The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation. Other actuarial assumptions included a composite inflation rate of 2.5%, (2.5% for BOCC, 2.5% for Sheriff, and 2.5% for Tax Collector) and a composite discount rate of 2.26% (2.26% for BOCC, 2.26% for Sheriff, and 2.26% for Tax Collector). In addition, the initial annual healthcare cost trend rate assumptions were 6.25% grading down to an ultimate rate of 4.0% for the Sheriff, 6.25% grading down to ultimate rates of 4.0% for the BOCC, and 6.74% (7.22% post-Medicare) generally grading down to 4.50% (4.50% post-medicare) for the Tax Collector. In addition, the average age of inactive participants was 65 years. Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 generational table scaled using MP-2020 and applied on a gender specific basis for the BOCC. The Sheriff mortality rate was based on PUB-2010 mortality fully generational scaled using projection scale MP-2020 and applied on a gender specific basis. The Tax Collector mortality rates were based on PUBG.H-2010 tables for employees and retirees, projected generationally with scale MP-2021.

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Either the Discount Rate or Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate – The first chart below presents the County's total OPEB liability, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.26%) or 1 percentage-point higher (3.26%) than the current discount rate. The second chart below presents the County's total OPEB liability, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.26%) or 1 percentage point lower (5.26%) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.26%) than the current healthcare trend rate.

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Composite Discount Rate*				tal OPEB Liabilit e Healthcare Tre	, ,	
	I% Decrease 1.26%	Discount Rate 2.26%	1% Increase 3.26%	1% Decrease 5.26%	Healthcare Trend Rate 6.26%	1% Increase 7.26%
\$	158,862,000	140,126,000	124,855,000	122,408,000	140,126,000	162,709,000

*Composite sensitivity of total OPEB liability to changes in discount rate was derived from:

BOCC: \$35,386,000 (at 1.26%), \$32,793,000 (at 2.26%), and \$30,458,000 (at 3.26%);

Sheriff: \$121,751,000 (at 1.26%). \$105,696,000 (at 2.26%), and \$92,846,000 (at 3.26%); and

Tax Collector: \$1,725,000 (at 1.26%), \$1,637,000 (at 2.26%), and \$1,552,000 (at 3.26%).

**Composite Sensitivity of total OPEB liability to changes in healthcare trend rate was derived from:

BOCC: \$29,892,000 (at 5.25%), \$32,793,000 (at 6.25%), and \$36,209,000 (at 7.25%);

Sheriff: \$91,034,000 (at 5.25%), \$105,696,000 (at 6.25%), and \$124,677,000 (at 7.25%); and

Tax Collector: \$1,482,000 (at 5.74%), \$1,637,000 (at 6.74%), and \$1,823,000 (at 7.74%).

OPEB Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

OPEB Liabilities - At September 30, 2021, the County reported total OPEB liabilities of \$140,126,000. The total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021. The components of the County's total OPEB liability at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	OPEB Plan
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 140,126,000
Covered employee payroll (active plan members)	677,580,000
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	20.7 %

Total total OPEB liability of \$140,126,000 consisted of total OPEB liabilities of \$32,793,000 from the BOCC, \$105,696,000 from the Sheriff, and \$1,637,000 from the Tax Collector.

If cash and investments were placed in an irrevocable trust for OPEB, then the cash and investments would be subtracted from "total OPEB liability" to determine the "net OPEB liability." The County has set aside \$45,926,000 in the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund for OPEB. Fair value was used to value the cash and investments set aside. This \$45,926,000 represents 30.81% of the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2021. However, since an irrevocable trust was not established, none of this \$45,926,000 in cash and investment is considered to be "plan fiduciary net position."

The change in the total OPEB liability during fiscal year 2021 as well as the beginning and ending total OPEB liability is shown below:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at October 1, 2020	\$ 116,670,000
Changes for the fiscal year:	
Service cost	3,326,000
Interest	2,585,000
Changes in benefit terms	
Differences between expected and actual experience	9,241,000
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	15,161,000
Contributions-employer	
Benefit payments	(6,857,000)
Administrative expense	
Net changes	23,456,000
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$ 140,126,000

Funding Policy, Status and Progress - In order for OPEB obligations to be considered funded, an irrevocable trust fund must be used. Since that would be considered very restrictive, the County did not "fund" the total OPEB obligation, but instead chose to appropriate and set aside amounts annually in the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund so the total OPEB liability is completely offset by cash and investments over time.

Since the OPEB Plan was not considered funded, GASB Statement 75 requires that the plan's discount rate be obtained using the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate was 2.26%.

Contributions - Assessments were made to participating funds with the goal of accumulating the cash and investments in the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund to offset the total OPEB liability. The level of assessments are set annually by County management. There are no statutory or other legally required contribution levels. It is the County's intent to continue setting aside additional money each year for OPEB. Total assessments were \$6,856,000 for fiscal year 2021 (\$2,843,000 for BOCC and \$4,009,000 for the Sheriff).

OPEB Expense - For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized OPEB benefit of \$2,961,000. Changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense during the fiscal year except for as indicated in the section on Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – "deferred outflows of resources" are a consumption of net position by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period. "Deferred inflows of resources" are an acquisition of net position by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period. For each of the following, a portion was recognized in OPEB expense during fiscal year 2021, and the balance was amortized as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

- Differences between expected and actual experience regarding economic and demographic factors are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plan, including both active and inactive employees.
- Changes in assumptions or other inputs are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees covered by the OPEB plan, including both active and inactive employees.
- Differences between expected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments are amortized over five years.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the County's OPEB Plan were as follows:

Description	Deferred Dutflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 12,195,000	(4,238,000)
Changes in assumptions	 44,067,000	(3,426,000)
Total	\$ 56,262,000	(7,664,000)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB Plan will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPEB	OPEB
Fiscal Year Ending September 30	Expense	(Benefit)
2022	\$ 4,581,000	(674,000)
2023	4,581,000	(674,000)
2024	4,581,000	(674,000)
2025	4,581,000	(674,000)
2026	4,581,000	(674,000)
Thereafter	\$ 33,358,000	(4,294,000)

The County funds did not have any interfund payables to the Self-Insurance Fund's OPEB Plan at September 30, 2021.

Note 10 Interfund Receivable and Payable Balances

Interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2021 are shown on the following pages.

Interfund Receivable Fund	Interfund Payable Fund	Amounts in Thousands
Major Governmental Funds: General (BOCC)	General (Sheriff)* General (Tax Collector)* General (Property Appraiser)* General (Clerk of Circuit Court)* Non-major Sheriff special revenue	\$ 20,594 26,556 431 6,574 124 54,279
General (Sheriff)	General (BOCC) Intergovernmental Grants Countywide Special Purpose COVID Relief Unincorporated Area Special Purpose Solid Waste Enterprise	492 24 10 300 42 83 951
General (Supervisor of Elections)	General (BOCC)+	279
General (Tax Collector)	General (BOCC) Sales Tax Revenue	153 49 202
General (Clerk of Circuit Court)	General (BOCC) Countywide Special Purpose Solid Waste Enterprise Intergovernmental Grants Unincorporated Area Special Purpose Transportation Library Self-Insurance Water Enterprise Total General Fund	76 11 20 64 1 1 23 17 13 226 55,937
Countywide Special Purpose	General (Clerk of Circuit Court)* Sheriff Special Use* General (Tax Collector)*	801 341 50 1,192
Sales Tax Revenue	General (Tax Collector)*	6,560
County Transportation	General (Tax Collector)*	188
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Unincorporated Area Special Purpose	General (Tax Collector)*	578
Library	General (Tax Collector)* General (Property Appraiser)*	992 13 1,005
Infrastructure Surtax Projects	Sales Tax Revenue**	1,459
Sheriff Misdemeanor Probation	Countywide Special Purpose	<u>\$ 408</u>

Interfund Receivable Fund	Interfund Payable Fund	Amounts in Thousands
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds: ELAPP Bonds	General (Tax Collector)* General (Property Appraiser)*	\$ 112 1 113
Parks and Recreation Bonds	General (Tax Collector)*	33_
Total nonmajor governmental funds		3,596
Internal Service Funds: Self-Insurance Internal Service	Sheriff Risk Management* General (Sheriff) *	1,099 2,751 3,850
Major Enterprise Funds: Water Enterprise	General (Tax Collector)*	345_
Solid Waste Enterprise	General (Tax Collector)*	2,011
Total interfund payable and receivable balances		<u>\$73,679</u>

* These balances represent residual and/or excess fees payable by Constitutional Officers to the Board of County Commissioners at year-end in accordance with Florida Statutes.

** This balance represents the Community Investment Tax receipts payable by the Sales Tax Revenue Fund (where funds are received) to the Infrastructure Surtax Projects Fund (where such funds are spent).

+ This interfund receivable and payable was recorded in exchange for the BOCC holding the Supervisor of Elections cash, cash equivalents, and investments balances.

Note 11 Transfers In and Out

Interfund transfers in and out during fiscal year 2021 were as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amounts in Thousands
Major Governmental Funds: General (BOCC)	General (Sheriff)* General (Tax Collector)* General (Property Appraiser)* General (Supervisor of Elections)* General (Clerk of Circuit Court)* Countywide Special Purpose Sales Tax Revenue** Unincorporated Area Special Purpose Unincorporated Area Capital Projects Intergovernmental Grants County Transportation	\$ 23,723 18,175 431 2,798 6,121 8,212 80,219 8,316 3,610 122 4,033 155,760
General (Sheriff)	General (BOCC) Countywide Special Purpose	477,309 199 477,508
General (Tax Collector)	General (BOCC)++ Unincorporated Area Special Purpose++ Sales Tax Revenue++ County Transportation++ Library++ Parks and Recreation Debt Service++ Environmentally Sensitive Lands Acquisition Debt Service++	32,158 601 288 197 1,176 45 <u>142</u> 34,607
General (Property Appraiser)	General (BOCC)++ Library++ Environmentally Sensitive Lands Acquisition Debt Service++ Parks and Recreation Debt Service++	12,671 389 44 <u>11</u> 13,115
General (Supervisor of Elections)	General (BOCC)	12,822
General (Clerk of Circuit Court)	General (BOCC) Total General Fund	<u>26,063</u> 719,875
Countywide Special Purpose	General (BOCC) Sheriff Special Use*	32,819 <u>1,471</u> <u>34,290</u>
Intergovernmental Grants	General (BOCC) Unincorporated Area Special Purpose Self-Insurance Internal Service Sales Tax Revenue++	6,807 831 11,000 6,000 \$ 24,638

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amounts in Thousands
County Transportation	General (BOCC) General (Tax Collector)* Half-Cent Transportation Plan Non AdVal CIP Transp Series 2021 Debt Service	\$ 23,951 81 19,000 <u>205,303</u> 248,335
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Unincorporated Special Purpose	General (BOCC) General (Tax Collector)* Countywide Special Purpose County Transportation	6,927 245 781 217 8,170
Library	General (Tax Collector)* General (Property Appraiser)	480 13 493
Infrastructure Surtax Projects	Sales Tax Revenue+ County Transportation Intergovernmental Grants	24,637 3,301 112 28,050
Sheriff Special Use	Countywide Special Purpose	2,621
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds:		
2002 Parks and Recreation Debt Service	General (Tax Collector)*	18
2019 Capital Improvement Program	Sales Tax Revenue	5,882
2005 Court Facilities Improvement	Countywide Special Purpose	1,972
2005 TSA Arena Refunding	Sales Tax Revenue	1,013
2016 Capital Improvement Program Refunding Revenue	Countywide Special Purpose Sales Tax Revenue	1,072 1,669 2,741
2017 4th Cent Tourist Development Tax	Sales Tax Revenue	2,151
2017 5th Cent Tourist Development Tax	Sales Tax Revenue	2,074
2021 Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Revenue	Sales Tax Revenue	1,098
2008 Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Revenue	Sales Tax Revenue	<u>\$ </u>

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amounts in Thousands
Commercial Paper Program	Sales Tax Revenue Countywide Special Purpose	\$ 20,738 1,221 21,959
2009/2019 Environmentally Sensitive Lands Acquisition	General (Tax Collector)* General (Property Appraiser)*	58 1 59
2012 Community Investment Tax Refunding Bonds	Sales Tax Revenue	9,906
2012 Capital Improvement Program Revenue Bonds	Sales Tax Revenue	6,484
Half Cent Transportation Plan	Sales Tax Revenue County Transportation Commercial Paper Debt Service	6,857 19,731 525 27,113
2015 Communication Services Tax	Unincorporated Area Special Purpose Unincorporated Area Capital Projects	1,627 2,622 4,249
2015 Community Investment Tax	Sales Tax Revenue	20,371
2018 Community Investment Tax	Sales Tax Revenue	6,747
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds:		
Countywide Capital Projects	General Fund (BOCC)	16,565
Unincorporated Capital Projects	Unincorporated Area Special Purpose General Fund (BOCC)	6,632 2,000 8,632
2019 Non Ad Valorem Capital Improvement Program	Commercial Paper Program County Transportation	2,024 2,000 4,024
Internal Service Funds:	Total Non-major Funds	183,636
Self-Insurance Internal Service	Sheriff Risk Management* Intergovernmental Grants	1,098 <u>11,000</u> 12,098
Fleet Internal Service Total Internal Service Funds	General Fund - BOCC	48 12,146
Enterprise Funds		
Water	Intergovernmental Grants	434
Total interfund transfers in and out See footnotes on following page:		<u>\$ 1,223,354</u>

* These amounts represent residual and/or excess fees paid by Constitutional Officers to the Board of County Commissioners during fiscal year 2020 in accordance with Florida Statutes.

** These amounts represent transfers of Local Government Half-Cent Sales Tax revenues or other revenues from the Sales Tax Revenue Fund to the General Fund for general governmental purposes.

+ This amount represents transfers of Community Investment Tax revenues from the Sales Tax Revenue Fund (where they are collected) to the Infrastructure Surtax Projects Fund (where such proceeds are spent).

+ + These amounts represent statutory commissions paid to the Tax Collector and Property Appraiser for collecting taxes and valuing taxable property, respectively.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, significant transactions between the Hillsborough County, Florida primary government and the discretely presented component units were as follows: the Hillsborough County City-County Planning Commission discretely presented component unit received \$3,765,000 from the General Fund. These amounts are classified as Operating Grants and Contributions in the discretely presented component units and as general government expenditures in the primary government's Statement of Activities.

Note 12 Restricted Net Position

The County follows GASB Statement No. 46, *Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34.* This Statement clarified the meaning of restricted net assets (now using the term "net position") and expanded the presentation of net position in the Statement of Net Position. Under this Statement, restricted net position is either: (a) restricted externally, having constraints imposed externally by creditors, such as for debt service or through debt covenant, by grantors, or by law; or (b) restricted by enabling legislation, such as legislation authorizing capital projects, grants and other restricted purposes. The restricted net position shown on the government-wide Statement of Net Position is categorized as follows

Restricted Net Position September 30, 2021

(Amounts in Thousands)	 vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government
Restricted for:			
Bond covenants, renewal and replacement	\$ 197,421	18,891	216,312
Debt Service	69,997	43,145	113,142
Grants and similar projects	35,580	492	36,072
Statute/ordinance enabled projects	664,565	38,727	703,292
Capital projects	59,326		59,326
Other purposes	 22,069		22,069
Total restricted net position	\$ 1,048,958	101,255	1,150,213

Grants and similar projects net position represent net position restricted for federal, state, and local grants. Statute/ordinance enabled projects represent net position restricted for items such as impact fees, indigent healthcare, and Sheriff and court related activities, which are established by state statutes or county ordinances.

The County uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available unless there are legal documents/contracts prohibiting this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending of restricted and unrestricted amounts when appropriate.

Note 13 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues

The County engages in self-insurance in the form of internal service funds maintained by both the BOCC and Sheriff. The self-insurance funds of both the BOCC and Sheriff encompass two major sections--risk management and employee group health insurance. This note provides the disclosures required by GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*.

Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees; torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. As permitted by Florida law, the County is substantially self-insured for workers' compensation claims. The BOCC is self-insured for workers' compensation claims up to a maximum of \$650,000 per occurrence for regular employees and \$1,000,000 for firefighters, with unlimited excess coverage above the self-insurance cap. The BOCC has authorized a commercial third-party administrator to administer the County's automobile, general liability, and workers' compensation claims payments. The Sheriff is self-insured for workers' compensation claims up to a maximum of \$500,000 per occurrence with unlimited excess coverage above the self-insurance cap.

The County is also self-insured against automotive and general liability claims with limited liability per Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, of \$200,000 per person and \$300,000 per occurrence. Negligence claims in excess of the statutory limits can only be recovered through federal lawsuits or acts of the Florida Legislature. While a majority of the County's automotive and general liability exposures are self-insured, the County has commercial insurance contracts to cover the risk of claims determined by the Florida Legislature or federal courts. Commercial insurance for excess automotive and general liability claims above the limits set by Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, has a limit of \$2,000,000 per occurrence with a general aggregate limit of \$5,000,000. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

With the exception of the Sheriff, all County funds including the BOCC and Constitutional Officers participate in the risk management portion of the Self-Insurance Fund. The Sheriff has a separate self-insurance fund for risk management and is not a participant in the BOCC workers' compensation and automotive and general liability programs. The Arts Council of Hillsborough County also participates in the BOCC workers' compensation program. The County, however, is the predominant participant in the Self-Insurance Fund.

Payments to the risk management portion of the self-insurance fund are assessed based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a "reserve" (i.e. net position or equity) for catastrophic losses. That reserve was \$50,397,000 at September 30, 2021. If reserves for workers' compensation and automotive and general liability are included, the total reserve for risk management was \$90,278,000 at September 30, 2021. See the chart of net position at the end of this note for a description of the unrestricted net position of the Self-Insurance Fund by category.

The claims liability reported in the BOCC self-insurance fund at September 30, 2021, for risk management was \$20,304,000. The BOCC claims liability was presented undiscounted. These amounts are actuarially determined based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which specifies that a liability for claims should be reported if it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claims are reevaluated periodically to consider effects of inflation, recent settlement trends, incremental and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. The liability is shown net of subrogation recoveries on unsettled claims. During fiscal years 2020 and 2021, changes recorded to the claims liability for BOCC risk management were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Claims Liability, Beginning of Fiscal Year		Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Claims Liability, End of Fiscal Year	Due Within One Year	
2020	\$	14,533,000	8,670,000	(7,837,000)	15,366,000	7,837,000	
2021		15,366,000	16,519,000	(11,581,000)	20,304,000	11,581,000	

During fiscal years 2020 and 2021, changes recorded to the claims liability for Sheriff risk management were as follows:

	Cla	ims Liability,	Current Year		Claims Liability,	
Fiscal Year	Beginning of Fiscal Year		Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	End of Fiscal Year	Due Within One Year
2020 2021	\$	7,808,000 9.554.000	7,181,000 5.045.000	(5,435,000) (3,871,000)	9,554,000 10,728,000	5,435,000 9.419.000

Employee Group Health Insurance

The County provides group health insurance for its employees and their eligible dependents. The County purchased insurance for this risk through September 30, 1993. On October 1, 1993, the County established an employee group health self-insurance plan to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. The County entered into an administrative services agreement with a commercial insurance carrier to provide administrative support for this self-insurance plan. The County is self-insurance for up to \$550,000 per person annually. Stop-loss insurance was purchased to cover an unlimited lifetime amount per person above the \$550,000 per person deductible.

All County employees may participate in the County's employee group health insurance program except for those of the Tax Collector and Sheriff. Employees of the Children's Board, Tampa Port Authority, Tampa Sports Authority, Tampa-Hillsborough County Expressway Authority, and Arts Council may also participate in the County's employee group health insurance program. The County, however, is the predominant participant in the plan. Payments to the employee group health insurance plan are assessed based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay current year claims and to establish a "reserve" (i.e. net position or equity) for catastrophic losses. The employee group health insurance plan equity was \$45,827,000 at September 30, 2021. The County's plan also holds \$34,691,000 of equity from the Sheriff's employee group health insurance plan. At September 30, 2021, the claims liability reported for the BOCC employee group health insurance plan was \$5,910,000 and the claims liability reported for the Sheriff employee group health insurance plan was \$5,910,000 and the claims liability for claims should be reported if it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claims are reevaluated periodically to consider effects of inflation, recent settlement trends, incremental and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. During fiscal years 2020 and 2021, changes recorded to the claims liability for the BOCC employee group health insurance plan were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Claims Liability, Beginning of Fiscal Year		Beginning of and Changes in		Claims Liability, Claim End of Payments Fiscal Year	
2020	\$	4,827,000	87,281,000	(87,028,000)	5,080,000	5,080,000
2021		5,080,000	96,277,000	(95,447,000)	5,910,000	5,910,000

During fiscal years 2020 and 2021, changes recorded to the claims liability for the Sheriff's employee group health insurance plan were as follows:

....

Fiscal Year	laims Liability, Beginning of Fiscal Year	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Claims Liability, End of Fiscal Year	Due Within One Year
 2020	\$ 4,723,000	44,277,000	(44,103,000)	4,897,000	4,897,000
2021	4,897,000	52,231,000	(51,580,000)	5,548,000	5,548,000

Net Position of the Self-Insurance Fund

The BOCC Self-Insurance Fund had reserves of \$216,721,000, which was reported as unrestricted, in net position at September 30, 2021 as follows:

BOCC Self-Insurance Fund Unrestricted Net Position:	
Unrestricted, designated for risk management (catastrophic losses)	\$ 50,397,000
Unrestricted, designated for risk management (workers' compensation and auto/general liabilities)	39,880,000
Unrestricted, designated for employee group health insurance (BOCC)	45,827,000
Unrestricted, designated for employee group health insurance (Sheriff)	34,691,000
Unrestricted, designated for other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	 45,926,000
Total unrestricted net position	\$ 216,721,000

Net position of \$34,691,000 is being held by the BOCC for the Sheriff's employee group health insurance plan to meet two distinct requirements of Florida Statutes. By holding Sheriff employee health plan dollars in the BOCC Self-Insurance Fund, the Sheriff meets the state of Florida's reserve requirements and also follows state law requiring the return of Sheriff residual funds to the BOCC at the end of each fiscal year. Net position designated for OPEB represents the net position for the entire Hillsborough County primary government including employees participating in the BOCC, Tax Collector and Sheriff plans.

Note 14 Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Costs

A. Open Landfill

GASB Statement No. 18, Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs, requires municipal solid waste landfill owners to record a current expense and the related long-term liability for certain future landfill closure and postclosure care costs. GASB Statement No. 18 is based on a US Environmental Protection Agency rule, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria, and has two components. The first component establishes closure requirements for landfills receiving solid waste after October 9, 1991. The second component establishes thirty-year postclosure care requirements for landfills receiving solid waste after October 9, 1993. In addition, the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, through rule 62-701.630, Florida Administrative Code (FAC), establishes certain financial accountability standards related to landfill closure and postclosure care. The County, as an owner and operator of one open landfill, must accumulate financial resources to close the landfill after it stops accepting solid waste and to perform certain postclosure maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years.

GASB Statement No. 18 requires the County to record a portion of these future closure and postclosure care costs as a current period operating expense and as a long-term liability based on the cumulative amount of landfill capacity consumed as of each balance sheet date. Based on an independent engineer's cost projection at September 30, 2021, County management estimated that the total future closure and postclosure care costs will be \$67,033,000. The County increased its GASB Statement No. 18 liability from the prior year by \$1,858,000 or 5%. The actual costs for future landfill closure and postclosure care costs may differ from projections due to changes in price levels, technology, and environmental law.

Of the total cost projection of \$67,033,000, a life-to-date liability of \$41,918,000 was recorded at September 30, 2021 as a part of other long-term debt for business-type activities. See Note 7.D. This liability for future landfill closure and postclosure care costs was determined from the consulting engineer's certification, that 38% or 17,624,000 cubic yards of the estimated 46,463,000 cubic yards landfill capacity had been consumed at September 30, 2021. Although only 38% of the overall landfill capacity was consumed, a total of 60.9% of the total closure and postclosure costs were reported as a liability because the landfill consists of two separate sections and the calculations were done separately on each section. Section One has total projected closure and postclosure care costs of \$56,032,000 of which 72.5% was consumed. The County will record the balance of the projected future closure and postclosure care costs of \$41,918,000, as adjusted by future estimated cost revisions, as the remaining landfill capacity is consumed. The County anticipates closing Section One of the landfill in 28 years (fiscal year 2048) and Section Two of the landfill in 52 years (fiscal year 2072).

B. Closed Landfills

The County conducts monitoring and maintenance programs at a number of closed solid waste disposal sites to detect any potential incidents of environmental contamination. If any contamination is detected, the County will submit a plan to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection to remedy the problems discovered. In addition, the County annually reviews the estimates for future remediation and monitoring costs of landfills closed prior to October 9, 1991. At September 30, 2021, the liability for future remediation and monitoring costs of these closed landfill sites was \$3,268,000. The County does not believe that any additional liabilities arising from closed landfill remedial actions would materially affect the County's financial condition.

C. Fiscal Responsibility for Future Landfill Closure Costs

As required by Subpart H of 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 264, as adopted by reference in Rule 62-701.630 of the Florida Administrative Code (FAC), the County must annually certify that sufficient financial resources are available to pay future landfill closure and postclosure care costs. The County chose an annual financial test to comply with this requirement. This financial test requires a government to demonstrate that its tangible net worth is at least six times greater than the combined total estimated amount of closure and postclosure care costs as of the balance sheet date. At September 30, 2021, the Hillsborough County BOCC's tangible net worth met the requirements of the annual responsibility test and management believes the County complied with all rule requirements.

Note 15 Commitments

A. Operating Leases

The County has entered into numerous operating leases. The Hillsborough County Primary Government's operating lease and rent expenditures as a lessee totaled \$4,134,000 for leased facilities and equipment for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. A majority of these operating leases were for a one-year period. To present the commitment associated with the County's largest operating leases, lease commitments on all operating leases with annual payments during fiscal year 2021 in excess of \$150,000 per year are summarized below.

Year Ending September 30	Go	overnmental Activities
2022	\$	2,857,000
2023		2,813,000
2024		2,741,000
2025		1,965,000
Total payments	\$	10,376,000

Commitments for future non-cancelable minimum operating lease receipts were insignificant.

B. Interlocal Agreements

Tampa Sports Authority (TSA). The County and the TSA have entered into a number of interlocal agreements over a period of many years. The city of Tampa and the County have agreed to pay one-third and two-thirds, respectively, of any operation and maintenance cash shortfall as reflected in the TSA's current annual budget.

Note 16 Contingent Liabilities

Impact fees were established by the BOCC to fund infrastructure for transportation, rights-of-way, parks, schools, and fire/rescue. These fees are intended to compensate governments such as the County for a portion of the additional costs of providing infrastructure for new real estate developments in the County, rather than assessing existing taxpayers. Florida's concurrency laws in effect through June 2009 required that developers have infrastructure in place before developing their parcels and due to these laws there may be credits still available to developers during that time period. Sometimes developers agree to donate additional infrastructure needed by the County in exchange for a credit against impact fees that may be imposed on future development. There is no guarantee that the developer will incur impact fees in the future and benefit from an impact fee offset at that time. When the County accepts a donation of infrastructure from a developer, County maintenance of the assets relieves the developer of that responsibility. The County does not report the impact fee offsets as liabilities because impact fees are *fees* rather than taxes and impact fee offsets are viewed as reductions of future revenues, which are not yet due to or earned by the County. Impact fees are not due until a certificate of occupancy is issued. Infrastructure contributions are recorded by the County when received.

Contingent liabilities may arise from any of the following conditions. From the normal course of operations, the County is a defendant or plaintiff in various lawsuits. In the opinion of legal counsel, the resolution of these lawsuits is not likely to have a materially adverse effect on the County's financial condition. Grant funds received or receivable by the County are subject to audit by federal and state grantor agencies and independent auditors. Such audits may result in requests for repayments due to disallowed expenditures. The liability for the remediation and monitoring of closed landfills may increase. See Note 14.B. The County believes that contingent liabilities arising from lawsuits, disallowed costs on grants, and landfill remediation/monitoring costs, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 17 Tax Abatements

The County provides tax abatements through two programs—the Ad Valorem Property Tax Exemption Program and the Qualified Target Industry (QTI) Program. A tax abatement is defined as a reduction in tax revenues resulting from an agreement where the government forgoes tax revenues and the qualified program participant promises to take a specific action after the agreement is executed that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the County or its residents.

Ad Valorem Property Tax Exemption Program. In accordance with County Ordinance 11-1 as amended by County Ordinance 17-27, the Ad Valorem Property Tax Exemption Program exempts 50% of certain new ad valorem property taxes of qualified businesses that make capital investments of at least \$5 million in improvements and tangible personal property as well as bring new higher-paying jobs to the County. The new businesses or expansions of an existing businesses would need to have average annual wages of at least 80% of the average annual private sector wage. Each tax exemption agreement must be approved by an ordinance adopted by the BOCC for it to take effect. If a participant does not comply with all requirements, partial exemptions are not permitted. Because property taxes are abated after compliance requirements have been met, there is no provision for recovering previously abated real property taxes. However, abated tangible personal property taxes may be recovered after the fact. The following chart shows all property tax abatements that took place during fiscal year 2021.

Program Participant	otal Property x Exemptions Expected	Fiscal Years Affected	Capital Investment Expected	New Jobs Promised	Du	ixes Abated uring Fiscal Year 2021
Advanced Airfoil Components, LLC New South Window Solutions,	\$ 2,529,282	2020-2027	\$139 million	30 jobs	\$	361,326
LLC	\$ 349,552	2020-2027	\$17 million	30 jobs	\$	49,936

There are other similar ad valorem tax exemption agreements in place with other program participants. These tax abatements are expected to take effect in fiscal year 2022 and later after verification that program requirements were met.

Qualified Target Industry Program. The state of Florida's QTI Program is authorized by Section 288.106, Florida Statutes. Under the QTI Program, an applicant must create a certain number of jobs and have average wages of at least 115% of the County's (or State's) average wage rates during the years covered by its commitment. The County, and other local governments such as the city of Tampa, if applicable, provide a total local government match of 20% of the total tax refunds organized by the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity in exchange for the program participant relocating to or expanding headquarters operations within Hillsborough County. There is an application process under which the County must approve the applicant prior to agreeing to make the match payment to the state of Florida. If approved, the County issues a Resolution documenting its approval. The County sends the match payment to the state of Florida only if the state of Florida determines that the participant met program requirements. If approved, the amount is given to the participant, but only up to the amount of state and/or local government taxes actually paid by the participant. Because QTI payments are paid after compliance requirements have been met, there is no provision for recovering previously made payments. If the participant complied with program requirements only partially, prorated benefits are permitted under certain conditions. The following chart shows each of the County's QTI match payments for 2021 that were over \$30,000 during fiscal year 2021. Smaller payments were aggregated.

QTI Program Participant in Hillsborough County	Job Creation Requirement	Actual Jobs Created	Average Wage Exceeded Required Level?	County's QTI Payments During Fiscal Year 2018
Advanced Airfoil Components, LLC	350	77	Yes	\$ 57,750
CitiGroup, Inc.	1,163	1,163	Yes	348,900
Cognizant Technology Solutions	412	412	Yes	90,972
Charter Communications	235	235	Yes	35,250
HealthPlan Services, Inc.	838	832	Yes	62,400
Bristol-Myers Squibb Co.	579	328	Yes	45,124
All others (15 entities)	2,011	890	Yes	85,942
	5,588	3,937		\$ 726,338

Similar types of match payments are expected to be made to these and/or different QTI Program participants in future years.

Note 18 Implementation of New Statement

The BOCC implemented GASB Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities, during fiscal year 2021, in order to meet the principle objective of consistency and comparability of fiduciary activities within state and local government financial reports. The adoption of this standard resulted in a restatement of the beginning fiduciary net position. In addition, the funds previously reported as Fiduciary Activities that did not meet the requirements GASB 84 and are now being reported in various funds throughout the ACFR. The implementation resulted in the following restatement of net position:

	SHE	IERIFF CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT							
	General Custodial				General Custodial	Registry of the Court	Support Collections	Jury and Witness	Totals
Net position, beginning of year	\$								
Restatement for implementation of GASB 84		830	12,085	13,448	91	27	26,481		
Net position, beginning of year as restated	\$	830	12,085	13,448	91	27	26,481		

Note 19 Subsequent Events

On February 25, 2021, the Florida Supreme Court ruled that the one percent sales surtax for transportation improvements initiated by voter referendum in November 2018 and confirmed by County Ordinance 19-20 was unconstitutional. On March 16, 2021, the Florida Department of Revenue eliminated the collection of this sales surtax. On March 17, 2021 Hillsborough County filed a motion with the Circuit Court of the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit for supplemental relief providing procedure for disposition of surtax revenue. On March 25, 2022 the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit denied Hillsborough County's remedy request relating to refunding the Surtax funds. Per the ruling, the Courts found that granting supplemental relief was not proper and declined to do so.

At the end of March 2022, the County issued a tax-exempt non-revolving, Subordinate Lien Line of Credit to fund up to \$37.5 million of water and wastewater capital improvements. The primary project funded is the South County OWC Pipeline Corridor Project which will have certain costs that need to be encumbered prior to the issuance of long-term bonds. The Facility has a junior and subordinate lien on the County's water and sewer utility net revenues and is subordinate to the County's outstanding Utility Bonds.

Note 20 Changes in Long-Term Debt and Future Debt Service Requirements

Exhibit A is a schedule of changes in long-term debt. See "Other Information (Unaudited)" section for Exhibits B through U which show future debt service requirements, including sinking fund purchases, for each debt issue described in Note 7, *Long-Term Liabilities*.



EXHIBIT A HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Board of County Commissioners					
Bonds payable: 2002 Parks and Recreation Refunding					
Bonds	\$ 4,665	\$	\$ 1,095	\$ 3,570	1,155
Unamortized bond issue premium	13		6	7	*
2012A Community Investment Tax (CIT)					
Refunding Revenue Bonds	19,715		3,180	16,535	3,345
Unamortized bond issue premium	1,113		326	787	*
2012B Community Investment Tax (CIT)	21 540		1 6 4 5	26 905	4 990
Refunding Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premium	31,540		4,645 481	26,895	4,880
2012 Capital Improvement Program	1,746		401	1,265	
Revenue Bonds	10,370		5,060	5,310	5,310
Unamortized bond issue premium	180		119	61	*
2015 Communications Services Tax	63,045		1,335	61,710	1,360
Unamortized bond issue premium	4,124		281	3,843	*
2015 CIT Refunding Revenue Bonds	105,480		15,420	90,060	16,205
Unamortized bond issue premium	7,579		2,439	5,140	*
2016 CIP Refunding Revenue Bonds	9,855		2,305	7,550	2,395
Unamortized bond issue premium	488		240	248	*
2016 Fifth Cent Tourist Dev. Tax Bonds	36,770		865	35,905	910
Unamortized bond issue premium 2017A Fourth Cent Tourist Dev. Tax	1,243		84	1,159	*
Bonds	11,085		650	10,435	685
Unamortized bond issue premium	492		62	430	*
2017B Fourth Cent Tourist Dev. Tax	20.940		205	20 445	200
Bonds 2018 CIT Revenue Bond	20,840 57,270		395 4,085	20,445 53,185	390 4,305
Unamortized bond issue premium	5,762		4,085	4,519	4,305
2019 Capital Improvement Non Ad					
Valorem Bonds Unamortized bond issue premium	142,720 6,432		 343	142,720 6,089	
	37,711		1,356	36,355	1,425
2019A ELAPP Refunding Bonds Unamortized bond issue premium	2,752		265	2,487	1,423
2019B ELAPP Bonds	64,430		630	63,800	655
Unamortized bond issue premium	3,011		149	2,862	*
2021 CIP Non Ad Val Transportation Bond		189,290		189,290	3,415
Unamortized bond issue premium		17,895	347	17,548	*
Total bonds payable	650,431	207,185	47,406	810,210	46,435
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,		
Notes Payable	72,707	77,632	93,307	57,032	57,032
Notes from direct borrowings and direct					
placements	56,274		4,315	51,959	4,419
Discount on notes payable	(18)		(4)	(14)	*
Compensated absences payable	25,345	24,019	21,582	27,782	21,570
Net pension liability	1,200,341	6,734	830,723	376,352	
Total OPEB liability	112,626	23,158		135,784	
Insurance claims payable	20,445	112,797	107,028	26,214	17,491
Total Board of County Commissioners	<u>\$ 2,138,151</u>	451,525	1,104,357	1,485,319	146,947

* Not applicable

EXHIBIT A HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities, Continued Clerk of Circuit Court					
Compensated absences payable	\$ 4,608	3,774	4,260	4,122	4,122
Total Clerk of Circuit Court	4,608	3,774	4,260	4,122	4,122
Property Appraiser					
Compensated absences payable	946	315	301	960	301
Total Property Appraiser	946	315	301	960	301
o					
Sheriff	24.250	40.076	40.054	00.004	00 004
Compensated absences payable Insurance claims payable	24,259 14,451	40,076 57,276	40,954 55,451	23,381 16,276	23,381 9,419
Total Sheriff	38,710	97,352	96,405	39,657	32,800
Supervisor of Elections					
Compensated absences payable	252	205	170	287	170
Total Supervisor of Elections	252	205	170	287	170
Tax Collector					
Compensated absences payable	1,423	1,316	1,321	1,418	1,321
Total Tax Collector	1,423	1,316	1,321	1,418	1,321
Total long-term liabilities, governmental	\$ 2,184,090	554,487	1,206,814	1,531,763	185,661
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners	<u>\$2,184,090</u> Beginning Balance	554,487 - Additions	1,206,814 Reductions	1,531,763 Ending Balance	185,661 Due Within One Year
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable:	Beginning Balance		Reductions	Ending	Due Within
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700		Reductions 21,700	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700 204,600		Reductions 21,700 3,245	Ending Balance 201,355	Due Within
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700 204,600 9,904		Reductions 21,700 3,245 579	Ending Balance 201,355 9,325	Due Within One Year 3,405 *
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700 204,600		Reductions 21,700 3,245	Ending Balance 201,355	Due Within One Year
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2016 A & B Solid Waste Revenue Bonds	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700 204,600 9,904 96,040		Reductions 21,700 3,245 579 5,440	Ending Balance 201,355 9,325 90,600	Due Within One Year 3,405 *
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2016 A & B Solid Waste Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2019 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700 204,600 9,904 96,040 12,400		Reductions 21,700 3,245 579 5,440 1,540	Ending Balance 201,355 9,325 90,600 10,860	Due Within One Year 3,405 * 5,715 *
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2016 A & B Solid Waste Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2019 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2021 A & B Utility Revenue Bonds	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700 204,600 9,904 96,040 12,400 88,205	Additions 174,935	Reductions 21,700 3,245 579 5,440 1,540 3,490 1,189	Ending Balance 201,355 9,325 90,600 10,860 84,715 9,992 174,935	Due Within One Year 3,405 * 5,715 * 3,665 *
 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2016 A & B Solid Waste Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2019 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2019 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2021 A & B Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700 204,600 9,904 96,040 12,400 88,205	Additions 174,935 13,913	Reductions 21,700 3,245 579 5,440 1,540 3,490	Ending Balance 201,355 9,325 90,600 10,860 84,715 9,992 174,935 13,746	Due Within One Year 3,405 * 5,715 *
 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2016 A & B Solid Waste Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2019 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2021 A & B Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700 204,600 9,904 96,040 12,400 88,205 11,181	Additions 174,935 13,913 (121)	Reductions 21,700 3,245 579 5,440 1,540 3,490 1,189 167	Ending Balance 201,355 9,325 90,600 10,860 84,715 9,992 174,935 13,746 (121)	Due Within One Year 3,405 * 5,715 * 3,665 * * *
 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2016 A & B Solid Waste Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2019 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2021 A & B Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700 204,600 9,904 96,040 12,400 88,205	Additions 174,935 13,913	Reductions 21,700 3,245 579 5,440 1,540 3,490 1,189	Ending Balance 201,355 9,325 90,600 10,860 84,715 9,992 174,935 13,746	Due Within One Year 3,405 * 5,715 * 3,665 *
 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2016 A & B Solid Waste Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2019 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2021 A & B Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700 204,600 9,904 96,040 12,400 88,205 11,181	Additions 174,935 13,913 (121)	Reductions 21,700 3,245 579 5,440 1,540 3,490 1,189 167	Ending Balance 201,355 9,325 90,600 10,860 84,715 9,992 174,935 13,746 (121)	Due Within One Year 3,405 * 5,715 * 3,665 * * *
 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2016 A & B Solid Waste Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2019 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2021 A & B Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2021 A & B Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700 204,600 9,904 96,040 12,400 88,205 11,181	Additions 174,935 13,913 (121) 188,727	Reductions 21,700 3,245 579 5,440 1,540 3,490 1,189 167	Ending Balance 201,355 9,325 90,600 10,860 84,715 9,992 174,935 13,746 (121) 595,407	Due Within One Year 3,405 * 5,715 * 3,665 * * *
 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2016 A & B Solid Waste Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2019 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2021 A & B Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2021 A & B Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums Unamortized bond issue premiums Dotal bonds payable Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements Compensated absences payable Net pension liability 	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700 204,600 9,904 96,040 12,400 88,205 11,181 444,030	Additions 174,935 13,913 (121) 188,727 10,600	Reductions 21,700 3,245 579 5,440 1,540 3,490 1,189 167 37,350	Ending Balance 201,355 9,325 90,600 10,860 84,715 9,992 174,935 13,746 (121) 595,407 10,600	Due Within One Year 3,405 * 5,715 * 3,665 * * 12,785
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2016 A & B Solid Waste Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2019 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2021 A & B Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2021 A & B Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums Unamortized bond issue premiums Unamortized bond discount Total bonds payable Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements Compensated absences payable Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700 204,600 9,904 96,040 12,400 88,205 11,181 444,030 4,163 66,500 4,044	Additions 174,935 13,913 (121) 188,727 10,600 3,967 575 298	Reductions 21,700 3,245 579 5,440 1,540 3,490 1,189 167 37,350	Ending Balance 201,355 9,325 90,600 10,860 84,715 9,992 174,935 13,746 (121) 595,407 10,600 4,603 22,055 4,342	Due Within One Year 3,405 * 5,715 * 3,665 * * * 12,785 - 3,527 - -
 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Board of County Commissioners Bonds payable: 2010 B, & C Utility Revenue Bonds 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2016 A & B Solid Waste Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2019 Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2021 A & B Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums 2021 A & B Utility Revenue Bonds Unamortized bond issue premiums Unamortized bond issue premiums Dotal bonds payable Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements Compensated absences payable Net pension liability 	Beginning Balance \$ 21,700 204,600 9,904 96,040 12,400 88,205 11,181 444,030 4,163 66,500	Additions 174,935 13,913 (121) 188,727 10,600 3,967 575	Reductions 21,700 3,245 579 5,440 1,540 3,490 1,189 167 37,350	Ending Balance 201,355 9,325 90,600 10,860 84,715 9,992 174,935 13,746 (121) 595,407 10,600 4,603 22,055	Due Within One Year 3,405 * 5,715 * 3,665 * * 12,785

* Not applicable

Note: This schedule presents the long-term liabilities of the Hillsborough County primary government. Business-type activities represent activities reported in the Enterprise Funds. Governmental activities represent all other activity, i.e. all funds other than Enterprise Funds as adjusted to convert the activity from the modified accrual basis of accounting and financial resources measurement focus to the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

Required Supplementary Information

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA **Infrastructure Condition and Maintenance Data** For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

(Required Supplementary Information)

During fiscal year 2001, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments, with retroactive reporting of all major general government infrastructure assets. To reflect the County's commitment to preserve and maintain infrastructure assets, the County selected the modified approach for the accounting of those assets. Under the modified approach, the County recorded infrastructure assets at estimated original cost, but did not record accumulated depreciation against these assets. Instead of recording depreciation, the County is committed to incur the maintenance expenses necessary to preserve its infrastructure network at a condition of fair or higher on a scale from failed, poor, fair, and good to excellent and preserve its paved roadway subset at an overall weighted average pavement condition index (PCI) of 56 or higher on the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) PCI Rating Scale. This rating scale ranges from of 0 to 100, with 100 as the highest level. A failed infrastructure asset is one whose condition is deemed unsafe and should be repaired or replaced immediately. An excellent infrastructure asset is one that is newly constructed and functioning as intended. Improvements that lengthen the lives of infrastructure assets are not recorded unless they increase capacity or service potential, in which case they are recorded as additions to infrastructure at original cost. Therefore, resurfacing done to existing streets is not capitalized, but is treated as a maintenance expenditure under the modified approach.

The County maintains a comprehensive network of infrastructure assets. These assets include 7,190 traffic lane-miles of paved roadway and ancillary components such as shoulders, curbs, sidewalks, traffic signals, signs and other safety devices; 253 bridges; and stormwater infrastructure including culverts, inlets and control structures.

The ASTM Standard Practice for Roads and Parking Lots Pavement Condition Surveys (D-6433) was adopted by the Hillsborough County Board of County Commissioners on September 17, 2008. This standard defines the process for dividing pavement into sample units, conducting condition assessments on the pavement sample units, and calculating the PCI. County inspectors perform visual inspections of the paved roadway assets in accordance with this standard, and enter the collected data into the asset management software, which calculates the PCI for each pavement segment and for the entire roadway subset.

The County conducts periodic physical condition assessments using theoretical deterioration modeling and a risk-based sampling approach that favors inspections of assets more likely to have deteriorated in condition yet also obtains, through public complaints reported by phone calls or website forms, assurance that all infrastructure assets have a chance to be covered by inspections during a three-year period. As a result, the County is able to determine whether infrastructure assets as an entire network are being maintained at or above the minimum level required. The condition of the County's infrastructure, including its paved roadway subset, is provided in the chart below.

	ugh County, Florida ndition Assessment Resu	lts	
	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,
	2021	2020	2019
Infrastructure network	at or above fair	at or above fair	at or above fair
Paved roadway subset (weighted average PCI)	at or above 56	at or above 56	at or above 56

The County spends the amount necessary to maintain its infrastructure assets at an overall condition level of fair or above and above 56. As a measure of County's maintenance efforts, the following chart shows estimated and actual infrastructure maintenance expenditures. These infrastructure maintenance costs consist of: all personnel and operating costs within the physical environment function used for flood control by the Public Works Department; all personnel and operating costs within the transportation function used for road and street facilities by the Public Works Department; as well as road resurfacing and roadway landscaping costs.

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Infrastructure Condition and Maintenance Data For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

(Required Supplementary Information)

	Hillsborough County, Florida Estimated Versus Actual Infrastructure Maintenance and Preservation Costs (amounts in millions)								
	Fiscal Year 2021	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017				
Estimate	\$155.2	173.5	163.7	158.8	149.8				
Actual	\$140.1	133.2	218.4	126.1	115.8				

By using the modified approach, the County's accounting practices for infrastructure assets are in harmony with the County's plans for maintaining its infrastructure at the least overall cost over individual asset life cycles.

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Schedule of Changes in Hillsborough County's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Six Fiscal Years

(Required Supplementary Information) Amounts in thousands

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total OPEB liability	_						
Service cost	\$	3,326	3,380	2,969	2,917	2,7	*
Interest		2,585	3,063	3,150	3,181	3,0	*
Changes in benefit terms					925		*
Differences between expected and actual							
experience		9,241	(469)	(131)	26	(4	*
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		15,161	(994)	36,812	(1,233)	(1,1	*
Benefit payments		(6,857)	(7,181)	(7,159)	(5,798)	(5,0	*
Net change in total OPEB liability		23,456	(2,201)	35,641	18	(9)	*
Total OPEB liability, beginning		116,670	118,871	83,230	83,212	84,1	*
Total OPEB liability, ending		140,126	116,670	118,871	83,230	83,212	84,141
County's total OPEB liability		140,126	116,670	118,871	83,230	83,212	84,141
County's covered employee payroll	\$	677,580	636,965	622,504	583,592	563,864	553,735
Countria total ORER liability on a							
County's total OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		20.7 %	18.3 %	19.1 %	14.3 %	14.8 %	15.2 %

Notes to schedule:

(1) *Since GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, was implemented for fiscal year 2017, certain figures were not available prior to fiscal year 2017. See Note 9, Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) for more OPEB information.

(2) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75

(3) Amounts are as of September 30 each year.

(4) The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2021	2.26%
2020	2.21%
2019	2.80%
2018	3.80%
2017	3.64%

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Schedule of Hillsborough County's Proportionate Share of the Florida Retirement System Net Pension Liabilities for the Pension Plan and Health Insurance Subsidy Program Last Eight Fiscal Years (Required Supplementary Information) Amounts in Thousands

FRS Pension Plan

	6/30/21	6/30/20	6/30/19	6/30/18	6/30/17	6/30/16	6/30/15	6/30/14
County's proportion of the FRS net pension liability								
	2.32 %	2.43 %	2.42 %	2.38 %	2.47 %	2.45 %	2.26 %	2.00 %
County's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	\$ 175,577	1,051,321	833,684	716,955	730,553	617,518	292,275	141,632
County's covered payroll	642,029	678,254	593,725	568,612	569,222	517,370	524,192	513,848
County's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability								
as a percentage of its covered payroll	27.35 %	155.00 %	140.42 %	126.09 %	128.34 %	119.36 %	55.76 %	- %
FRS fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total								
pension liability	96.40 %	78.85 %	82.61 %	84.26 %	83.89 %	84.88 %	92.00 %	96.00 %

Health Insurance Subsidy Program

<i>,</i> , ,	6/30/21	6/30/20	6/30/19	6/30/18	6/30/17	6/30/16	6/30/15	6/30/14
County's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	1.82 %	1.77 %	1.77 %	1.73 %	1.77 %	1.74 %	1.70 %	1.70 %
County's proportionate share of the HIS net pension								
liability	\$ 222,830	215,520	197,770	183,327	189,526	202,748	173,414	159,084
County's covered payroll	642,029	678,254	593,725	568,612	569,222	517,370	524,192	520,793
County's proportionate share of the HIS net pension								
liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	34.71 %	31.78 %	33.31 %	32.24 %	33.30 %	39.19 %	33.08 %	30.55 %
HIS fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total								
pension liability	3.56 %	3.00 %	2.63 %	2.15 %	1.64 %	0.97 %	0.50 %	0.99 %

Notes to the schedule:

- 1. GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.
- 2. The amounts presented represent the figures for the Hillsborough County Reporting Entity because the Hillsborough County City-County Planning Commission is funded primarily by the Hillsborough County BOCC.
- 3. Amounts are as of June 30 of each year.
- 4. The discount rates used by the FRS Plan for fiscal years 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014 respectively are 6.80%, 6.80%, 6.90%, 7.00%, 7.10%, 7.60%, 7.65% and 7.65%. The discount rates used for the HIS Program for fiscal years 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014 respectively are 2.16%, 2.21%, 3.50%, 3.87%, 3.58%, 2.85%, 3.80% and N/A.
- 5. The investment rate of return used for the FRS Plan for fiscal years 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014 respectively are 6.80%, 6.80%, 6.90%, 7.00%, 7.10%, 7.60%, 7.65% and 7.65%. The investment rate of return used for the HIS Program for fiscal years 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, 2014 respectively are 2.16%, 2.21%, 3.50%, 3.87%, 3.58%, 2.85%, 3.80% and N/A.

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Schedule of Contributions

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Last Eight Fiscal Years

(Required Supplementary Information)

Amounts in Thousands

FRS Pension Plan

		9/30/21	9/30/20	9/30/19	9/30/18	9/30/17	9/30/16	9/30/15	9/30/14
Contractually required contributions County contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	83,343	75,324	72,994	65,066	61,141	58,559	55,170	50,846
required contribution		83,343	75,324	72,994	65,066	61,141	58,559	55,170	50,846
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_								
County's covered payroll County's contributions as a percentage of covered	\$	658,041	628,364	605,706	572,491	561,973	553,735	528,266	520,793
payroll		12.67 %	11.99 %	12.05 %	11.37 %	10.88 %	10.58 %	10.44 %	%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program									
	_	9/30/21	9/30/20	9/30/19	9/30/18	9/30/17	9/30/16	9/30/15	9/30/14
Contractually required contributions	¢	10 035	10/131	10.055	0 503	0 300	7 657	5 828	5 828

Contractually required contributions	\$ 10,935	10,431	10,055	9,503	9,300	7,657	5,828	5,828
County contributions in relation to the contractually								
required contribution	 10,935	10,431	10,055	9,503	9,300	7,657	5,828	5,828
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 							
County's covered payroll	\$ 658,041	628,364	605,706	572,491	561,973	553,735	528,266	
County's contributions as a percentage of covered								
payroll	1.66 %	1.66 %	1.66 %	1.66 %	1.65 %	1.38 %	1.10 %	%

Notes to the Schedule:

- 1. The amounts presented represent the figures for the Hillsborough County Reporting Entity because the Hillsborough County City-County Planning Commission, a discretely presented component unit, is funded primarily by the Hillsborough County BOCC. As a result the FRS Pension and HIS contributions are in substance the responsibility of the BOCC. The Planning Commission's contributions that are included above were as follows (in thousands): \$264, \$254, \$242, \$295 and \$281 for the FRS Pension for fiscal years 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Planning Commission's contributions were as follows (in thousands): \$51, \$50, \$36, \$41 and \$38 for the HIS Program for fiscal years 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Data prior to FY 2014 was unavailable for this schedule.
- 2. GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.



Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules



GENERAL FUNDS BY CATEGORY

The seven categories shown below together represent the General Fund, the primary operating fund of the County.

General Fund–Countywide – To account for the revenues and expenditures of the Countywide portion of the General Fund–which are activities that benefit all County residents. Countywide activities include Administration, Management and Budget, Animal Services, Consumer Protection, County Attorney, Economic Development, Emergency Management, Family and Aging Services, Parks, Recreation and Conservation, Public Works, the Environmental Protection Commission, and certain payments to the court system, Constitutional Officers, and nonprofit agencies.

General Fund–Unincorporated Area – To account for the revenues and expenditures of the Unincorporated Area portion of the General Fund–which are activities that benefit County residents who do not live in the three municipalities (Tampa, Plant City or Temple Terrace). Unincorporated Area activities include Affordable Housing, Code Enforcement, Fire Rescue, Planning and Growth Management, Parks and Recreation, Public Works, and certain payments to Constitutional Officers.

General Fund–Sheriff – To account for the revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out the duties and obligations of the Sheriff as specified in Section 30.15, Florida Statutes. The funds for the Sheriff's operation are received from the BOCC pursuant to Section 30.49, Florida Statutes.

General Fund–Tax Collector – To account for revenues and expenditures of the Tax Collector pursuant to Section 197, Florida Statutes.

General Fund–Property Appraiser – To account for revenues and expenditures of the Property Appraiser in the performance of Constitutional responsibilities. These responsibilities include determining the taxable value of all real and tangible property within the County, maintaining associated financial and property records, and providing the Tax Collector with the certified value of real and tangible property and tax millages levied by the respective taxing authorities.

General Fund–Supervisor of Elections – To account for revenues and expenditures of the Supervisor of Elections in the performance of Constitutional responsibilities pursuant to Chapters 100, 101, and 102, Florida Statutes. The funds for the Supervisor of Elections' operation are received from the BOCC pursuant to Section 129.202, Florida Statutes.

General Fund–Clerk of Circuit Court – To account for revenues and expenditures of the Clerk of Circuit Court whose responsibilities include: County recorder for official records of Hillsborough County; accountant for the BOCC, custodian of all County funds, County auditor, and keeping BOCC records and meeting minutes as ex-officio Clerk to the Board of County Commissioners; as well as court-related activities that are not accounted for in the "Clerk of Circuit Court - Court Operations and Public Records Fund."

General Fund by Category Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2021

(amounts in thousands)

ASSETS	Countywide	Unincorporated Area	Sheriff	Tax Collector
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 77,604	31,030	47,935	37,394
Investments	265,983	106,379	47,955	57,594
			 102	
Accounts receivable, net	2,865 619	7,761 247	102	3,338
Interest receivable				
Delinquent ad valorem taxes receivable	1,100	308		
Due from other funds	44,601	9,678	951	202
Due from other governmental units	474		2,056	26
Inventories	8,711	2,875		
Prepaid items			9,536	286
Total assets	401,957	158,278	60,580	41,246
LIABILITIES				
Accounts and contracts payable	8,001	4,078	14,076	243
Accrued liabilities	7,398	9.567	12,242	741
Due to other funds	838	162	23,345	37,425
Due to other governmental units	5,180		5	2,433
Unearned revenues	5,480	2,604		404
Deposits held	5,422	203	973	
Total liabilities	32,319	16,614	50,641	41,246
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenues	1,100	308		
FEMA reimbursement			954	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,100	308	954	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:				
Inventories and prepaid items	8,711	2,875	9,536	286
Restricted for:	0,711	2,075	9,550	200
Grant programs and projects			399	
Assigned to:				
BOCC resolutions / other purposes			4	
Unassigned	359,827	138,481	(954)	(286)
Total fund balances	368,538	141,356	8,985	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources				
and fund balances	\$ 401,957	158,278	60,580	41,246
	φ το 1,001	100,210	00,000	71,270

Property Appraiser	Supervisor of Elections	Clerk of Circuit Court	Total
942		9,895	204,800
942		9,095	372,362
			14,067
			866
			1,408
	279	226	55,937
		314	2,870
			11,586
			9,822
942	279	10,436	673,718
	53	370	26,821
464	226	1,943	32,581
445		7,375	69,590
33		748	8,399
			8,488
			6,598
942	279	10,436	152,477
			1,408
			954
			2,362
			21,408
			21,400
			399
			4
			497,068
			518,879
942	279	10,436	673,718

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA General Fund by Category Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

(amounts in thousands)

	Countywide	Unincorporated Area	Sheriff	Tax Collector
Revenues:				
Taxes - ad valorem property taxes	\$ 621,428	285,829		
Taxes - other	1,541			
Licenses, permits, special assessments	614	10		
Intergovernmental - state shared revenues	1,509	37,531		
Intergovernmental - grants	70		4,268	
Charges for services	70,441	35,950	7,175	18,759
Fines and forfeitures	9	7,065	4	
Interest	900	376	138	32
Miscellaneous	4,935	1,072	1,423	507
Total revenues	701,447	367,833	13,008	19,298
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	117,102	14,895	15,670	34,547
Public safety	13,074	200,078	402,808	
Physical environment	17,368	10,484		
Transportation	999	3,138		
Economic environment	28,312	2,232		
Human services	53,979	531		
Culture and recreation	15,582	34,432		
Capital outlay	2,619	2,035	47,657	301
Total expenditures	249,035	267,825	466,135	34,848
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	452,412	100,008	(453,127)	(15,550)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	63,293	92,467	477,508	34,607
Transfers out	(463,351)	(186,789)	(23,723)	(19,057)
Sales of capital assets	279	60	3,144	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(399,779)	(94,262)	456,929	15,550
Net change in fund balances	52,633	5,746	3,802	
Fund balances, beginning of year	315,368	135,389	5,183	
Increase (decrease) in nonspendable fund balances	537	221		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 368,538	141,356	8,985	

Property Appraiser	Supervisor of Elections	Clerk of Circuit Court	Total
			907,257
			1,541
			624
			39,040
		1,913	6,251
966		10,670	143,961
			7,078
		13	1,459
			7,937
966		12,596	1,115,148
13,605	9,989	31,346	237,154
			615,960
			27,852
			4,137
			30,544
			54,510
			50,014
31	35 10,024	1,192 32,538	53,870
13,636	10,024	32,538	1,074,041
(12,670)	(10,024)	(19,942)	41,107
		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	·
13,115	12,822	26,063	719,875
(445)	(2,798)	(6,121)	(702,284)
			3,483
12,670	10,024	19,942	21,074
			62,181
			455,940
			758
			518,879
			010,010

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund - Countywide For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive	
_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues: Taxes - ad valorem property taxes	\$ 650,818	650,818	621,428	(29,390)	
Taxes - other	\$ 050,818 1,550	1,550	1,541		
Licenses, permits, special assessments	565	565	614	(9) 49	
Intergovernmental - state shared revenues	1,345	1,345	1,509	49 164	
Intergovernmental - grants		1,545	70	70	
Charges for services	72,276	72,276	70,441	(1,835)	
Fines and forfeitures	27	27	9	(1,000)	
Interest	1,187	1,187	900	(18)	
Miscellaneous	3,429	3,434	4,935	1,501	
Total revenues	731,197	731,202	701,447	(29,755)	
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	132,042	132,042	117,102	14,940	
Public safety	13,797	13,768	13,074	694	
Physical environment	18,757	18,857	17,368	1,489	
Transportation	3,435	3,435	999	2,436	
Economic environment	77,603	77,603	28,312	49,291	
Human services	69,900	69,900	53,979	15,921	
Culture and recreation	16,312	16,317	15,582	735	
Capital outlay	6,154	6,334	2,619	3,715	
Total expenditures	338,000	338,256	249,035	89,221	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	393,197	392,946	452,412	59,466	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	33,722	33,827	63,293	29,466	
Transfers out	(472,900)	(475,992)	(463,351)	12,641	
Sales of capital assets	125	125	279	154	
Budgetary reserves	(188,023)	(184,785)		184,785	
Budget allowance	(37,265)	(37,265)		37,265	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(664,341)	(664,090)	(399,779)	264,311	
Net change in fund balances	(271,144)	(271,144)	52,633	323,777	
Fund balances, beginning of year	271,144	271,144	315,368	44,224	
Increase (decrease) in nonspendable fund balances			537	537	
Fund balances, end of year	\$		368,538	368,538	

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund - Unincorporated Area For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget-	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes - ad valorem property taxes	\$ 299,682	299,682	285,829	(13,853)	
Licenses, permits, special assessments	10	10	10		
Intergovernmental - state shared revenues	30,046	30,046	37,531	7,485	
Charges for services	30,855	30,855	35,950	5,095	
Fines and forfeitures	6,906	6,906	7,065	159	
Interest	551	551	376	(175)	
Miscellaneous	1,016	1,016	1,072	56	
Total revenues	369,066	369,066	367,833	(1,233)	
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	17,183	17,183	14,895	2,288	
Public safety	209,755	209,755	200,078	9,677	
Physical environment	15,715	15,715	10,484	5,231	
Transportation	3,035	3,035	3,138	(103)	
Economic environment	3,904	3,904	2,232	1,672	
Human services	700	700	531	169	
Culture and recreation	38,000	38,000	34,432	3,568	
Capital outlay	2,595	2,595	2,035	560	
Total expenditures	290,887	290,887	267,825	23,062	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	78,179	78,179	100,008	21,829	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	94,835	94,835	92,467	(2,368)	
Transfers out	(187,218)	(187,218)	(186,789)	429	
Sales of capital assets			60	60	
Budgetary reserves	(85,879)	(85,879)		85,879	
Budget allowance	(18,838)	(18,838 <u>)</u>		18,838	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(197,100)	(197,100)	(94,262)	102,838	
Net change in fund balances	(118,921)	(118,921)	5,746	124,667	
Fund balances, beginning of year	118,921	118,921	135,389	16,468	
Increase (decrease) in nonspendable fund balances			221	221	
Fund balances, end of year	\$		141,356	141,356	

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund - Sheriff (Budgetary Basis) For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts		-	Variance With Final Budget-
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				(110)
Charges for services	\$		1,605	1,605
Fines and forfeitures			4	4
Interest			138	138
Miscellaneous			1,407	1,407
Total revenues			3,154	3,154
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	19,87		15,670	4,004
Public safety	424,50		393,130	17,878
Capital outlay	32,92		46,142	484
Total expenditures	477,30	8 477,308	454,942	22,366
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenses	(477,30	8) (477,308)	(451,788)	25,520
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	477,30	8 477,308	477,308	
Transfers out	,		(23,723)	(23,723)
Sales of capital assets			3,047	3,047
Total other financing sources (uses)	477,30	8 477,308	456,632	(20,676)
Net change in fund balances			4,844	4,844
Fund balances, beginning of year			5,183	5,183
Fund balances, end of yearbudgetary basis	\$		10,027	10,027
Add intergovernmental grant revenue			4,268	
Add contract-related charges for services			5,570	
Add proceeds from the sale of capital assets Increase public safety and general			97	
government expenditures			(9,678)	
Increase capital outlay			(1,515)	
Add transfers in for Sheriff's vehicles			200	
Increase miscellaneous revenues			16	
Fund balances, end of yearGAAP basis			\$ 8,985	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and **Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual** General Fund - Tax Collector (Budgetary Basis) For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

OriginalFinalAmounts(Negative)Revenues: Charges for services\$ 19,30519,30518,759(546)Interest18018032(148)Miscellaneous240240507267Total revenues19,72519,72519,298(427)Expenditures: Current: General government34,29134,00032,1591,841Capital outlay3832930128Total expenditures34,32934,32932,4601,869Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses(14,604)(14,604)(13,162)1,442Other financing sources (uses)114,604(14,604)(10,57)(107)Distribution of excess fees total other financing sources (uses)(14,604)14,60413,162(1,442)Net change in fund balancesFund balances, end of yearFund balances, end of year Reduce distribution of excess fees Increase general government expenditures2,388 (2,388)2,388 (2,388)		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive	
Revenues:		(Driginal	Final		
Interest 180 180 32 (148) Miscellaneous 240 240 507 267 Total revenues 19,725 19,725 19,298 (427) Expenditures: Current: 19,725 19,725 19,298 (427) Capital outlay 38 329 301 28 Total expenditures 34,329 34,329 32,460 1,869 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) 34,329 34,329 32,460 1,869 expenses (14,604) (14,604) (13,162) 1,442 Other financing sources (uses) 168,950) (19,057) (107) Transfers in 35,660 35,660 34,607 (1,053) Transfers out (18,950) (18,950) (19,057) (107) Distribution of excess fees (2,106) (2,388) (282) Total other financing sources (uses) 14,604 14,604 13,162 (1,442) Net change in fund balances - - - - - Fund balances, end of year \$ - <th>Revenues:</th> <th></th> <th><u> </u></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th><u>_</u></th>	Revenues:		<u> </u>			<u>_</u>
Miscellaneous 240 240 507 267 Total revenues 19,725 19,725 19,298 (427) Expenditures: Current: General government 34,291 34,000 32,159 1,841 Capital outlay 38 329 301 28 Total expenditures 34,329 34,329 32,460 1,869 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) (14,604) (13,162) 1,442 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in 35,660 36,660 34,607 (1,053) Transfers out (18,950) (18,950) (19,057) (107) (107) Distribution of excess fees (2,106) (2,106) (2,388) (282) Total other financing sources (uses) 14,604 14,604 13,162 (1,442) Net change in fund balances Fund balances, beginning of year - - Fund balances, end of year \$ - </td <td>Charges for services</td> <td>\$</td> <td>19,305</td> <td>19,305</td> <td>18,759</td> <td>(546)</td>	Charges for services	\$	19,305	19,305	18,759	(546)
Total revenues 19,725 19,725 19,298 (427) Expenditures: Current: General government 34,291 34,000 32,159 1,841 Capital outlay 38 329 301 28 Total expenditures 34,329 34,329 32,460 1,869 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses (14,604) (14,604) (13,162) 1,442 Other financing sources (uses) 1 14,604 (13,162) 1,442 Other financing sources (uses) 1 1(18,950) (19,057) (107) Distribution of excess fees (2,106) (2,288) (282) Total other financing sources (uses) 14,604 14,604 13,162 (1,442) Net change in fund balances Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year \$ Fund balances, end of year 2,388 10,728 2,388 10,238 2,388	Interest		180	180	32	(148)
Expenditures: Current: General government $34,291$ $34,000$ $32,159$ $1,841$ Capital outlay 38 329 301 28 Total expenditures $34,329$ $34,329$ $32,460$ $1,869$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses $(14,604)$ $(14,604)$ $(13,162)$ $1,442$ Other financing sources (uses) $(14,604)$ $(14,604)$ $(13,162)$ $1,442$ Other financing sources (uses) $35,660$ $35,660$ $34,607$ $(1,053)$ Transfers in $35,660$ $35,660$ $34,607$ $(1,053)$ Transfers out $(18,950)$ $(18,950)$ $(19,057)$ (107) Distribution of excess fees $(2,106)$ $(2,106)$ $(2,388)$ (282) Total other financing sources (uses) $14,604$ $13,162$ $(1,442)$ Net change in fund balancesFund balances, beginning of yearFund balances, end of year $\frac{$$ Fund balances, end of year $\frac{$2,388}{$$ $2,388$ Increase general government expenditures $(2,388)$	Miscellaneous		240	240	507	267_
Current: General government 34,291 34,000 32,159 1,841 Capital outlay 38 329 301 28 Total expenditures 34,329 34,329 32,460 1,869 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) (14,604) (13,162) 1,442 Other financing sources (uses) (14,604) (13,162) 1,442 Other financing sources (uses) (18,950) (18,950) (19,057) (107) Distribution of excess fees (2,106) (2,106) (2,388) (282) Total other financing sources (uses) 14,604 14,604 13,162 (1,442) Net change in fund balances Fund balances, end of year Fund balances, end of year \$ Fund balances, end of year \$ Fund balances, end of year \$ Fund balances, end of year \$ 2,388 (2,388) <t< td=""><td>Total revenues</td><td></td><td>19,725</td><td>19,725</td><td>19,298</td><td>(427)</td></t<>	Total revenues		19,725	19,725	19,298	(427)
Capital outlay Total expenditures38 34,329329 34,329301 32,46028 1,869Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses(14,604)(14,604)(13,162)1,442Other financing sources (uses) 						
Total expenditures 34,329 34,329 32,460 1,869 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses (14,604) (14,604) (13,162) 1,442 Other financing sources (uses) (14,604) (14,604) (13,162) 1,442 Other financing sources (uses) 35,660 35,660 34,607 (1,053) Transfers in 35,660 35,660 34,607 (1,053) Transfers out (18,950) (18,950) (19,057) (107) Distribution of excess fees (2,106) (2,106) (2,388) (282) Total other financing sources (uses) 14,604 14,604 13,162 (1,442) Net change in fund balances Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year \$ Fund balances, end of year \$ <td>General government</td> <td></td> <td>34,291</td> <td>34,000</td> <td>32,159</td> <td>1,841</td>	General government		34,291	34,000	32,159	1,841
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses(14,604)(14,604)(13,162)1,442Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Distribution of excess fees Total other financing sources (uses)35,66035,66034,607(1,053)Total other financing sources (uses)(18,950)(18,950)(19,057)(107)Distribution of excess fees Total other financing sources (uses)14,60414,60413,162(1,442)Net change in fund balancesFund balances, beginning of yearFund balances, end of year-budgetary basis\$Fund balances, end of year Reduce distribution of excess fees Increase general government expenditures2,388 (2,388)2,388	Capital outlay		38	329	301	28
expenses (14,604) (13,162) 1,442 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in 35,660 35,660 34,607 (1,053) Transfers out (18,950) (18,950) (19,057) (107) Distribution of excess fees (2,106) (2,106) (2,388) (282) Total other financing sources (uses) 14,604 14,604 13,162 (1,442) Net change in fund balances Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year \$ Fund balances, end of year 2,388 2,388 (2,388) 2,388 Increase general government expenditures 2,388 (2,388) 2,388	Total expenditures		34,329	34,329	32,460	1,869
Transfers in35,66035,66034,607(1,053)Transfers out(18,950)(18,950)(19,057)(107)Distribution of excess fees(2,106)(2,106)(2,388)(282)Total other financing sources (uses)14,60414,60413,162(1,442)Net change in fund balancesFund balances, beginning of yearFund balances, end of year-budgetary basis\$Fund balances, end of year\$Fund balances, end of year\$Fund balances, end of year\$Fund balances, end of year\$Fund balances, end of year\$\$Fund balances, end of year\$\$\$\$Reduce distribution of excess fees\$\$\$Increase general government expenditures\$ <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>(14,604)</td><td>(14,604)</td><td>(13,162)</td><td>1,442</td></t<>			(14,604)	(14,604)	(13,162)	1,442
Transfers out(18,950)(18,950)(19,057)(107)Distribution of excess fees(2,106)(2,106)(2,388)(282)Total other financing sources (uses)14,60414,60413,162(1,442)Net change in fund balancesFund balances, beginning of yearFund balances, end of year-budgetary basis\$Fund balances, end of year\$Fund balances, end of year\$2,388(2,388)Increase general government expenditures(2,388)(2,388)	Other financing sources (uses)					
Distribution of excess fees(2,106)(2,106)(2,388)(282)Total other financing sources (uses)14,60414,60413,162(1,442)Net change in fund balancesFund balances, beginning of yearFund balances, end of yearbudgetary basis\$Fund balances, end of year\$Fund balances, end of year\$Fund balances, end of year\$Fund balances, end of year\$Fund balances, end of year\$(2,388)\$Reduce distribution of excess fees2,388\$2,388Increase general government expenditures(2,388)\$	Transfers in		35,660	35,660	34,607	(1,053)
Total other financing sources (uses)(14,604(14,604(13,162(1,442)Net change in fund balancesFund balances, beginning of yearFund balances, end of yearbudgetary basis\$Fund balances, end of year\$Fund balances, end of year\$Fund balances, end of year\$Fund balances, end of year\$\$2,3882,388Increase general government expenditures(2,388)\$(2,388)	Transfers out		(18,950)	(18,950)	(19,057)	(107)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of yearbudgetary basis \$ Fund balances, end of year \$ Fund balances, end of year \$ Fund balances, end of year \$ \$ Fund balances, end of year \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,388 \$ Increase general government expenditures \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Distribution of excess fees		(2,106)	(2,106)	(2,388)	(282)
Fund balances, beginning of year <td>Total other financing sources (uses)</td> <td></td> <td>14,604</td> <td>14,604</td> <td>13,162</td> <td>(1,442)</td>	Total other financing sources (uses)		14,604	14,604	13,162	(1,442)
Fund balances, end of year-budgetary basis \$ Fund balances, end of year Reduce distribution of excess fees 2,388 2,388 Increase general government expenditures (2,388)	Net change in fund balances					
Fund balances, end of year Reduce distribution of excess fees 2,388 Increase general government expenditures (2,388)	Fund balances, beginning of year					
Reduce distribution of excess fees2,388Increase general government expenditures(2,388)	Fund balances, end of yearbudgetary basis	\$				
Reduce distribution of excess fees2,388Increase general government expenditures(2,388)	Fund balances, end of year					
	•				2,388	
	Increase general government expenditures				(2,388)	
				•		

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund - Property Appraiser (Budgetary Basis) For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 967	967	966	(1)
Total revenues	967	967	966	(1)
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	14,081	14,050	13,572	478
Capital outlay		31	31	
Total expenditures	14,081	14,081	13,603	478
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	(13,114)	(13,114)	(12,637)	477
	(,)	(10,11)	(,)	
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	13,114	13,114	13,115	1
Transfers out			(445)	(445)
Distribution of excess fees	<u> </u>		(33)	(33)
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,114	13,114	12,637	(477)
Net change in fund balances				
Fund balances, beginning of year				
Fund balances, end of yearbudgetary basis	\$			
To convert of GAAP basis: Reduce distribution of excess fees Increase general government expenditures Fund balances, end of yearGAAP basis		-	33 (33) 	

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund - Supervisor of Elections For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	 Budgeted A	mounts	A - 4	Variance With Final Budget-
	 Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: Current:	 			
General government	\$ 12,322	9,518	9,989	(471)
Capital outlay	500	500	35	465
Total expenditures	 12,822	10,018	10,024	(6)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	 (12,822)	(10,018)	(10,024)	(6)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	12,822	12,822	12,822	
Transfers out		(2,804)	(2,798)	6
Total other financing sources (uses)	 12,822	10,018	10,024	6
Net change in fund balances				
Fund balances, beginning of year				
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 			

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund - Clerk of Circuit Court For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental - grants	\$	1,499	2,253	1,913	(340)
Charges for services		7,772	7,837	10,670	2,833
Interest		84	84	13	(71)
Total revenues	_	9,355	10,174	12,596	2,422
Expenditures: Current:					
General government		34,795	34,949	31,346	3,603
Capital outlay		537	1,202	1,192	10
Total expenditures		35,332	36,151	32,538	3,613
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses		(25,977)	(25,977)	(19,942)	6,035
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out		26,063 (86)	26,063 (86)	26,063 (6,121)	(6,035)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	25,977	25,977	19,942	(6,035)
Net change in fund balances					
Fund balances, beginning of year			<u> </u>		
Fund balances, end of year	\$				

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

(amounts in thousands)

400570		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS	¢	60 510	15 967	20 020	115 015
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	60,519	15,867	38,829	115,215
Investments		152,770	54,401	133,113	340,284
Accounts receivable, net		517			517
Interest receivable		333	128	309	770
Delinquent ad valorem taxes receivable		110	12		122
Due from other funds		3,450	146		3,596
Due from other governmental units		3,338			3,338
Inventories		52			52
Prepaid items	_	89			89
Total assets	=	221,178	70,554	172,251	463,983
LIABILITIES					
Accounts and contracts payable		4,595	478	10,813	15,886
Accrued liabilities		4,179			4,179
Due to other funds		531			531
Due to other governmental units		18			18
Unearned revenues		841	67		908
Deposits held		1,382		6	1,388
Total liabilities	_	11,546	545	10,819	22,910
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenues		110	12		122
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	110	12		122
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:					
Inventories and prepaid items Restricted for:		141			141
Bond covenants		690		80,619	81,309
Debt service			69,997		69,997
Grant programs and projects		1,105			1,105
Federal and state law		131,095		119	131,214
Impact fees		16,662			16,662
Other purposes		10,763			10,763
Committed to:					
BOCC ordinance / other purposes		38,066			38,066
Assigned to:					
Capital projects				80,694	80,694
Major maintenance and repair projects		9,469			9,469
BOCC resolutions / other purposes		1,573			1,573
Unassigned	_	(42)			(42)
Total fund balances		209,522	69,997	161,432	440,951
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	221,178	70,554	172,251	463,983

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes - ad valorem property taxes	\$ 58,266	8,270		66,536
Taxes - other	18,359			18,359
Licenses, permits, special assessments	56,178			56,178
Intergovernmental - grants	7,439			7,439
Charges for services	51,756	145		51,901
Fines and forfeitures	5,654			5,654
Interest	275	42	138	455
Miscellaneous	239	932	732	1,903
Total revenues	198,166	9,389	870	208,425
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	39,884	2,140	3,750	45,774
Public safety	44,731	, 	208	44,939
Physical environment	6,249		141	6,390
Transportation	2,578			2,578
Economic environment			1	· 1
Human services			23	23
Culture and recreation	44,026		1,048	45,074
Capital outlay	44,250		77,124	121,374
Debt service:				
Principal		137,642		137,642
Interest and fiscal charges	238	28,957		29,195
Total expenditures	181,956	168,739	82,295	432,990
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	16,210	(159,350)	(81,425)	(224,565)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	39,334	115,081	29,221	183,636
Transfers out	(21,043)	(225,070)	(8,256)	(254,369)
Face amount of long-term debt issued		266,922		266,922
Premiums on long-term debt issued		17,895		17,895
Sales of capital assets	408		175	583
Total other financing sources (uses)	18,699	174,828	21,140	214,667
Net change in fund balances	34,909	15,478	(60,285)	(9,898)
Fund balances, beginning of year	174,619	54,519	221,717	450,855
Increase (decrease) in nonspendable fund balances	(6)			(6)
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 209,522	69,997	161,432	440,951

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:

Unincorporated Area Special Purpose Revenue Fund – To account for special purpose revenues used to provide services for residents of the unincorporated areas of the County.

Library Fund – To account for ad valorem taxes and state grant funds designated to operate and maintain the countywide Tampa-Hillsborough County Public Library System.

Infrastructure Surtax Projects Fund – To account for capital projects associated with use of the County's share of the voter-approved local government infrastructure discretionary sales surtax levied per Section 212.055, Florida Statutes. This sales tax, commonly known as the Community Investment Tax, may be used to purchase or construct equipment or infrastructure related to jails, criminal justice computer systems, fire stations, streets and traffic intersections, stormwater systems, parks, and libraries. This tax is shared with the Hillsborough County School Board, the Tampa Sports Authority, and the three municipalities located in the County.

SHERIFF:

Child Protective Investigations Fund – To account for revenues and expenditures for child protective investigations.

Special Use Fund – To account for specific revenue sources designated for law enforcement within the unincorporated areas of the County.

Inmate Welfare Fund – To account for the revenues and expenditures related to sales to inmates of merchandise such as toiletries, cigarettes, snacks, and inmate phone calls, as well as inmate programs funded by these revenues.

Misdemeanor Probation Services Fund – To account for the revenues and expenditures related to the Sheriff's provision of misdemeanor probation services.

Communications 911 Fund – To account for the revenues and expenditures related to the Sheriff's 911 operations.

BOCC Special Projects Fund – To account for the revenues and expenditures related to funds that may only be expended for certain major maintenance and renovation projects.

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS:

Grants Fund – To account for federal, state, or other grants received by the Supervisor of Elections for programs including voter education and equipment as well as the recruiting and training of poll workers.

CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT:

Court Operations and Public Records Fund – To account for the Clerk of Circuit Court's court operations as an officer of the court including clerical and administrative functions of the courts, keeping records, maintaining dockets, providing courtroom clerks for the judiciary, and collecting and disbursing fines, forfeitures and other court costs, and keeping custody of court funds. The Clerk of Circuit Court also conducts court-ordered sales of property, as well as runs the depository for collecting and disbursing court-ordered child support and alimony payments.

To account for the following: Public Records Modernization Trust Fund for equipment, maintenance, personnel training, and technical assistance for modernizing public records per Florida Statute 28.24(12)(d). Public Records Court Technology Trust Fund to operate/support an integrated computer system for judicial agencies and support state court system operations per Florida Statute 28.24(12)(e)(1). Foreclosure Public Education Fund to educate the public of their rights in foreclosure proceedings per Florida Statute 45.035(2)(a), and Public Records Court Operations Trust Fund for Clerk court-related operational needs and program enhancements per Florida Statute 28.37(2).

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS					
400570	Unincorporated Area Special Purpose	Library	Infrastructure Surtax Projects			
ASSETS	\$ 18,152	11,894	11,590			
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	φ 18,152 62,230	40,775	39,735			
Accounts receivable, net	2	40,775	39,735			
Interest receivable	145	95	93			
Delinquent ad valorem taxes receivable	6	104				
Due from other funds	578	1,005	1,459			
Due from other governmental units	3,045	(1)				
Inventories		52				
Prepaid items						
Total assets	84,158	53,969	52,877			
LIABILITIES						
Accounts and contracts payable	2,802	1,156	403			
Accrued liabilities	849	1,223				
Due to other funds	43	23				
Due to other governmental units						
Unearned revenues	332	509				
Deposits held	1,382					
Total liabilities	5,408	2,911	403			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues	6	104				
Total deferred inflows of resources	6	104				
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories and prepaid items Restricted for:		52				
Bond covenants						
Grant programs and projects		5				
Federal and state law	12,974	50,897	52,474			
Impact fees	16,662					
Other purposes						
Committed to:						
BOCC ordinance / other purposes	38,066					
Assigned to:	0.400					
Major maintenance and repair projects	9,469					
BOCC resolutions / other purposes	1,573					
Unassigned Total fund balances		 50,954				
		00,004	02,717			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 84,158</u>	53,969	52,877			

SHERIFF							
Child Protective Investigations	Special Use	Inmate Welfare	Misdemeanor Probation Services	Communications 911	BOCC Special Projects		
1,627	438	362	16	218	690		
		10,030					
	5	465					
			 408				
			400				
66	23						
1,693	466	10,857	424	218	690		
16	103	16					
392	7	61	 42	 17			
101	332	17	10	5			
18							
527	442	94	52	22			
-							
66	23						
					690		
1,100							
	43		372	196			
		10,763					
	(42)						
1,166	24	10,763	372	196	690		
1,693	466	10,857	424	218_	690		

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	SUPERVISOR	CLERK	
	Supervisor of Elections Grants	Court Operations & Public Records	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,532	60,519
Investments			152,770
Accounts receivable, net			517
Interest receivable			333
Delinquent ad valorem taxes receivable			110
Due from other funds			3,450
Due from other governmental units		294	3,338
Inventories			52
Prepaid items			89
Total assets		15,826	221,178
LIABILITIES			
Accounts and contracts payable		99	4,595
Accrued liabilities		1,588	4,179
Due to other funds			531
Due to other governmental units			18
Unearned revenues			841
Deposits held			1,382
Total liabilities		1,687	11,546
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenues			110
Total deferred inflows of resources			110
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable:			
Inventories and prepaid items			141
Restricted for:			171
Bond covenants			690
Grant programs and projects			1,105
Federal and state law		14,139	131,095
Impact fees			16,662
Other purposes			10,763
Committed to:			
BOCC ordinance / other purposes			38,066
Assigned to:			
Major maintenance and repair projects			9,469
BOCC resolutions / other purposes			1,573
Unassigned			(42)
Total fund balances		14,139	209,522
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources			
and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	15,826	221,178



HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS				
	Unincorporated Area Special Purpose	Library	Infrastructure Surtax Projects		
Revenues:					
Taxes - ad valorem property taxes	\$	58,266			
Taxes - other	18,359				
Licenses, permits, special assessments	56,178				
Intergovernmental - grants		881			
Charges for services	4,975	28			
Fines and forfeitures	97	(207)			
Interest	106	89	44		
Miscellaneous	85	<u> </u>			
Total revenues	79,800	59,068	44		
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	2,280	320	99		
Public safety	22,976	37			
Physical environment	6,249				
Transportation	2,578				
Culture and recreation	2,075	41,951			
Capital outlay	24,717	8,801	8,900		
Debt Service:					
Interest and fiscal charges			238		
Total expenditures	60,875	51,109	9,237		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	18,925	7,959	(9,193)		
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	8,170	493	28,050		
Transfers out	(18,007)	(1,565)			
Sales of capital assets					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,837)	(1,072)	28,050		
Net change in fund balances	9,088	6,887	18,857		
Fund balances, beginning of year	69,656	44,073	33,617		
Increase (decrease) in nonspendable fund balances		(6)			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 78,744	50,954	52,474		

SHERIFF							
Child Protective Investigations	Special Use	Inmate Welfare	Misdemeanor Probation Services	Communications 911	BOCC Special Projects		
5,250							
9,079	27	3,764	1,299	882			
	917						
		16					
<u>28</u> 14,357	<u></u>	5 3,785	1,299	882	<u>72</u> 72		
14,557	902	5,765	1,299	002	12		
14,435 	2,201	2,514	1,324	896	22		
 443	 104	 315			 819		
14,878	2,305	2,829	1,324	896	841		
(521)	(1,323)	956	(25)	(14)	(769)		
	2,621						
	(1,471)						
251	157						
251	1,307						
(270)	(16)	956	(25)	(14)	(769)		
1,436	40	9,807	397	210	1,459		
1,166	24	10,763	372	196	690		
, , , , ,		-, -,					

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

Taxes - other 18,359 Licenses, permits, special assessments 56,178 Intergovernmental - grants 466 842 7,439 Charges for services 31,702 51,756 Fines and forfeitures 4,847 5,654 Interest 1 19 275 Miscellaneous 239 Total revenues 4667 37,410 198,166 Expenditures: Current: General government 2,977 34,208 39,884 Public safety 326 44,731 Physical environment 6,249 Transportation 2,578 Culture and recreation 44,026		SUPERVISOR	CLERK	
Taxes - ad valorem property taxes \$ 58,266 Taxes - other 18,359 Licenses, permits, special assessments 56,178 Intergovernmental - grants 466 842 7,439 Charges for services 31,702 51,756 Fines and forfeitures 4,847 5,654 Interest 1 19 275 Miscellaneous 239 Total revenues 4667 37,410 198,166 Expenditures: Current: 44,731 Public safety 326 44,731 Physical environment 6,249 Transportation 2,578 Culture and recreation 2,578				Total
Taxes - other 18,359 Licenses, permits, special assessments 56,178 Intergovernmental - grants 466 842 7,439 Charges for services 31,702 51,756 Fines and forfeitures 4,847 5,654 Interest 1 19 275 Miscellaneous 239 Total revenues 4667 37,410 198,166 Expenditures: Current: General government 2,977 34,208 39,884 Public safety 326 44,731 Physical environment 6,249 Transportation 2,578 Culture and recreation 44,026	Revenues:			
Licenses, permits, special assessments 56,178 Intergovernmental - grants 466 842 7,439 Charges for services 31,702 51,756 Fines and forfeitures 4,847 5,654 Interest 1 19 275 Miscellaneous 239 Total revenues 467 37,410 198,166 Expenditures: Current: 44,731 General government 2,977 34,208 39,884 Public safety 326 44,731 Physical environment 6,249 Transportation 2,578 Culture and recreation 44,026	Taxes - ad valorem property taxes	\$		58,266
Intergovernmental - grants 466 842 7,439 Charges for services 31,702 51,756 Fines and forfeitures 4,847 5,654 Interest 1 19 275 Miscellaneous 239 Total revenues 467 37,410 198,166 Expenditures: 44,731 198,166 Current: General government 2,977 34,208 39,884 Public safety 326 44,731 Physical environment 6,249 Transportation 2,578 Culture and recreation 44,026				18,359
Charges for services 31,702 51,756 Fines and forfeitures 4,847 5,654 Interest 1 19 275 Miscellaneous 239 Total revenues 467 37,410 198,166 Expenditures: 2,977 34,208 39,884 Public safety 326 44,731 Physical environment 6,249 Transportation 2,578 Culture and recreation 44,026				
Fines and forfeitures 4,847 5,654 Interest 1 19 275 Miscellaneous 239 Total revenues 467 37,410 198,166 Expenditures: 2,977 34,208 39,884 Public safety 326 44,731 Physical environment 6,249 Transportation 2,578 Culture and recreation 44,026		466		7,439
Interest 1 19 275 Miscellaneous 239 Total revenues 467 37,410 198,166 Expenditures: 2,977 34,208 39,884 Public safety 326 44,731 Physical environment 6,249 Transportation 2,578 Culture and recreation 44,026	•			
Miscellaneous 239 Total revenues 467 37,410 198,166 Expenditures: Current: 6 37,410 198,166 General government 2,977 34,208 39,884 Public safety 326 44,731 Physical environment 6,249 Transportation 2,578 Culture and recreation 44,026	Fines and forfeitures		4,847	5,654
Total revenues 467 37,410 198,166 Expenditures: Current: General government 2,977 34,208 39,884 Public safety 326 44,731 Physical environment 6,249 Transportation 2,578 Culture and recreation 44,026	Interest	1	19	275
Expenditures: Current: General government2,97734,20839,884Public safety32644,731Physical environment6,249Transportation2,578Culture and recreation44,026	Miscellaneous			239
Current: 2,977 34,208 39,884 Public safety 326 44,731 Physical environment 6,249 Transportation 2,578 Culture and recreation 44,026	Total revenues	467	37,410	198,166
General government 2,977 34,208 39,884 Public safety 326 44,731 Physical environment 6,249 Transportation 2,578 Culture and recreation 44,026	•			
Public safety32644,731Physical environment6,249Transportation2,578Culture and recreation44,026	-	2 977	34 208	39 884
Physical environment6,249Transportation2,578Culture and recreation44,026	-			
Transportation2,578Culture and recreation44,026	-			
Culture and recreation 44,026	•			
	•			
Capital outlay 98 53 44 250	Capital outlay	98	53	44,250
Debt Service:				1,200
Interest and fiscal charges 238	Interest and fiscal charges			238
		3,401	34,261	181,956
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,934)	3,149	16,210
	Other financing courses (uses)			
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in 39.334				39,334
,				(21,043)
•				408
				18,699
Net change in fund balances (2,934) 3,149 34,909	Net change in fund balances	(2,934)	3,149	34,909
Fund balances, beginning of year2,93410,990174,619	Fund balances, beginning of year	2,934	10,990	174,619
Increase (decrease) in nonspendable fund balances (6	Increase (decrease) in nonspendable fund balances			(6)
Fund balances, end of year \$ 14,139 209,522	Fund balances, end of year	\$	14,139	209,522

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Unincorporated Area Special Purpose Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					<u> </u>
Taxes - other	\$	18,767	18,767	18,359	(408)
Licenses, permits, special assessments		54,081	54,080	56,178	2,098
Charges for services		3,619	3,619	4,975	1,356
Fines and forfeitures		42	42	97	55
Interest		237	237	106	(131)
Miscellaneous		78	78	85	7
Total revenues		76,824	76,823	79,800	2,977
Expenditures: Current:					
General government		5,769	6,705	2,280	4,425
Public safety		26,770	26,830	22,976	3,854
Physical environment		7,207	8,860	6,249	2,611
Transportation		6,227	6,278	2,578	3,700
Culture and recreation		6,359	6,028	2,075	3,953
Capital outlay Debt service:		55,778	57,412	24,717	32,695
Interest and fiscal charges			186		186
Total expenditures		108,110	112,299	60,875	51,424
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		<i></i>	<i>(</i> ,,		
expenditures		(31,286)	(35,476)	18,925	54,401
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		7,925	7,925	8,170	245
Transfers out		(17,259)	(20,453)	(18,007)	2,446
Face amount of long-term debt issued			2,729		(2,729)
Budgetary reserves		(18,206)	(14,825)		14,825
Budget allowance		(3,840)	(3,840)		3,840
Total other financing sources (uses)		(31,380)	(28,464)	(9,837)	18,627
Net change in fund balances		(62,666)	(63,940)	9,088	73,028
Fund balances, beginning of year		62,666	63,940	69,656	5,716
Fund balances, end of year	\$			78,744	78,744

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Library Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted /	Amounts	Astus	Variance With Final Budget-	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes - ad valorem property taxes	\$ 60,970	60,970	58,266	(2,704)	
Intergovernmental - grants	1,077	887	881	(6)	
Charges for services	370	370	28	(342)	
Fines and forfeitures	48	48	(207)	(255)	
Interest	94	94	89	(5)	
Miscellaneous	10	10	11	1	
Total revenues	62,569	62,379	59,068	(3,311)	
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	(502)	(502)	320	(822)	
Public safety		37	37		
Culture and recreation	47,197	46,915	41,951	4,964	
Capital outlay	21,268	22,989	8,801	14,188	
Total expenditures	67,963	69,439	51,109	18,330	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	(5,394)	(7,060)	7,959	15,019	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in			493	493	
Transfers out	(1,627)	(1,627)	(1,565)	62	
Budgetary reserves	(33,593)	(30,861)		30,861	
Budget allowance	(3,075)	(3,075)		3,075	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(38,295)	(35,563)	(1,072)	34,491	
Net change in fund balances	(43,689)	(42,623)	6,887	49,510	
Fund balances, beginning of year	43,689	42,623	44,073	1,450	
Increase (decrease) in nonspendable fund balances			(6)	(6)	
Fund balances, end of year	\$		50,954	50,954	

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Infrastructure Surtax Projects Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Interest	\$	104	152	44	(108)
Total revenues		104	152	44	(108)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		30	155	99	56
Transportation		1,009	1,007		1,007
Capital outlay		37,305	62,764	8,900	53,864
Debt service:					
Principal		3,000	2,875		2,875
Interest and fiscal charges		1,005	1,005	238	767
Total expenditures		42,349	67,806	9,237	58,569
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures		(42,245)	(67,654)	(9,193)	58,461
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		9,933	28,050	28,050	
Face amount of long-term debt issued		7,402	9,962		(9,962)
Budgetary reserves		(3,820)	(4,373)		4,373
Total other financing sources (uses)		13,515	33,639	28,050	(5,589)
Net change in fund balances		(28,730)	(34,015)	18,857	52,872
Fund balances, beginning of year		28,730	34,015	33,617	(398)
Fund balances, end of year	\$			52,474	52,474

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Sheriff Special Use Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive	
	0	riginal	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$			27	27	
Fines and forfeitures				917	917	
Miscellaneous				38	38	
Total revenues				982	982	
Expenditures: Current:						
Public safety		2,516	2,516	2,201	315	
Capital outlay			105	104	1	
Total expenditures		2,516	2,621	2,305	316	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenses		(2,516)	(2,621)	(1,323)	1,298	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		2,516	2,621	2,621		
Transfers out				(1,471)	(1,471)	
Sales of capital assets				157	157	
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,516	2,621	1,307	(1,314)	
Net change in fund balances				(16)	(16)	
Fund balances, beginning of year				40	40	
Fund balances, end of year	\$			24	24	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Clerk Court Operations and Public Records Fund (Budgetary Basis) For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

(amounts in thousands)

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental - grants	\$	456	660	842	182
Charges for services		26,548	26,548	31,702	5,154
Fines and forfeitures		4,772	4,772	4,847	75
Interest		161	161	19	(142)
Total revenues		31,937	32,141	37,410	5,269
Expenditures: Current:					
General government		31,779	32,604	29,963	2,641
Capital outlay		538	554	53	501
Total expenditures	_	32,317	33,158	30,016	3,142
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		(280)	(1.017)	7 204	0 /11
expenses		(380)	(1,017)	7,394	8,411
Other financing sources (uses)					
Budgetary reserves		(730)	(1,367)		(1,367)
Distribution of excess fees		(350)	(350)	(4,245)	(3,895)
Total other financing sources (uses)		380	1,017	(4,245)	(5,262)
Net change in fund balances				3,149	3,149
Fund balances, beginning of year				10,990	10,990
Fund balances, end of yearbudgetary basis	\$			14,139	14,139
Fund balances, end of year Reduce distribution of excess fees				4,245	
Increase general government expenditures Fund balances, end of yearGAAP basis				(4,245) \$ 14,139	

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:

2002 Parks and Recreation Fund – To account for the annual debt service requirements of the Unincorporated Area Parks and Recreation Program General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2002. Interest and principal payments are due through final maturity in July 2025. Payment of debt service is secured by ad valorem taxes levied on the assessed value of taxable real property in the County's unincorporated area.

2005 Court Facilities Improvement Fund – To account for the annual debt service requirements of the Court Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2005. Interest and principal payments are due through final maturity in November 2029. Payment of debt service is secured by a pledge of court surcharge and Community Investment Tax revenues (until the earlier of December 1, 2026 or the date such tax is released pursuant to Section 33 of the Bond Resolution).

2005 Tampa Bay Arena Refunding Revenue Bonds Fund – To account for the annual debt service requirements on the Tampa Bay Arena Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2005. Interest and principal payments are due through final maturity in October 2026. Payment of debt service is secured by a pledge on legally available non-ad valorem revenues. Non-ad valorem revenues include Guaranteed Entitlement Revenues, Mobile Home License Fees, Alcoholic Beverage License Taxes, Local Business Taxes, and Local Government Half-Cent Sales Tax revenues.

2016 Capital Improvement Program Refunding Revenue Bond Fund – To account for the annual debt service requirements on the Capital Improvement Program Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 and Series 2016.

2017 Fourth Cent Tourist Development Tax Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds Fund – To account for the annual debt service requirements on the Fourth Cent Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 and Fourth Cent Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A and B. Interest and principal payments on the 2006 Series were paid through the defeasance date of February 16, 2017. Interest and principal payments on the 2017 Series are due through final maturity in 2035. Payment of debt service is secured by a pledge limited to Fourth Cent Tourist Development Tax revenues.

2017 Fifth Cent Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds Fund – To account for the annual debt service requirements on the Fifth Cent Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A and Fifth Cent Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2017. Interest and principal payments on the 2006 Series were paid through the defeasance date of October 27, 2016. Interest and principal payments on the 2017 Series are due through final maturity in October 2046. Payment of debt service is secured by a pledge limited to Fifth Cent Tourist Development Tax revenues.

2019 Capital Improvement Program Revenue Bonds Fund – To account for the annual debt service requirements on the Capital Improvement Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2019. Interest and principal payments are due through final maturity in August 2049. Payment of this debt is secured by a pledge on legally available non-ad valorem revenues, which include Guaranteed Entitlement Revenues, Mobile Home License Fees, Alcoholic Beverage License Taxes, Local Business Taxes, and Local Government Half-Cent Sales Tax revenues

2008 Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Refunding Revenue Bonds and 2017 Note Fund – To account for the sinking fund requirements of the Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2008. These bonds were partially refunded on September 26, 2017. Interest and principal payments on the 2008 Series are due through final maturity in July 2028. Principal and interest payments on the 2017 Series are due through final maturity in July 2028. Principal and interest payments on the 2017 Series are due through final maturity in July 2028. Payment of this debt is secured by a pledge on legally available non-ad valorem revenues, which include Guaranteed Entitlement Revenues, Mobile Home License Fees, Alcoholic Beverage License Taxes, Local Business Taxes, and Local Government Half-Cent Sales Tax revenues.

2009/2019 Environmentally Sensitive Lands Acquisition and Protection Program (ELAPP) Fund – To account for the annual debt service requirements of the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009A and 2009B. Interest and principal payments are due through final maturities in 2019 and 2039, respectively. Payment of debt service is secured by a pledge on all taxable property in the County's unincorporated area. The Series 1998 and 2003 Bonds were also accounted for in this fund in prior years. This fund was also used to account for money to be set aside for a new ELAPP bond issue that was planned but not issued during fiscal year 2016.

2012 Community Investment Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds Fund – To account for the annual debt service requirements on the Community Investment Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds (CIT), Series 2012A and 2012B. Interest and principal payments are due through final maturity in November 2025. Debt service is secured by a pledge of the Community Investment Tax revenues and related investment earnings.

2012 Capital Improvement Program Revenue Bonds Fund – To account for the annual debt service requirements on the Capital Improvement Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2012. Interest and principal payments are due through final maturity in November 2025. Debt service is payable solely from a pledge of the local government half-cent sales tax revenues.

2015 Community Investment Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds – To account for the annual debt service requirements of the Community Investment Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015. Interest and principal payments are due through final maturity in November 2025. Debt service is secured by a pledge of the Community Investment Tax revenues and related earnings.

Commercial Paper Program (M2Gen, Arena, etc.) – To account for commercial paper notes for the Community Investment Tax (CIT) Program, Amalie Arena as well as the sinking fund requirements of commercial paper issued for the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center & Research Institute / Merck (M2Gen) project. Although the commercial paper notes are expected to be rolled over as needed, there is also a plan to "amortize" this liability over the 30-year life of the project.

2015 Communications Services Tax Revenue Bonds – To account for the annual debt service requirements of the Communication Services Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015. Interest and principal payments are due through final maturity in October 2045. Debt service is secured by a pledge of the Communications Services Tax revenues and related earnings.

2018 Community Investment Tax Revenue Bonds Fund – To account for the annual debt service requirements on the Community Investment Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2018. Interest and principal payments are due through final maturity in November 2026. Payment of debt is secured by the County's Community Investment Tax revenues and all related investment earnings.

Half Cent Transportation Plan Fund – To account for the annual debt service requirements on the Half Cent Transportation Plan planned bond issuance. Payment of debt is secured by the County's voter approved Half Cent Transportation Surtax revenues and all related investment earnings.

2021 Non-Ad Valorem Capital Improvement Program Transportation Fund – To account for the annual debt service requirements on the 2021 Transportation Capital Improvement bonds. Payment of debt is secured by Non-Ad Valorem Revenues which are budgeted and appropriated by the County.

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2021

(amounts in thousands)

	 2 Parks and creation	2005 Court Facilities	2005 Arena Refunding	2016 Capital Improvement Program
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 216	415	277	295
Investments	740	1,423	950	1,011
Interest receivable	2	3	2	2
Delinquent ad valorem taxes receivable	1			
Due from other funds	 33			
Total assets	 992	1,841	1,229	1,308
LIABILITIES				
Accounts and contracts payable				
Unearned revenues	 14			
Total liabilities	 14			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenues	 1			
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1			
FUND BALANCES Restricted for:				
Debt service	977	1,841	1,229	1,308
Total fund balances	 977	1,841	1,229	1,308
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources				
and fund balances	\$ 992	1,841	1,229	1,308

2017 4th Cent Tourist Development Tax	2017 5th Cent Tourist Development Tax	2019 Capital Improvement Program	2008/2017 Capital Improvement Program	2009/2019 ELAPP	2012 CIT
387	343	219	81	781	1,884
1,328	1,177	752	278	2,677	6,459
4	3	2	1	6	15
				11	
				113	
1,719	1,523	973	360	3,588	8,358
				53	
				53	
				11	
				11	
				<u></u>	
1,719	1,523	973	360	3,524	8,358
1,719	1,523	973	360	3,524	8,358
	<u> </u>			·	<u> </u>
1,719	1,523	973	360	3,588	8,358

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Impi	2 Capital rovement rogram	2015 CIT	Half Cent Transportation Plan	Commercial Paper
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	529	3,796	149	4,611
Investments		1,815	13,014	510	15,808
Interest receivable		5	30	1	37
Delinquent ad valorem taxes receivable					
Due from other funds					
Total assets		2,349	16,840	660	20,456
LIABILITIES					
Accounts and contracts payable				193	285
Unearned revenues					
Total liabilities				193	285
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenues					
Total deferred inflows of resources					
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for:					
Debt service		2,349	16,840	467	20,171
Total fund balances		2,349	16,840	467	20,171
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources					
and fund balances	\$	2,349	16,840	660	20,456

Communications Services Tax	2018 CIT	2021 Capital Improvement Program Transportation	Total
	2010 011	Indhoportation	lotai
722	1,159	3	15,867
2,477	3,973	9	54,401
, 6	9		128
			12
			146
3,205	5,141	12	70,554
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
			478
			67
			545
			12
			12
3,205	5,141	12	69,997
3,205	5,141	12	69,997
3 205	5 1 / 1	12	70 5E4
3,205	5,141	12	70,554

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	2002 Parks and Recreation	2005 Court Facilities	2005 Arena Refunding	2016 Capital Improvement Program
Revenues:				
Taxes - ad valorem property taxes	\$ 1,693			
Charges for services			145	
Interest	2	1		2
Miscellaneous				863
Total revenues	1,695	1	145	865
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government				
Debt service:				
Principal	1,095	1,754	992	2,305
Interest and fiscal charges	239	275	151	443
Total expenditures	1,334	2,029	1,143	2,748
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	361	(2,028)	(998)	(1,883)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	18	1,972	1,013	2,741
Transfers out	(56)			
Face amount of long-term debt issued				
Premiums on long-term debt issued				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(38)	1,972	1,013	2,741
Net change in fund balances	323	(56)	15	858
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	654	1,897	1,214	450
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 977	1,841	1,229	1,308

2017 4th Cent Tourist Development Tax	2017 5th Cent Tourist Development Tax	2019 Capital Improvement Program	2008/2017 Capital Improvement Program	2009/2019 ELAPP
_				6,577
		3	1	1
			69	
		3	70	6,578
1,045	865		1,108	1,985
1,251	1,212	5,000	221	3,409
2,296	2,077	5,000	1,329	5,394
(2,296)	(2,077)	(4,997)	(1,259)	1,184
2,151 	2,074	5,882 	1,244 	59 (186)
2,151	2,074	5,882	1,244	(127)
(145)	(3)	885	(15)	1,057
1,864	1,526	88	375	2,467
1,719	1,523	973	360	3,524

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	2012 CIT	2012 Capital Improvement Program	2015 CIT
Revenues:		U	
Taxes - ad valorem property taxes	\$ 		
Charges for services			
Interest	1	8	3
Miscellaneous	 		
Total revenues	 1	8	3
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government Debt service:			
Principal	7,825	5,521	15,420
Interest and fiscal charges	 2,018	1,142	4,889
Total expenditures	 9,843	6,663	20,309
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (9,842)	(6,655)	(20,306)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	9,906	6,484	20,371
Transfers out			
Face amount of long-term debt issued			
Premiums on long-term debt issued	 		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 9,906	6,484	20,371
Net change in fund balances	64	(171)	65
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	8,294	2,520	16,775
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 8,358	2,349	16,840

Half Cent Transportation Plan	Commercial Paper	Communications Services Tax	2018 CIT	2021 Capital Improvement Program Transportation	Total
					8,270
					145
	17	2	1		42
					932
	17	2	1		9,389
123	146		1	1,870	2,140
57,800	34,507	1,335	4,085		137,642
1,647	531	2,718	2,713	1,098	28,957
59,570	35,184	4,053	6,799	2,968	168,739
	/	,	- ,	,	,
(59,570)	(35,167)	(4,051)	(6,798)	(2,968)	(159,350)
27,113	21,959	4,249	6,747	1,098	115,081
(19,000)	(525)			(205,303)	(225,070)
52,000	25,632			189,290	266,922
				17,895	17,895
60,113	47,066	4,249	6,747	2,980	174,828
543	11,899	198	(51)	12	15,478
(76)	8,272	3,007	5,192	-	54,519
467	20,171	3,205	5,141	12	69,997

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 2002 Parks and Recreation Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

		Budgeted A	Variance With		
	0	riginal	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Taxes - ad valorem property taxes	\$	1,815	1,815	1,693	(122)
Interest		1_	1	2	1
Total revenues		1,816	1,816	1,695	(121)
Expenditures: Current:					
Debt service:					
Principal		1,095	1,095	1,095	
Interest and fiscal charges		239	239	239	
Total expenditures		1,334	1,334	1,334	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses		482	482	361	(121)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in				18	18
Transfers out		(63)	(63)	(56)	7
Budgetary reserves		(933)	(933)		933
Budget allowance		(91)	(91)		91
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,087)	(1,087)	(38)	1,049
Net change in fund balances		(605)	(605)	323	928
Fund balances, beginning of year		605	605	654	49
Fund balances, end of year	\$			977	977

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and **Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual** 2005 Court Facilities Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted /	Amounts	A	Variance With Final Budget-
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Interest	<u>\$ 7</u>	7	1	(6)
Total revenues	7	7	1	(6)
Expenditures: Current:				
General government Debt service:	75	75		75
Principal	1,754	1,754	1,754	
Interest and fiscal charges	275	275	275	
Total expenditures	2,104	2,104	2,029	75
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	(2,097)	(2,097)	(2,028)	69_
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	1,972	1,972	1,972	
Budgetary reserves	(1,681)	(1,681)		1,681
Total other financing sources (uses)	291	291	1,972	1,681
Net change in fund balances	(1,806)	(1,806)	(56)	1,750
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,806	1,806	1,897	91
Fund balances, end of year	\$		1,841	1,841

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 2005 Tampa Bay Arena Refunding Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive	
	C	Driginal	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	100	100	145	45	
Interest		6	6		(6)	
Total revenues		106	106	145	39	
Expenditures: Current:						
General government Debt service:		9	9		9	
Principal		992	992	992		
Interest and fiscal charges		151	151	151		
Total expenditures		1,152	1,152	1,143	9	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenses		(1,046)	(1,046)	(998)	48	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		1,013	1,013	1,013		
Budgetary reserves		(1,092)	(1,092)		1,092	
Budget allowance		(5)	(5)		5	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(84)	(84)	1,013	1,097	
Net change in fund balances		(1,130)	(1,130)	15	1,145	
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,130	1,130	1,214	84	
Fund balances, end of year	\$			1,229	1,229	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 2016 Capital Improvement Program (CIP) Refunding Revenue Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			A = (Variance With Final Budget-	
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Interest	\$	1	1	2	1	
Miscellaneous				863	863	
Total revenues		1	1	865	864	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		10	10		10	
Debt service:						
Principal		2,305	2,305	2,305		
Interest and fiscal charges		443	443	443		
Total expenditures		2,758	2,758	2,748	10	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenses		(2,757)	(2,757)	(1,883)	874	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		2,741	2,741	2,741		
Budgetary reserves		(458)	(458)		458	
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,283	2,283	2,741	458	
Net change in fund balances		(474)	(474)	858	1,332	
Fund balances, beginning of year		474	474	450	(24)	
Fund balances, end of year	\$			1,308	1,308	

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 4th Cent Tourist Development Tax Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted A	Amounts	A - 4 I	Variance With Final Budget-	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Interest	<u>\$ 7</u>	7		(7)	
Total revenues	7	7		(7)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	10	10		10	
Debt service:	4.045	4.045	4.045		
Principal	1,045	1,045	1,045		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,251	1,251	1,251		
Total expenditures	2,306	2,306	2,296	10	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenses	(2,299)	(2,299)	(2,296)	3	
	<u>(_,</u>	(_,/			
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	2,151	2,151	2,151		
Budgetary reserves	(1,713)	(1,713)		1,713	
Total other financing sources (uses)	438	438	2,151	1,713	
Net change in fund balances	(1,861)	(1,861)	(145)	1,716	
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,861	1,861	1,864	3	
Fund balances, end of year	\$		1,719	1,719	

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 5th Cent Tourist Development Tax Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive	
	Or	riginal	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Interest	\$	5	<u> </u>		(5)	
Total revenues		5	5		(5)	
Expenditures:						
Current:		_	_		_	
General government Debt service:		5	5		5	
Principal		865	865	865		
Interest and fiscal charges		1,212	1,212	1,212		
Total expenditures		2,082	2,082	2,077	5	
		2,002	2,002	2,011		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenses		(2,077)	(2,077)	(2,077)		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		2,074	2,074	2,074		
Budgetary reserves		(1,521)	(1,521)		1,521	
Total other financing sources (uses)		553	553	2,074	1,521	
Net change in fund balances		(1,524)	(1,524)	(3)	1,521	
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,524	1,524	1,526	2	
Fund balances, end of year	\$		·	1,523	1,523	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 2019 Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues:				_	
Interest	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	3	3	
Total revenues			3	3	
Expenditures:					
Debt service:					
Interest and fiscal charges	5,049		5,000	49	
Total expenditures	5,049	5,049	5,000	49	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	(5,049) (5,049)	(4,997)	52	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	5,882	5,882	5,882		
Budgetary reserves	(833	(833)		833	
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,049		5,882	833	
Net change in fund balances			885	885	
Fund balances, beginning of year			88	88	
Fund balances, end of year	\$		973	973	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 2008 Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

		Budgeted A	mounts	A - 4 1	Variance With Final Budget-	
	(Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Interest	\$	2	2	1	(1)	
Miscellaneous		69	69	69		
Total revenues		71	71	70	(1)	
Expenditures:						
Debt service:						
Principal		1,108	1,108	1,108		
Interest and fiscal charges		224	224	221	3	
Total expenditures		1,332	1,332	1,329	3	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenses		(1,261)	(1,261)	(1,259)	2	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		1,244	1,244	1,244		
Budgetary reserves		(335)	(335)		335	
Budget allowance		(4)	(4)		4	
Total other financing sources (uses)		905	905	1,244	339	
Net change in fund balances		(356)	(356)	(15)	341	
Fund balances, beginning of year		356	356	375	19	
Fund balances, end of year	\$			360	360	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

2009/2019 Environmentally Sensitive Lands Acquisition and Protection Program Debt Service Fund

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Budg	eted Amounts	- Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes - ad valorem property taxes	\$ 6,9	933 6,933	6,577	(356)	
Interest		17 17	1	(16)	
Total revenues	6,9	950 6,950	6,578	(372)	
Expenditures: Current:					
General government Debt service:		9 9		9	
Principal	1,9	985 1,985	1,985		
Interest and fiscal charges	3,4	409 3,409	3,409		
Total expenditures	5,4	403 5,403	5,394	9	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenses	1,	547 1,547	1,184	(363)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in			59	59	
Transfers out	•	225) (1,225)	(186)	1,039	
Budgetary reserves	•	859) (2,441)		2,441	
Budget allowance	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	348) (348)		348	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,4	432) (4,014)	(127)	3,887	
Net change in fund balances	(1,8	885) (2,467)	1,057	3,524	
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,8	885 2,467	2,467		
Fund balances, end of year	\$		3,524	3,524	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 2012 Community Investment Tax Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Interest	<u>\$ 32</u>	32	1	(31)	
Total revenues	32	32	11	(31)	
Expenditures: Current:					
General government Debt service:	9	9		9	
Principal	7,825	7,825	7,825		
Interest and fiscal charges	2,017	2,017	2,018	(1)	
Total expenditures	9,851	9,851	9,843	8	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenses	(9,819)	(9,819)	(9,842)	(23)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	9,906	9,906	9,906		
Budgetary reserves	(8,299)	(8,299)		8,299	
Budget allowance	(2)	(2)		2	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,605	1,605	9,906	8,301	
Net change in fund balances	(8,214)	(8,214)	64	8,278	
Fund balances, beginning of year	8,214	8,214	8,294	80	
Fund balances, end of year	\$		8,358	8,358	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 2012 Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Bı	udgeted A	mounts	• • •	Variance With Final Budget-	
	Origi	nal	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Interest	\$	6	6	8	2	
Total revenues		6	6	8	2	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		13	13		13	
Debt service:		E E01	E E01	E E01		
Principal		5,521	5,521	5,521		
Interest and fiscal charges		<u>1,144</u> 6,678	1,144 6,678	1,142	<u> </u>	
Total expenditures		0,070	0,070	6,663	15	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenses		(6,672)	(6,672)	(6,655)	17	
			<u>_</u>	<u> </u>		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		6,484	6,484	6,484		
Budgetary reserves		(2,240)	(2,240)		2,240	
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,244	4,244	6,484	2,240	
Net change in fund balances		(2,428)	(2,428)	(171)	2,257	
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,428	2,428	2,520	92	
Fund balances, end of year	\$			2,349	2,349	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 2015 Community Investment Tax Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Interest	<u>\$65</u>	65	3	(62)
Total revenues	65	65	3	(62)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	10	10		10
Debt service:				
Principal	15,420	15,420	15,420	
Interest and fiscal charges	4,889	4,889	4,889	
Total expenditures	20,319	20,319	20,309	10
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenses	(20,254)	(20,254)	(20,306)	(52)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	20,371	20,371	20,371	
Budgetary reserves	(16,731)	(16,731)		16,731
Budget allowance	(3)	(3)		3
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,637	3,637	20,371	16,734
Net change in fund balances	(16,617)	(16,617)	65	16,682
Fund balances, beginning of year	16,617	16,617	16,775	158
Fund balances, end of year	\$		16,840	16,840

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and **Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual** Half Cent Transportation Plan Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive	
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	\$		125	123	2	
Debt service:						
Principal		4,400	59,507	57,800	1,707	
Interest and fiscal charges		350	750	1,647	(897)	
Total expenditures		4,750	60,382	59,570	812	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenses	_	(4,750)	(60,382)	(59,570)	812	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		4,750	26,382	27,113	731	
Transfers out		(55,500)	(28,308)	(19,000)	9,308	
Face amount of long-term debt issued		55,500	62,308	52,000	(10,308)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,750	60,382	60,113	(269)	
Net change in fund balances				543	543	
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year				(76)	(76)	
Fund balances, end of year	\$		<u> </u>	467	467	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Improvement Commercial Paper Program (M2Gen) Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
	Origina	al	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental - grants	\$ 3	3,500	3,500		(3,500)
Interest		61	61	17	(44)
Total revenues		3,561	3,561	17	(3,544)
Expenditures: Current:					
General government		507	757	146	611
Debt service:					
Principal	23	3,070	49,318	34,507	14,811
Interest and fiscal charges	-	1,636	1,516	531	985
Total expenditures	25	5,213	51,591	35,184	16,407
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	(2)	1,652)	(48,030)	(35,167)	12,863
expenses	(2	1,032)	(40,000)	(33,107)	12,003
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	21	1,263	23,259	21,959	(1,300)
Transfers out	(30),945)	(6,025)	(525)	5,500
Face amount of long-term debt issued	29	9,500	31,632	25,632	(6,000)
Budgetary reserves	(5	5,320)	(6,218)		6,218
Budget allowance		(3)	(3)		3
Total other financing sources (uses)	14	1,495	42,645	47,066	4,421
Net change in fund balances	(7	7,157)	(5,385)	11,899	17,284
Fund balances, beginning of year	7	7,157	5,385	8,272	2,887
Fund balances, end of year	\$			20,171	20,171

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Communications Services Tax Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	E	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance With Final Budget-
	Orig	ginal	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Interest	\$	11	11	2	(9)
Total revenues		11	11	2	(9)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		50	50		50
Debt service:					
Principal		1,335	1,335	1,335	
Interest and fiscal charges		2,728	2,728	2,718	10
Total expenditures		4,113	4,113	4,053	60
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenses		(4,102)	(4,102)	(4,051)	51
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		4,249	4,249	4,249	
Budgetary reserves		(3,084)	(3,084)		3,084
Budget allowance		(1)	(1)		1
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,164	1,164	4,249	3,085
Net change in fund balances		(2,938)	(2,938)	198	3,136
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,938	2,938	3,007	69
Fund balances, end of year	\$			3,205	3,205

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 2018 Community Investment Tax Revenues Bonds Debt Service Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Interest	<u>\$ 19</u>	19	1	(18)	
Total revenues	19	19	1	(18)	
Expenditures: Current:					
General government Debt service:	50	50	1	49	
Principal	4,085	4,085	4,085		
Interest and fiscal charges	2,714	2,714	2,713	1	
Total expenditures	6,849	6,849	6,799	50	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	(6,830)	(6,830)	(6,798)	(68)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	6,747	6,747	6,747		
Budgetary reserves	(5,034)	(5,034)		5,034	
Budget allowance	(1)	(1)		1	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,712	1,712	6,747	5,035	
Net change in fund balances	(5,118)	(5,118)	(51)	5,067	
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,118	5,118	5,192	74	
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	5,141	5,141	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 2021 Non-Ad Valorem Capital Improvement Program Transportation For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive	
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Expenditures: Current:						
General government Debt service:	\$	1,429	1,882	1,870	12	
Principal		4,500				
Interest and fiscal charges		1,267	1,098	1,098		
Total expenditures		7,196	2,980	2,968	12	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses		(7,196)	(2,980)	(2,968)	(12)	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		5,150	2,665	1,098	(1,567)	
Transfers out		(185,398)	(205,303)	(205,303)		
Face amount of long-term debt issued		190,000	207,185	189,290	(17,895)	
Premiums on long-term debt issued				17,895	17,895	
Budgetary reserves		(2,556)	(1,567)		1,567	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	7,196	2,980	2,980		
Net change in fund balances				12	12	
Fund balances, beginning of year						
Fund balances, end of year	\$			12	12	

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:

Environmentally Sensitive Lands Acquisition Fund – To account for capital projects for the acquisition and restoration of environmentally sensitive land.

Court Facilities Improvement (Non–Bond) Fund – To account for court system contributions to acquire, construct, equip, and renovate the County's court system facilities.

Commercial Paper Non-CIT - Capital Improvement Program Fund – To account for the proceeds and debt service of the 2000 Capital Improvement Program Commercial Paper Notes, Series A, Series B (Alternative Minimum Tax), and Series C (Taxable) that are related to non-CIT backed general governmental purposes. These proceeds are used for purposes such as Moffitt/Merck's M2Gen project, and arena improvements. Interest and principal payments are due at the time each note matures.

Public Safety Operations Complex (PSOC) Project Fund – To account for a capital project to construct a new emergency operations center.

Countywide Capital Projects Fund – To account for capital projects, that are not included in any other capital project fund, that benefit residents throughout the County.

Unincorporated Area Capital Projects Fund – To account for capital projects, that are not included in any other capital project fund, that benefit residents of the unincorporated area of the County.

Next Generation 911 Projects Fund – To account for a capital project for acquisition of next generation equipment for handling 911 emergencies.

Stadium Improvements Project Fund – To account for a capital project for a contribution to the Raymond James Stadium Renovation.

BP Oil Spill Proceeds Project Fund – This capital project fund accounts for BP settlement funds allocated by the Board of County Commissioners to various Capital Improvement Program (CIP) projects. The projects focus on stormwater improvements, economic development initiatives, transportation safety improvements, trail development and various parks and recreation initiatives.

2019 Non Ad Valorem Capital Improvement Program Fund – To account for capital projects for parks, fire stations and other County facilities.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund

Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2021

(amounts	in	thousand	s)
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	Environmentally Sensitive Lands Acquisition		Court Facilities Non-Bond	Commercial Paper Non- CIT	PSOC Project	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,528	27	91	997	
Investments		32,664	92	310	3,420	
Interest receivable		76			8	
Total assets		42,268	119	401	4,425	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts and contracts payable		179		29	7	
Deposits held		6				
Total liabilities		185		29	7	
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
Federal and state law			119			
Bond covenants		25,869		372	4,418	
Assigned to:						
Capital projects		16,214				
Total fund balances		42,083	119	372	4,418	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	42,268	119	401	4,425	

Countywide	Unincorporated Area	Next Generation 911	BP Oil Spill Proceeds Project Fund	Stadium Improvements Project Fund	2019 Capital Improvement Projects	Total
9,262 31,753	2,775 9,513	48 166	2,690 9,223	9 30	13,402 45,942	38,829 133,113
74 41,089	<u> </u>	1 215	22 11,935		106 59,450	309 172,251
645	221	35	27		9,670	10,813
645	221	35	27		9,670	6 10,819
 		 180			 49,780	119 80,619
40,444	<u>12,089</u> 12,089		<u> </u>	<u>39</u> 39	49,780	80,694 161,432
41,089	12,310	215	11,935	39	59,450	172,251

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Environmentally Sensitive Lands Acquisition	Court Facilities Non-Bond	Commercial Paper Non- CIT	PSOC Project	Countywide
Revenues:					
Interest	\$ 21			6	
Miscellaneous	712				20
Total revenues	733			6	20
Expenditures: Current:					
General government					2,113
Public safety					
Physical environment	141				
Economic environment			1		
Human services					23
Culture and recreation					1,024
Capital outlay	24,394		3,636	102	7,072
Total expenditures	24,535		3,637	102	10,232
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(23,802)		(3,637)	(96)	(10,212)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in					16,565
Transfers out			(2,024)		
Sales of capital assets					
Total other financing sources (uses)			(2,024)		16,565
Net change in fund balances	(23,802)		(5,661)	(96)	6,353
Fund balances, beginning of year	65,885	119	6,033	4,514	34,091
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 42,083	119	372	4,418	40,444

Unincorporated Area	Next Generation 911	BP Oil Spill Proceeds Project Fund	Stadium Improvements Project Fund	2019 Capital Improvement Projects	Total
				111	138
					732
				111	870
		100		1,537	3,750
	208				208
					141
					1
					23
24					1,048
933	255	1,460		39,272	77,124
957	463	1,560		40,809	82,295
(957)	(463)	(1,560)		(40,698)	(81,425)
8,632				4,024	29,221
(6,232)					(8,256)
175					175
2,575				4,024	21,140
1,618	(463)	(1,560)		(36,674)	(60,285)
10,471	643	13,468	39	86,454	221,717
12,089	180	11,908	39	49,780	161,432

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Environmentally Sensitive Lands Acquisition Capital Projects Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance With Final Budget-	
	C	Driginal	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Interest	\$	191	191	21	(170)	
Miscellaneous		150	150	712	562	
Total revenues		341	341	733	392	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Physical environment		6,000	9,297	141	9,156	
Capital outlay		50,005	52,885	24,394	28,491	
Total expenditures		56,005	62,182	24,535	37,647	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses		(55,664)	(61,841)	(23,802)	38,039	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Budgetary reserves		(3,280)	(4,009)		4,009	
Net change in fund balances		(58,944)	(65,850)	(23,802)	42,048	
Fund balances, beginning of year		58,944	65,850	65,885	35	
Fund balances, end of year	\$			42,083	42,083	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Court Facilities Non-Bond Capital Projects Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted A	Amounts	• / •	Variance With Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	
Revenues:				
Interest	<u>\$2</u>	2		(2)
Total revenues	2	2		(2)
Expenditures: Current:				
Capital outlay	81	81		81
Total expenditures	81	81		81
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	(79)	(79)		79
Other financing sources (uses)				
Budgetary reserves	(56)	(40)		40
Total other financing sources (uses)	(56)	(40)		40
Net change in fund balances	(135)	(119)		119
Fund balances, beginning of year	135	119	119	
Fund balances, end of year	\$		119	119

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and **Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual** Commercial Paper Non-CIT Capital Projects Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget-	
		Driginal	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:					
Current:	•	50	50		
Public safety	\$	50	50		50
Economic environment		13,611	13,611	1	13,610
Capital outlay		13,515	13,286	3,636	9,650
Total expenditures		27,176	26,947	3,637	23,310
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses		(27,176)	(26,947)	(3,637)	23,310
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers out			(2,206)	(2,024)	182
Face amount of long-term debt issued		27,176	22,961		(22,961)
Budgetary reserves		(48)	(48)		48
Total other financing sources (uses)		27,128	20,707	(2,024)	(22,731)
Net change in fund balances		(48)	(6,240)	(5,661)	579
Fund balances, beginning of year		48	6,240	6,033	(207)
Fund balances, end of year	\$			372	372

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual PSOC Project Capital Projects Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget-	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Interest	<u>\$24</u>	24	6	(18)	
Total revenues	24	24	6	(18)	
Expenditures: Current:					
Capital outlay	3,913	3,814	102	3,712	
Total expenditures	3,913	3,814	102	3,712	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	(3,889)	(3,790)	(96)	3,694	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Budgetary reserves	(787)	(724)		724	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(787)	(724)		724	
Net change in fund balances	(4,676)	(4,514)	(96)	4,418	
Fund balances, beginning of year	4,676	4,514	4,514		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	·	4,418	4,418	

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Countywide Capital Projects Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget-
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Miscellaneous	<u>\$</u>	20	20	
Total revenues		20	20	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	16,742	15,777	2,113	13,664
Physical environment	192	192		192
Human services	64	51	23	28
Culture and recreation	6,025	5,175	1,024	4,151
Capital outlay	31,511	30,383	7,072	23,311
Total expenditures	54,534	51,578	10,232	41,346
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	(54,534)	(51,558)	(10,212)	41,346
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	16,565	16,565	16,565	
Budgetary reserves	(232)	(440)		440
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,333	16,125	16,565	440
Net change in fund balances	(38,201)	(35,433)	6,353	41,786
Fund balances, beginning of year	38,201	35,433	34,091	(1,342)
Fund balances, end of year	\$ <u></u>		40,444	40,444

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Unincorporated Area Capital Projects Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance With Final Budget-
	C	Driginal	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public safety	\$	459	501		501
Culture and recreation		29	21	24	(3)
Capital outlay		12,191	11,910	933	10,977
Total expenditures		12,679	12,432	957	11,475
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses		(12,679)	(12,432)	(957)	11,475
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		8,632	8,632	8,632	
Transfers out		(6,232)	(6,232)	(6,232)	
Sales of capital assets				175	175
Budgetary reserves		(358)	(439)		439
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,042	1,961	2,575	614
Net change in fund balances		(10,637)	(10,471)	1,618	12,089
Fund balances, beginning of year		10,637	10,471	10,471	
Fund balances, end of year	\$			12,089	12,089

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Next Generation 911 Capital Projects Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance With Final Budget-	
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures: Current:						
Public safety	\$	207	288	208	80	
Capital outlay		255	355	255	100	
Total expenditures		462	643	463	180	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses		(462)	(643)	(463)	180	
Net change in fund balances		(462)	(643)	(463)	180	
Fund balances, beginning of year		462	643	643		
Fund balances, end of year	\$			180	180	

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual BP Oil Spill Proceeds Project Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance With Final Budget-	
	(Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	\$			100	(100)	
Human services		100	100		100	
Culture and recreation		1,800	1,800		1,800	
Capital outlay		11,307	11,568	1,460	10,108	
Total expenditures		13,207	13,468	1,560	11,908	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses		(13,207)	(13,468)	(1,560)	11,908	
Net change in fund balance		(13,207)	(13,468)	(1,560)	11,908	
Fund balances, beginning of year		13,207	13,468	13,468		
Fund balances, end of year	\$			11,908	11,908	

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Stadium Improvements Project Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts				
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:					
Current: Economic environment	\$	316	316		316
Total expenditures		316	316		316
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses		(316)	(316)		316
Other financing sources (uses)					
Face amount of long-term debt issued		400	400		(400)
Budgetary reserves		(84)	(84)		84
Total other financing sources (uses)		316	316		(316)
Fund balances, beginning of year					
Fund balances, end of year	\$				

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 2019 Non Ad Valorem Capital Improvement Program For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance With Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Interest	<u>\$ 262</u>	262	111	(151)	
Total revenues	262	262	111	(151)	
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	6,000	7,309	1,537	5,772	
Capital outlay	96,409	83,565	39,272	44,293	
Total expenditures	102,409	90,874	40,809	50,065	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	(102,147)	(90,612)	(40,698)	49,914	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		4,206	4,024	(182)	
Budgetary reserves		(48)		48	
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,158	4,024	(134)	
Net change in fund balances	(102,147)	(86,454)	(36,674)	49,780	
Fund balances, beginning of year	102,147	86,454	86,454		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ <u></u>		49,780	49,780	



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:

Self-Insurance Fund – To account for the revenues and expenses of the County's risk management, employee group health insurance, and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) programs. Risk management includes workers' compensation, automotive and general liability, and catastrophic disaster recovery programs. Employee group health insurance is a self-insurance program funded by employer contributions and employee payroll deductions. The OPEB program consists of collecting assessments from County departments to set aside funds for the actuarial liability associated with the implicit subsidy resulting from providing insurance to retirees and certain other former employees, as well as a limited stipend program for regular retired employees from ages 62 to 65 and special risk retired employees from ages 55 to 65.

Fleet Management Fund – To account for the revenues and expenses of handling vehicle and equipment repairs and maintenance, short-term vehicle rentals and fuel sales to departments, and other fleet management services.

SHERIFF:

Risk Management Self-Insurance Fund – To account for the revenues and expenses of the Sheriff's workers' compensation and general liability self-insured risk management programs as well as the medical plan for Sheriff's employees. This fund is also used to account for the Sheriff's flexible spending program for participating employees.

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

	ВО	сс	SHERIFF		
	Self-Insurance	Fleet Management	Risk Management	Total	
ASSETS	Sen-insurance	Management	wanagement	Total	
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 54,169	14,097	16,298	84,564	
Investments	183,280	50,755		234,035	
Accounts receivable, net	15		1,184	1,199	
Interest receivable	427	118		545	
Due from other funds	3,850			3,850	
Inventories		346		346	
Prepaid items	3,735			3,735	
Total unrestricted current assets	245,476	65,316	17,482	328,274	
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):					
Buildings		9		9	
Improvements other than buildings		562		562	
Equipment	5	26,038		26,043	
Total capital assets, net	5	26,609		26,614	
Total noncurrent assets	5	26,609		26,614	
Total assets	245,481	91,925	17,482	354,888	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pensions	291	763		1,054	
OPEB	34	97		131	
Total deferred outflows of resources	325	860		1,185	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:	40	4.004	407	0.044	
Accounts and contracts payable	46	1,861	107	2,014	
Accrued liabilities	170	274		444	
Due to other funds	17		1,099	1,116	
Deposits held Insurance claims payable, current	1,177			1,177	
Compensated absences, current	17,491 57	209	9,419	26,910 266	
Total unrestricted current liabilities	18,958	2,344	10,625	31,927	
	10,330	2,044	10,025	51,321	
Noncurrent liabilities:	0.700		0.057		
Insurance claims payable	8,723		6,857	15,580	
Compensated absences payable	22			22	
Net pension liability	480	1,455		1,935	
Total OPEB liability	9,309	297	6,857	<u>381</u> 17,918	
Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	28,267	4,096	17,482	49,845	
	20,201	4,030	17,402	+3,0+3	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	005	0.070		0.475	
Pensions	805	2,370		3,175	
OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	<u> </u>	24 2,394		<u>32</u> 3,207	
Total deletted innows of resources	013	2,394		3,207	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	5	26,609		26,614	
Unrestricted	216,721	59,686	<u> </u>	276,407	
Total net position	<u>\$ 216,726</u>	86,295	<u> </u>	303,021	

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	BOCC		SHERIFF		
			Fleet	Risk	
	Self	-Insurance	Management	Management	Total
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	128,507	37,463	57,377	223,347
Miscellaneous				3,221	3,221
Total operating revenues		128,507	37,463	60,598	226,568
Operating expenses:					
Personnel services		5,765	5,304	106	11,175
Contractual services		1,784	2,470		4,254
Repairs and maintenance		7	358		365
Utilities		6	124		130
Supplies		16			16
Depreciation and amortization		14	11,264		11,278
Costs of services provided		104,420	11,812	59,411	175,643
Other operating expenses		9,562	188		9,750
Pension expense (benefit)		(98)	(294)		(392)
OPEB expense (benefit)		(6)	(5)		(11)
Total operating expenses		121,470	31,221	59,517	212,208
Operating income		7,037	6,242	1,081	14,360
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest revenue		338	78	17	433
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets			902		902
Other revenues		1	21		22
Other expenses		(24)			(24)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		315	1,001	17	1,333
Income before contributions and transfers		7,352	7,243	1,098	15,693
Transfers in		12,098	48		12,146
Transfers out		(11,000)		(1,098)	(12,098)
Change in net position		8,450	7,291		15,741
Net position, beginning of year		208,276	79,004		287,280
Net position, end of year	\$	216,726	86,295		303,021

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Internal Service Funds

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

Cash from operating activities: Receipts from customers \$ 1,177 - - 1,177 Payment to suppliers (6,926) (14,383) (2,947) (24,256) Payments to employees (5,760) (5,220) (108) (11,148) Cash paid for claims (100,482) - (55,337) (155,819) Cash from interfund charges for self insurance (23) 21 3,221 3,219 Receipts from interfund charges for fleet management - 37,471 - 128,507 Receipts from interfund charges for risk management - 37,471 - 37,471 Receipts from interfund charges for risk management - - 57,377 57,377 Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 16,493 17,829 2,206 36,528 Cash from noncapital financing activities 15,072 48 - 15,120 Payments from other funds and governmental entities 15,072 48 - 15,120 Payment to other funds and governmental entities 15,072 48 - 94 - 944 Net cash provided (Self- Insuranc	Fleet Management	Risk Management	Total
Receipts from customers \$ 1,177 - - 1,177 Payment to suppliers (6,926) (14,383) (2,947) (22,256) Payments to employees (5,760) (5,280) (108) (11,148) Cash paid for claims (100,482) (55,337) (155,819) Cash from (to) other sources (23) 21 3,221 3,219 Receipts from interfund charges for self insurance 128,507 - - 128,507 Receipts from interfund charges for risk management - - - 37,471 - 37,477 Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 16,493 17,829 2,206 36,528 Cash from noncapital financing activities 15,072 48 - 15,120 Payment to other funds and governmental entities 15,072 48 - 15,120 Payment cosh provided (used) by noncapital financing activities: - 944 - 944 Payment from capital and related financing activities: - 944 - 944 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities - 9444	Cash from operating activities:				
Payment to suppliers (6,926) (14,383) (2,947) (24,256) Payments to employees (5,760) (5,280) (108) (11,148) Cash paid for claims (100,482) - (55,337) (155,819) Cash from (to) other sources (23) 21 3,221 3,211 Receipts from interfund charges for self insurance 128,507 - - 128,507 Receipts from interfund charges for risk management - - 37,471 - 37,471 Receipts from interfund charges for risk management - - - 57,377 57,377 Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 16,493 17,829 2,206 36,528 Cash from noncapital financing activities 15,072 48 - 15,120 Payment to other funds and governmental entities 15,072 48 - 15,120 Payment to other funds and governmental entities - (10,388) - (10,388) Proceeds from capital and related financing activities: - 944 - 944	· •	\$ 1.1	77		1,177
Payments to employees $(5,760)$ $(5,280)$ (108) $(11,148)$ Cash paid for claims $(100,482)$ $(55,337)$ $(155,819)$ Cash from (to) other sources (23) 21 $3,221$ $3,219$ Receipts from interfund charges for self insurance $128,507$ $128,507$ Receipts from interfund charges for self management- $37,471$ - $37,471$ Receipts from interfund charges for risk management- $37,471$ - $37,471$ Receipts from interfund charges for risk management $57,377$ $57,377$ Net cash provided (used) by operating activities $16,493$ $17,829$ $2,206$ $36,528$ Cash from noncapital financing activities $15,072$ 48 - $15,120$ Payment to other funds and governmental entities $(10,386)$ - $(10,386)$ -Payment to other funds and governmental entities $4,072$ 48 $(4,072)$ 48 Cash from capital and related financing activities $ 944$ - 944 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities $ (9,444)$ - $(9,444)$ Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities $(126,535)$ $(37,334)$ - $(163,869)$ Interest and dividends received 660 151 17 828 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ Net cash provided (used) by investing activities 5	•	, ,		(2.947)	
Cash paid for claims $(100,482)$ $(55,337)$ $(155,819)$ Cash from (to) other sources (23) 21 $3,221$ $3,219$ Receipts from interfund charges for fleet management $ 37,471$ $ 128,507$ Receipts from interfund charges for fleet management $ 37,471$ $ 37,471$ Receipts from interfund charges for risk management $ 57,377$ $57,377$ Net cash provided (used) by operating activities $16,493$ $17,829$ $2,206$ $36,528$ Cash from noncapital financing activities $15,072$ 48 $ 15,120$ Payments from other funds and governmental entities $15,072$ 48 $ 15,120$ Payment to other funds and governmental entities $(11,000)$ $ (4,072)$ 48 Cash from capital and related financing activities: $ 944$ $ 944$ Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities: $ 944$ $ 944$ Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities $ 944$ $ 944$ Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities $ (9,444)$ $ (163,869)$ Interest and dividends received 660 151 17 828 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ N	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	, , ,	· · · · · ·	· · · · · ·
Receipts from interfund charges for self insurance $128,507$ $128,507$ Receipts from interfund charges for fleet management $37,471$ $37,471$ Receipts from interfund charges for risk management $37,471$ $37,471$ Receipts from interfund charges for risk management $37,471$ $37,471$ Net cash provided (used) by operating activities $16,493$ $17,829$ $2,206$ $36,528$ Cash from noncapital financing activities $15,072$ 48 $15,120$ Payments from other funds and governmental entities $(11,000)$ $(4,072)$ $(45,072)$ Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities: $4,072$ 48 $(4,072)$ 48 Cash from capital and related financing activities: $(10,388)$ $(10,388)$ Proceeds from sale of assets 944 944 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities: $(9,444)$ $(9,444)$ Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities $(126,535)$ $(37,334)$ $(10,386)$ Interest and dividends received 660 151 17 828 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $5,186$ $1,519$ $(1,849)$ <		•	, , ,	· · ·	· · · · · ·
Receipts from interfund charges for fleet management Receipts from interfund charges for risk management- $37,471$ - $37,471$ Receipts from interfund charges for risk management $57,377$ $57,377$ Net cash provided (used) by operating activities16,493 $17,829$ 2,206 $36,528$ Cash from noncapital financing activities15,07248- $15,120$ Payments from other funds and governmental entities $15,072$ 48- $15,120$ Payment to other funds and governmental entities $(11,000)$ - $(4,072)$ $(45,072)$ Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities: $4,072$ 48 $(4,072)$ 48Cash from capital and related financing activities:- 9444 - 944 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities:- $(9,444)$ - $(9,444)$ Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities- $(10,388)$ - $(10,386)$ Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments $110,496$ $30,269$ - $140,765$ Purchase of investment securities $(126,535)$ $(37,334)$ - $(163,869)$ Interest and dividends received 660 151 17 828 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $5,186$ $1,519$ $(1,849)$ $4,856$	Cash from (to) other sources	. (23) 21	3,221	3,219
Receipts from interfund charges for risk management $57,377$ $57,377$ Net cash provided (used) by operating activities16,49317,8292,20636,528Cash from noncapital financing activities15,0724815,120Payments from other funds and governmental entities15,0724815,120Payment to other funds and governmental entities(11,000)(4,072)(15,072)Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities:4,07248(4,072)48Cash from capital and related financing activities:(10,388)(10,388)Proceeds from sale of assets944944Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities(9,444)(9,444)Cash from investing activities:(9,444)(9,444)Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments110,49630,269140,765Purchase of investment securities(126,535)(37,334)(163,869)Interest and dividends received(15,379)(6,914)17(22,276)Net cash provided (used) by investing activities(15,379)(6,914)17(22,276)Net cash provided (used) by investing activities5,1861,519(1,849)4,856	Receipts from interfund charges for self insurance	128,5	07		128,507
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities $16,493$ $17,829$ $2,206$ $36,528$ Cash from noncapital financing activities $15,072$ 48 $15,120$ Payments from other funds and governmental entities $15,072$ 48 $15,120$ Payment to other funds and governmental entities $15,072$ 48 $15,120$ Payment to other funds and governmental entities $15,072$ 48 $15,120$ Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities: $4,072$ 48 $(4,072)$ 48 Cash from capital and related financing activities: $(10,388)$ $(10,388)$ Proceeds from sale of assets 944 944 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities $(9,444)$ $(9,444)$ Cash from investing activities: $$ $(9,444)$ $(9,444)$ Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments $110,496$ $30,269$ $140,765$ Purchase of investment securities $(126,535)$ $(37,334)$ $(163,869)$ Interest and dividends received 660 151 17 828 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ Net change in cash and cash equivalents $5,186$ $1,519$ $(1,849)$ $4,856$	Receipts from interfund charges for fleet management		37,471		37,471
Cash from noncapital financing activities15,0724815,120Payments from other funds and governmental entities15,0724815,102Payment to other funds and governmental entities(11,000)(4,072)(15,072)Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities4,07248(4,072)48Cash from capital and related financing activities:(10,388)(10,388)Acquisition/construction of capital assets944944Proceeds from sale of assets944944Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities(9,444)(9,444)Cash from investing activities:(10,49630,269140,765Purchase of investment securities(126,535)(37,334)(163,869)Interest and dividends received66015117828Net cash provided (used) by investing activities(15,379)(6,914)17(22,276)Net change in cash and cash equivalents5,1861,519(1,849)4,856	Receipts from interfund charges for risk management			57,377	57,377
Payments from other funds and governmental entities $15,072$ 48 $$ $15,120$ Payment to other funds and governmental entities $(11,000)$ $$ $(4,072)$ $(15,072)$ Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities: Acquisition/construction of capital assets $4,072$ 48 $(4,072)$ 48 Cash from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition/construction of capital assets $$ $(10,388)$ $$ $(10,388)$ Proceeds from sale of assets $$ 944 $$ 944 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities $$ $(9,444)$ $$ $(9,444)$ Cash from investing activities: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Purchase of investment securities $110,496$ $30,269$ $$ $140,765$ Purchase of investment securities Interest and dividends received $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ Net change in cash and cash equivalents $5,186$ $1,519$ $(1,849)$ $4,856$	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	16,4	93 17,829	2,206	36,528
Payments from other funds and governmental entities $15,072$ 48 $$ $15,120$ Payment to other funds and governmental entities $(11,000)$ $$ $(4,072)$ $(15,072)$ Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities: Acquisition/construction of capital assets $4,072$ 48 $(4,072)$ 48 Cash from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition/construction of capital assets $$ $(10,388)$ $$ $(10,388)$ Proceeds from sale of assets $$ 944 $$ 944 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities $$ $(9,444)$ $$ $(9,444)$ Cash from investing activities: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Purchase of investment securities $110,496$ $30,269$ $$ $140,765$ Purchase of investment securities Interest and dividends received $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ Net change in cash and cash equivalents $5,186$ $1,519$ $(1,849)$ $4,856$	Cash from noncapital financing activities				
Payment to other funds and governmental entities(11,000)(4,072)(15,072)Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities4,07248(4,072)48Cash from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition/construction of capital assets(10,388)(10,388)Proceeds from sale of assets944944Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities(9,444)(9,444)Cash from investing activities: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Purchase of investment securities110,49630,269140,765Purchase of investment securities Interest and dividends received(15,379)(6,914)17(22,276)Net cash provided (used) by investing activities(15,379)(6,914)17(22,276)Net change in cash and cash equivalents5,1861,519(1,849)4,856		15.0	72 48		15,120
Cash from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition/construction of capital assets(10,388)(10,388)Proceeds from sale of assets944944Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities(9,444)(9,444)Cash from investing activities: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Purchase of investment securities110,49630,269140,765Purchase of investment securities Interest and dividends received(126,535)(37,334)(163,869)Net cash provided (used) by investing activities(15,379)(6,914)17(22,276)Net change in cash and cash equivalents5,1861,519(1,849)4,856				(4,072)	
Cash from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition/construction of capital assets(10,388)(10,388)Proceeds from sale of assets944944Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities(9,444)(9,444)Cash from investing activities: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Purchase of investment securities110,49630,269140,765Purchase of investment securities Interest and dividends received(126,535)(37,334)(163,869)Net cash provided (used) by investing activities(15,379)(6,914)17(22,276)Net change in cash and cash equivalents5,1861,519(1,849)4,856	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Acquisition/construction of capital assets $(10,388)$ $(10,388)$ Proceeds from sale of assets 944 944 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities $(9,444)$ $(9,444)$ Cash from investing activities: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Purchase of investment securities $110,496$ $30,269$ $140,765$ Purchase of investment securities Interest and dividends received $(126,535)$ $(37,334)$ $(163,869)$ Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ Net change in cash and cash equivalents $5,186$ $1,519$ $(1,849)$ $4,856$	Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	4,0	72 48	(4,072)	48
Proceeds from sale of assets944944Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities(9,444)(9,444)Cash from investing activities: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Purchase of investment securities110,49630,269140,765Net cash provided (used) by investing activities(126,535)(37,334)(163,869)Net cash provided (used) by investing activities(15,379)(6,914)17(22,276)Net change in cash and cash equivalents5,1861,519(1,849)4,856	Cash from capital and related financing activities:				
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities(9,444)(9,444)Cash from investing activities: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Purchase of investment securities Interest and dividends received110,496 (126,535)30,269 (37,334) (37,334)(140,765 (163,869) (163,869) (163,869) (160)Net cash provided (used) by investing activities(15,379)(6,914)17(22,276)Net change in cash and cash equivalents5,1861,519(1,849)4,856	Acquisition/construction of capital assets		(10,388)		(10,388)
activities $(9,444)$ $(9,444)$ Cash from investing activities: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Purchase of investment securities Interest and dividends received110,496 (126,535) $30,269$ (37,334) $140,765$ (163,869) 660Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ Net change in cash and cash equivalents $5,186$ $1,519$ $(1,849)$ $4,856$	Proceeds from sale of assets		944		944
Cash from investing activities: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments110,49630,269140,765Purchase of investment securities Interest and dividends received(126,535)(37,334)(163,869)Net cash provided (used) by investing activities(15,379)(6,914)17(22,276)Net change in cash and cash equivalents5,1861,519(1,849)4,856					
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments $110,496$ $30,269$ $140,765$ Purchase of investment securities $(126,535)$ $(37,334)$ $(163,869)$ Interest and dividends received 660 151 17 828 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ Net change in cash and cash equivalents $5,186$ $1,519$ $(1,849)$ $4,856$	activities		(9,444)		(9,444)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments $110,496$ $30,269$ $140,765$ Purchase of investment securities $(126,535)$ $(37,334)$ $(163,869)$ Interest and dividends received 660 151 17 828 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities $(15,379)$ $(6,914)$ 17 $(22,276)$ Net change in cash and cash equivalents $5,186$ $1,519$ $(1,849)$ $4,856$	Cash from investing activities:				
Interest and dividends received(15,379)(15,379)(1,849)17(22,276)Net cash provided (used) by investing activities(15,379)(1,849)4,856		110,4	96 30,269		140,765
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities(15,379)(6,914)17(22,276)Net change in cash and cash equivalents5,1861,519(1,849)4,856	Purchase of investment securities	(126,5	35) (37,334)		(163,869)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents5,1861,519(1,849)4,856	Interest and dividends received	6	60 151	17	828
	Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(15,3	79) (6,914)	17	(22,276)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year <u>48,983</u> <u>12,578</u> <u>18,147</u> <u>79,708</u>	Net change in cash and cash equivalents	5,1	86 1,519	(1,849)	4,856
	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	48,9	83 12,578	18,147	79,708
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 54,169 14,097 16,298 84,564	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ </u>	69 14,097	16,298	84,564

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Internal Service Funds

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Self- Insurance	Fleet Management	Risk Management	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating (loss) income	\$ 7,03	6,242	1,081	14,360
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization expense	1	4 11,264		11,278
Miscellaneous revenues (expenses)	(2	23) 21		(2)
Changes in assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows:				
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds/governments	2,98	87 8	(639)	2,356
(Increase) decrease in inventories and prepaids	(17	(123)		(297)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	14	9 455		604
Increase (decrease) in accounts and contracts payable	(19	692	(59)	439
Increase (decrease) in accrued and other liabilities	(1	0) 15	(2)	3
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable	1	4 10		24
Increase (decrease) in insurance claims payable	5,76	86	1,825	7,593
Increase (decrease) in pension liability	(1,01	7) (3,049)		(4,066)
Increase (decrease) in total OPEB liability		7 20		27
Increase (decrease) in deposits	1,17	7		1,177
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	75	58 2,274		3,032
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ 16,49	17,829	2,206	36,528
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Disposal of capital assets at book value		(42)		(42)



CUSTODIAL FUNDS

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:

General Custodial Fund – To account for trust responsibilities of the County and are restricted in nature. Items recorded in this fund are for Capacity Fee Assessment associated with non-commitment debt to the County.

SHERIFF:

General Custodial Fund – To account for funds held on behalf of inmates, accounts for cash bond deposits, evidence money, abandoned property, and other miscellaneous deposits held on behalf of others.

TAX COLLECTOR:

Motor Vehicle Fund – To account for the collection of motor vehicle registration receipts, and the subsequent remittance of those receipts to the state of Florida.

Tax and License Fund – To account for the collection and distribution of local property taxes and funds generated from the sale of miscellaneous licenses for the state of Florida.

CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT:

General Custodial Fund – To account for the collection and disbursement of trust accounts including tax accounts, escheated bond accounts, fines and forfeitures accounts, and other trust accounts.

Registry of the Court Fund – To account for the collection and disbursement of funds required to be deposited into and disbursed from the Registry Account by court orders.

Support Collections Fund – To account for the collection and disbursement of court-ordered child support and/or alimony.

Jury and Witness Fund – To account for the disbursement of payments to jurors for services performed and the disbursement of advances received, by the Clerk from the state, for payment of witnesses from state funds and unclaimned payments made from these funds.

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -- Custodial Funds September 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands)

	BOCC		SHERIFF	TAX COL	LECTOR		CLERK OF CI	RCUIT COURT		
	-	eneral stodial	Sheriff	Motor Vehicle	Tax and License	General Custodial	Registry of the Court	Support Collections	Jury and Witness	Totals
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	498	1,022	3,172	12,032	106,722	22,684	70	108	146,308
Investments		1,708								1,708
Accounts receivable, net			55	43	2,541	143		6		2,788
Interest receivable		4								4
Total Assets	_	2,210	1,077	3,215	14,573	106,865	22,684	76	108	150,808
LIABILITIES										
Accounts and contracts payable			384	33	2,944					3,361
Due to other governmental units				3,182	11,383	88,454			93	103,112
Deposits held					246					246
Total liabilities			384	3,215	14,573	88,454			93	106,719
NET POSITION Restricted for: Individuals, organizations, and										
other governments		2,210	693			18,411	22,684	76	15	44,089
Total net position	\$	2,210	693			18,411	22,684	76	15	44,089

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds September 30, 2021

	BOCC	SHERIFF	TAX COL	LECTOR		CLERK OF CI	RCUIT COURT		
	General Custodial	General Custodial	Motor Vehicle	Tax and License	General Custodial	Registry of the Court	Support Collections	Jury and Witness	Totals
Additions:									
Collected for individuals, organizations, and other	* 400.000	0.005	045 450	5 440 504	507.054			044	0.400.047
governments	\$ 199,008	8,235	345,158	5,113,584	527,351			611	6,193,947
Miscellaneous		41			99,535	84,801	7,177	<u>11</u>	191,565
Total additions	199,008	8,276	345,158	5,113,584	626,886	84,801	7,177	622	6,385,512
Deductions: Distributed to individuals, organizations, and									
other governments	196,798	8,340	345,158	5,113,584	527,351			98	6,191,329
Other trust activities		73			93,209	75,565	7,192	536	176,575
Total deductions	196,798	8,413	345,158	5,113,584	620,560	75,565	7,192	634	6,367,904
Net increase(decrease) in fiduciary net position	2,210	(137)			6,326	9,236	(15)	(12)	17,608
Net position, beginning of year									
Restatement for implementation of GASB 84		830			12,085	13,448	91	27	26,481
Net position, beginning of year as restated		830			12,085	13,448	91	27	26,481
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,210	693			18,411	22,684	76	15	44,089

Other Information (Unaudited)

EXHIBIT B

General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Unincorporated Area Parks and Recreation Program) Series 2002 Issued August 28, 2002 Debt Service Schedule

Fiscal Year	F	Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$	1,155	185	1,340
2023		1,215	127	1,342
2024		585	63	648
2025		615	32	647
	\$	3,570	407	3,977

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA EXHIBIT C Community Investment Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2012A Issued May 23, 2012 Debt Service Schedule (amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year		Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$	3,345	623	3,968
2023		3,505	452	3,957
2024		3,695	272	3,967
2025		3,840	122	3,962
2026	_	2,150	33	2,183
	\$	16,535	1,502	18,037

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA EXHIBIT D Community Investment Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2012B Issued May 23, 2012 Debt Service Schedule (amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year	F	Principal	Interest	Total _Requirement_
2022	\$	4,880	993	5,873
2023		5,130	743	5,873
2024		5,410	480	5,890
2025		5,640	260	5,900
2026		5,835	88	5,923
	\$	26,895	2,564	29,459

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA EXHIBIT E Capital Improvement Program Revenue Bonds Series 2012 Issued June 21, 2012 Debt Service Schedule (amounts in thousands)

	-) vin einel	Interact	Total Boguiromont
Fiscal Year		Principal	Interest	Requirement
2022	\$	5,310	265	5,575

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA EXHIBIT F Communications Services Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2015 Issued April 9, 2015 Debt Service Schedule

(amounts	in	thousands)
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Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$ 1,360	2,670	4,030
2023	1,430	2,622	4,052
2024	1,455	2,571	4,026
2025	1,530	2,497	4,027
2026	1,605	2,418	4,023
2027	1,685	2,336	4,021
2028	1,770	2,250	4,020
2029	1,860	2,157	4,017
2030	1,955	2,056	4,011
2031	2,060	1,951	4,011
2032	2,165	1,854	4,019
2033	2,255	1,754	4,009
2034	2,365	1,650	4,015
2035	2,460	1,542	4,002
2036	2,585	1,415	4,000
2037	2,715	1,283	3,998
2038	2,850	1,144	3,994
2039	2,990	998	3,988
2040	3,140	864	4,004
2041	3,260	744	4,004
2042	3,380	620	4,000
2043	3,505	491	3,996
2044	3,640	357	3,997
2045	3,775	218	3,993
2046	 3,915	73	3,988
	\$ 61,710	38,535	100,245

EXHIBIT G

Community Investment Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2015 Issued July 29, 2015

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$ 16,205	4,098	20,303
2023	17,085	3,266	20,351
2024	17,845	2,392	20,237
2025	18,705	1,479	20,184
2026	 20,220	505	20,725
	\$ 90,060	11,740	101,800

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA EXHIBIT H Capital Improvement Program Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2016 Issued July 14, 2016 Debt Service Schedule (amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	Interest	Total _Requirement
2022	\$	2,395	351	2,746
2023		2,515	231	2,746
2024		2,640	106	2,746
	\$	7,550	688	8,238

EXHIBIT I

Fifth Cent Tourist Development Tax Refunding and Improvement Revenues Bonds Series 2016 Issued October 27, 2016 Debt Service Schedule

Fiscal Year		Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$	910	1,168	2,078
2023	Ψ	955	1,121	2,076
2024		1,000	1,073	2,073
2025		1,050	1,021	2,071
2026		1,105	967	2,072
2027		1,160	911	2,071
2028		1,215	851	2,066
2029		1,280	807	2,087
2030		1,305	779	2,084
2031		1,335	749	2,084
2032		1,365	716	2,081
2033		1,400	680	2,080
2034		1,440	642	2,082
2035		1,475	600	2,075
2036		1,520	555	2,075
2037		1,355	512	1,867
2038		1,395	471	1,866
2039		1,440	428	1,868
2040		1,480	385	1,865
2041		1,525	340	1,865
2042		1,575	293	1,868
2043		1,620	244	1,864
2044		1,670	193	1,863
2045		1,725	140	1,865
2046		1,775	85	1,860
2047		1,830	29	1,859
	\$	35,905	15,760	51,665

EXHIBIT J

Fourth Cent Tourist Development Tax

Series 2017A

Issued February 16, 2017 Debt Service Schedule

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(amounts in	thousands)
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Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest	Total
2022	\$	685	381	1,066
2023		720	353	1,073
2024		740	331	1,071
2025		765	301	1,066
2026		800	261	1,061
2027		825	221	1,046
2028		570	192	762
2029		585	168	753
2030		615	145	760
2031		635	126	761
2032		655	106	761
2033		675	85	760
2034		700	63	763
2035		720	39	759
2036		745	13	758
	\$	10,435	2,785	13,220

EXHIBIT K

Fourth Cent Tourist Development Tax

Series 2017B

Issued February 16, 2017

Debt Service Schedule

Fiscal Year	P	Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$	390	828	1,218
2023	Ŧ	405	818	1,223
2024		415	806	1,221
2025		435	792	1,227
2026		445	778	1,223
2027		475	761	1,236
2028		815	738	1,553
2029		845	707	1,552
2030		880	673	1,553
2031		915	638	1,553
2032		950	600	1,550
2033		985	561	1,546
2034		1,025	519	1,544
2035		1,070	474	1,544
2036		1,115	428	1,543
2037		675	390	1,065
2038		705	361	1,066
2039		735	330	1,065
2040		770	297	1,067
2041		800	262	1,062
2042		835	227	1,062
2043		870	189	1,059
2044		910	150	1,060
2045		950	110	1,060
2046		995	67	1,062
2047		1,035	23	1,058
	\$	20,445	12,527	32,972

EXHIBIT L

Community Investment Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2018 Issued July 24, 2018

Fiscal Year	 Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$ 4,305	2,504	6,809
2023	4,485	2,284	6,769
2024	4,780	2,076	6,856
2025	5,055	1,854	6,909
2026	6,560	1,564	8,124
2027	 28,000	700	28,700
	\$ 53,185	10,982	64,167

EXHIBIT M

2019 Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Bonds Series 2019

Issued June 20, 2019

Debt Service Schedule

Fiscal Year	P	Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$		5,000	5,000
2023	Ŧ		5,000	5,000
2024			5,000	5,000
2025			5,000	5,000
2026			5,000	5,000
2027		2,780	5,000	7,780
2028		2,920	4,860	7,780
2029		4,390	4,714	9,104
2030		4,610	4,495	9,105
2031		4,840	4,264	9,104
2032		5,035	4,070	9,105
2033		5,235	3,869	9,104
2034		5,445	3,660	9,105
2035		5,665	3,442	9,107
2036		5,890	3,215	9,105
2037		6,125	2,979	9,104
2038		6,310	2,796	9,106
2039		6,500	2,607	9,107
2040		6,695	2,411	9,106
2041		6,895	2,210	9,105
2042		7,100	2,003	9,103
2043		7,315	1,790	9,105
2044		7,545	1,562	9,107
2045		7,780	1,326	9,106
2046		8,020	1,083	9,103
2047		8,270	833	9,103
2048		8,540	564	9,104
2049		8,815	286	9,101
	\$	142,720	89,039	231,759

EXHIBIT N

General Obligation Bonds (Environmentally Sensitive Lands Acquisition and Protection Program)

Series 2019A

Issued August 20, 2019 Debt Service Schedule

(amounts in thousands)

Total

			Total
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Requirement
2022	\$ 1,425	1,231	2,656
2023	1,495	1,159	2,654
2024	1,570	1,084	2,654
2025	1,645	1,006	2,651
2026	1,730	924	2,654
2027	1,815	837	2,652
2028	1,855	801	2,656
2029	1,945	708	2,653
2030	1,980	674	2,654
2031	2,060	595	2,655
2032	2,140	513	2,653
2033	2,205	448	2,653
2034	2,260	393	2,653
2035	2,315	337	2,652
2036	2,380	276	2,656
2037	2,445	210	2,655
2038	2,510	143	2,653
2039	 2,580	74	2,654
	\$ 36,355	11,413	47,768

EXHIBIT O

General Obligation Bonds (Environmentally Sensitive Lands Acquisition and Protection Program)

Series 2019B

Issued August 20, 2019 Debt Service Schedule

Fiscal Year	Princ	ipal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$	655	2,07	
2023		690	2,04	7 2,737
2024		725	2,01	2 2,737
2025		765	1,97	6 2,741
2026		800	1,93	8 2,738
2027		840	1,89	8 2,738
2028		880	1,85	6 2,736
2029		925	1,81	2 2,737
2030		970	1,76	5 2,735
2031		1,020	1,71	7 2,737
2032		1,075	1,66	6 2,741
2033		1,105	1,63	4 2,739
2034		1,140	1,60	1 2,741
2035		1,175	1,56	6 2,741
2036		1,205	1,53	1 2,736
2037		1,240	1,49	5 2,735
2038		1,280	1,45	8 2,738
2039		1,320	1,41	9 2,739
2040		4,010	1,38	0 5,390
2041		4,135	1,25	,
2042		4,255	1,13	5 5,390
2043		4,385	1,00	8 5,393
2044		4,515	87	6 5,391
2045		4,650	74	1 5,391
2046		4,790	60	1 5,391
2047		4,935	45	,
2048		5,080	30	,
2049		5,235	15	
	<u>\$</u>	63,800	39,39	4 103,194

EXHIBIT P

Tampa Bay Arena Refunding Revenue Note Series 2015 Issued November 5, 2015

Debt Service Schedule

Fiscal Year		Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$	1,022	129	1,151
2023		1,044	107	1,151
2024		1,064	84	1,148
2025		1,093	61	1,154
2026		1,113	37	1,150
2027	_	1,147	12	1,159
	\$	6,483	430	6,913

EXHIBIT Q

Court Facilities Refunding Revenue Note Series 2015

Issued November 15, 2015

Fiscal Year	 Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$ 1,793	235	2,028
2023	1,833	194	2,027
2024	1,875	153	2,028
2025	1,916	110	2,026
2026	1,959	67	2,026
2027	 2,003	22	2,025
	\$ 11,379	781	12,160

EXHIBIT R

Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Refunding Revenue Note

Series 2017

Issued September 26, 2017 Debt Service Schedule

Fiscal Year		Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$	1,132	195	1,327
2023		1,158	169	1,327
2024		1,186	143	1,329
2025		1,213	115	1,328
2026		1,242	88	1,330
2027		1,268	59	1,327
2028	_	1,298	30	1,328
	\$	8,497	799	9,296

EXHIBIT S

Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Refunding Revenue Note Series 2017 Issued December 22, 2017 Debt Service Schedule

Fiscal Year	 Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$ 472	614	1,086
2023	6,059	603	6,662
2024	6,205	458	6,663
2025	6,357	309	6,666
2026	 6,507	159	6,666
	\$ 25,600	2,143	27,743

EXHIBIT T

Utility System Revenue Bonds Series

Series 2016

Issued July 26, 2016

Fiscal Year	1	Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$	3,405	6,576	9,981
2023	Ŧ	3,575	6,406	9,981
2024		3,755	6,227	9,982
2025		3,940	6,039	9,979
2026		4,140	5,842	9,982
2027		4,305	5,676	9,981
2028		4,475	5,504	9,979
2029		4,610	5,370	9,980
2030		4,745	5,232	9,977
2031		4,890	5,089	9,979
2032		5,035	4,943	9,978
2033		5,240	4,741	9,981
2034		5,450	4,532	9,982
2035		5,670	4,314	9,984
2036		5,835	4,143	9,978
2037		6,010	3,968	9,978
2038		7,525	3,788	11,313
2039		7,750	3,562	11,312
2040		7,980	3,330	11,310
2041		15,925	3,091	19,016
2042		16,405	2,613	19,018
2043		16,895	2,121	19,016
2044		17,405	1,614	19,019
2045		17,925	1,091	19,016
2046		18,465	555	19,020
	\$	201,355	106,367	307,722

EXHIBIT U

Solid Waste Resource Recovery Enterprise Fund Series 2016A Issued November 21, 2016

Fiscal Year		Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$	5,715	3,182	8,897
2023		6,000	2,896	8,896
2024		6,300	2,596	8,896
2025		6,620	2,281	8,901
2026		6,785	1,950	8,735
2027			1,611	1,611
2028			1,611	1,611
2029			1,611	1,611
2030		1,725	1,611	3,336
2031		7,395	1,525	8,920
2032		7,800	1,155	8,955
2033		8,340	765	9,105
2034		8,700	349	9,049
	<u>_</u>		00.4.40	00.500
	\$	65,380	23,143	88,523

EXHIBIT V

Solid Waste Resource Recovery Enterprise Fund Series 2016B Issued November 21, 2016

Debt Service Schedule

				Total
Fiscal Year	F	Principal	Interest	Requirement
2022	\$		1,261	1,261
2023			1,261	1,261
2024			1,261	1,261
2025			1,261	1,261
2026			1,261	1,261
2027		6,260	1,261	7,521
2028		6,580	948	7,528
2029		6,905	619	7,524
2030		5,475	274	5,749
	\$	25,220	9,407	34,627
	_			

EXHIBIT W

Utility Refunding Revenue Bonds

Series 2019

Issued December 5, 2019

			Total
Fiscal Year	 Principal	Interest	Requirement
2022	\$ 3,665	3,466	7,131
2023	3,850	3,283	7,133
2024	4,045	3,090	7,135
2025	4,245	2,888	7,133
2026	4,455	2,676	7,131
2027	4,680	2,453	7,133
2028	4,915	2,219	7,134
2029	5,160	1,973	7,133
2030	5,420	1,715	7,135
2031	5,690	1,444	7,134
2032	5,915	1,217	7,132
2033	6,155	980	7,135
2034	6,340	796	7,136
2035	6,530	605	7,135
2036	6,725	410	7,135
2037	 6,925	208	7,133
	\$ 84,715	29,423	114,138

EXHIBIT X

Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Bonds (Transportation)

Series 2021

Issued May 25, 2021

2022\$ $3,415$ $5,989$ 9, 2023 $3,585$ $5,818$ 9, 2024 $3,765$ $5,639$ 9, 2025 $3,950$ $5,450$ 9, 2026 $4,150$ $5,253$ 9, 2027 $4,355$ $5,045$ 9, 2028 $4,575$ $4,828$ 9, 2029 $4,805$ $4,599$ 9, 2030 $5,045$ $4,359$ 9, 2031 $5,295$ $4,106$ 9, 2032 $5,560$ $3,842$ 9, 2033 $5,780$ $3,619$ 9, 2034 $5,955$ $3,446$ 9, 2035 $6,135$ $3,267$ 9, 2036 $6,320$ $3,083$ 9, 2037 $6,510$ $2,894$ 9, 2038 $6,640$ $2,763$ 9, 2040 $6,975$ $2,427$ 9, 2041 $7,115$ $2,288$ 9, 2044 $7,700$ $1,704$ 9, 2044 $7,700$ $1,704$ 9, 2044 $7,930$ $1,473$ 9, 2046 $8,165$ $1,235$ 9, 2047 $8,410$ 990 9, 2048 $8,600$ 801 9, 2049 $8,795$ 607 9, 2050 $8,995$ 409 9,	Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2023 $3,585$ $5,818$ $9,$ 2024 $3,765$ $5,639$ $9,$ 2025 $3,950$ $5,450$ $9,$ 2026 $4,150$ $5,253$ $9,$ 2027 $4,355$ $5,045$ $9,$ 2028 $4,575$ $4,828$ $9,$ 2029 $4,805$ $4,599$ $9,$ 2030 $5,045$ $4,359$ $9,$ 2031 $5,295$ $4,106$ $9,$ 2032 $5,560$ $3,842$ $9,$ 2033 $5,780$ $3,619$ $9,$ 2034 $5,955$ $3,446$ $9,$ 2035 $6,135$ $3,267$ $9,$ 2036 $6,320$ $3,083$ $9,$ 2037 $6,510$ $2,894$ $9,$ 2038 $6,640$ $2,763$ $9,$ 2040 $6,975$ $2,427$ $9,$ 2041 $7,115$ $2,288$ $9,$ 2042 $7,255$ $2,146$ $9,$ 2044 $7,700$ $1,704$ $9,$ 2045 $7,930$ $1,473$ $9,$ 2046 $8,165$ $1,235$ $9,$ 2047 $8,410$ 990 $9,$ 2048 $8,600$ 801 $9,$ 2049 $8,795$ 607 $9,$ 2050 $8,995$ 409 $9,$	2022			9,404
2024 $3,765$ $5,639$ $9,$ 2025 $3,950$ $5,450$ $9,$ 2026 $4,150$ $5,253$ $9,$ 2027 $4,355$ $5,045$ $9,$ 2028 $4,575$ $4,828$ $9,$ 2029 $4,805$ $4,599$ $9,$ 2030 $5,045$ $4,359$ $9,$ 2031 $5,295$ $4,106$ $9,$ 2032 $5,560$ $3,842$ $9,$ 2033 $5,780$ $3,619$ $9,$ 2034 $5,955$ $3,446$ $9,$ 2035 $6,135$ $3,267$ $9,$ 2036 $6,320$ $3,083$ $9,$ 2037 $6,510$ $2,894$ $9,$ 2038 $6,640$ $2,763$ $9,$ 2040 $6,975$ $2,427$ $9,$ 2041 $7,115$ $2,288$ $9,$ 2042 $7,255$ $2,146$ $9,$ 2044 $7,700$ $1,704$ $9,$ 2045 $7,930$ $1,473$ $9,$ 2046 $8,165$ $1,235$ $9,$ 2047 $8,410$ 990 $9,$ 2048 $8,600$ 801 $9,$ 2049 $8,795$ 607 $9,$ 2050 $8,995$ 409 $9,$	2023			9,403
20264,1505,2539,20274,3555,0459,20284,5754,8289,20294,8054,5999,20305,0454,3599,20315,2954,1069,20325,5603,8429,20335,7803,6199,20345,9553,4469,20356,1353,2679,20366,3203,0839,20376,5102,8949,20386,6402,7639,20406,9752,4279,20417,1152,2889,20427,2552,1469,20437,4751,9289,20447,7001,7049,20457,9301,4739,20468,1651,2359,20478,4109909,20488,6008019,20498,7956079,20508,9954099,	2024		5,639	9,404
2027 $4,355$ $5,045$ $9,$ 2028 $4,575$ $4,828$ $9,$ 2029 $4,805$ $4,599$ $9,$ 2030 $5,045$ $4,359$ $9,$ 2031 $5,295$ $4,106$ $9,$ 2032 $5,560$ $3,842$ $9,$ 2033 $5,780$ $3,619$ $9,$ 2034 $5,955$ $3,446$ $9,$ 2035 $6,135$ $3,267$ $9,$ 2036 $6,320$ $3,083$ $9,$ 2037 $6,510$ $2,894$ $9,$ 2038 $6,640$ $2,763$ $9,$ 2040 $6,975$ $2,427$ $9,$ 2041 $7,115$ $2,288$ $9,$ 2042 $7,255$ $2,146$ $9,$ 2043 $7,475$ $1,928$ $9,$ 2044 $7,700$ $1,704$ $9,$ 2045 $7,930$ $1,473$ $9,$ 2044 $8,165$ $1,235$ $9,$ 2048 $8,600$ 801 $9,$ 2049 $8,795$ 607 $9,$ 2050 $8,995$ 409 $9,$	2025	3,950	5,450	9,400
2028 $4,575$ $4,828$ $9,$ 2029 $4,805$ $4,599$ $9,$ 2030 $5,045$ $4,359$ $9,$ 2031 $5,295$ $4,106$ $9,$ 2032 $5,560$ $3,842$ $9,$ 2033 $5,780$ $3,619$ $9,$ 2034 $5,955$ $3,446$ $9,$ 2035 $6,135$ $3,267$ $9,$ 2036 $6,320$ $3,083$ $9,$ 2037 $6,510$ $2,894$ $9,$ 2038 $6,640$ $2,763$ $9,$ 2040 $6,975$ $2,427$ $9,$ 2041 $7,115$ $2,288$ $9,$ 2042 $7,255$ $2,146$ $9,$ 2043 $7,475$ $1,928$ $9,$ 2044 $7,700$ $1,704$ $9,$ 2045 $7,930$ $1,473$ $9,$ 2046 $8,165$ $1,235$ $9,$ 2048 $8,600$ 801 $9,$ 2049 $8,795$ 607 $9,$ 2050 $8,995$ 409 $9,$	2026	4,150	5,253	9,403
2029 $4,805$ $4,599$ $9,$ 2030 $5,045$ $4,359$ $9,$ 2031 $5,295$ $4,106$ $9,$ 2032 $5,560$ $3,842$ $9,$ 2033 $5,780$ $3,619$ $9,$ 2034 $5,955$ $3,446$ $9,$ 2035 $6,135$ $3,267$ $9,$ 2036 $6,320$ $3,083$ $9,$ 2037 $6,510$ $2,894$ $9,$ 2038 $6,640$ $2,763$ $9,$ 2040 $6,975$ $2,427$ $9,$ 2041 $7,115$ $2,288$ $9,$ 2042 $7,255$ $2,146$ $9,$ 2043 $7,475$ $1,928$ $9,$ 2044 $7,700$ $1,704$ $9,$ 2045 $7,930$ $1,473$ $9,$ 2046 $8,165$ $1,235$ $9,$ 2047 $8,410$ 990 $9,$ 2048 $8,600$ 801 $9,$ 2049 $8,795$ 607 $9,$ 2050 $8,995$ 409 $9,$	2027	4,355	5,045	9,400
2030 $5,045$ $4,359$ $9,$ 2031 $5,295$ $4,106$ $9,$ 2032 $5,560$ $3,842$ $9,$ 2033 $5,780$ $3,619$ $9,$ 2034 $5,955$ $3,446$ $9,$ 2035 $6,135$ $3,267$ $9,$ 2036 $6,320$ $3,083$ $9,$ 2037 $6,510$ $2,894$ $9,$ 2038 $6,640$ $2,763$ $9,$ 2040 $6,975$ $2,427$ $9,$ 2041 $7,115$ $2,288$ $9,$ 2042 $7,255$ $2,146$ $9,$ 2043 $7,475$ $1,928$ $9,$ 2044 $7,700$ $1,704$ $9,$ 2045 $7,930$ $1,473$ $9,$ 2046 $8,165$ $1,235$ $9,$ 2047 $8,410$ 990 $9,$ 2048 $8,600$ 801 $9,$ 2049 $8,795$ 607 $9,$ 2050 $8,995$ 409 $9,$	2028	4,575	4,828	9,403
2031 $5,295$ $4,106$ $9,$ 2032 $5,560$ $3,842$ $9,$ 2033 $5,780$ $3,619$ $9,$ 2034 $5,955$ $3,446$ $9,$ 2035 $6,135$ $3,267$ $9,$ 2036 $6,320$ $3,083$ $9,$ 2037 $6,510$ $2,894$ $9,$ 2038 $6,640$ $2,763$ $9,$ 2039 $6,840$ $2,564$ $9,$ 2041 $7,115$ $2,288$ $9,$ 2042 $7,255$ $2,146$ $9,$ 2043 $7,475$ $1,928$ $9,$ 2044 $7,700$ $1,704$ $9,$ 2045 $7,930$ $1,473$ $9,$ 2046 $8,165$ $1,235$ $9,$ 2048 $8,600$ 801 $9,$ 2049 $8,795$ 607 $9,$ 2050 $8,995$ 409 $9,$	2029	4,805	4,599	9,404
20325,5603,8429, 2033 5,7803,6199, 2034 5,9553,4469, 2035 6,1353,2679, 2036 6,3203,0839, 2037 6,5102,8949, 2038 6,6402,7639, 2039 6,8402,5649, 2041 7,1152,2889, 2042 7,2552,1469, 2043 7,4751,9289, 2044 7,7001,7049, 2045 7,9301,4739, 2046 8,1651,2359, 2047 8,4109909, 2048 8,6008019, 2049 8,7956079, 2050 8,9954099,	2030	5,045	4,359	9,404
2033 $5,780$ $3,619$ $9,$ 2034 $5,955$ $3,446$ $9,$ 2035 $6,135$ $3,267$ $9,$ 2036 $6,320$ $3,083$ $9,$ 2037 $6,510$ $2,894$ $9,$ 2038 $6,640$ $2,763$ $9,$ 2039 $6,840$ $2,564$ $9,$ 2041 $7,115$ $2,288$ $9,$ 2042 $7,255$ $2,146$ $9,$ 2043 $7,475$ $1,928$ $9,$ 2044 $7,700$ $1,704$ $9,$ 2045 $7,930$ $1,473$ $9,$ 2046 $8,165$ $1,235$ $9,$ 2048 $8,600$ 801 $9,$ 2049 $8,795$ 607 $9,$ 2050 $8,995$ 409 $9,$	2031	5,295	4,106	9,401
2034 $5,955$ $3,446$ $9,$ 2035 $6,135$ $3,267$ $9,$ 2036 $6,320$ $3,083$ $9,$ 2037 $6,510$ $2,894$ $9,$ 2038 $6,640$ $2,763$ $9,$ 2039 $6,840$ $2,564$ $9,$ 2040 $6,975$ $2,427$ $9,$ 2041 $7,115$ $2,288$ $9,$ 2042 $7,255$ $2,146$ $9,$ 2043 $7,475$ $1,928$ $9,$ 2044 $7,700$ $1,704$ $9,$ 2045 $7,930$ $1,473$ $9,$ 2046 $8,165$ $1,235$ $9,$ 2048 $8,600$ 801 $9,$ 2049 $8,795$ 607 $9,$ 2050 $8,995$ 409 $9,$	2032	5,560	3,842	9,402
20356,1353,2679,20366,3203,0839,20376,5102,8949,20386,6402,7639,20396,8402,5649,20406,9752,4279,20417,1152,2889,20427,2552,1469,20437,4751,9289,20447,7001,7049,20457,9301,4739,20468,1651,2359,20488,6008019,20498,7956079,20508,9954099,	2033	5,780	3,619	9,399
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2034	5,955	3,446	9,401
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2035	6,135	3,267	9,402
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2036	6,320	3,083	9,403
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2037	6,510	2,894	9,404
20406,9752,4279,20417,1152,2889,20427,2552,1469,20437,4751,9289,20447,7001,7049,20457,9301,4739,20468,1651,2359,20488,6008019,20498,7956079,20508,9954099,	2038	6,640	2,763	9,403
20417,1152,2889,20427,2552,1469,20437,4751,9289,20447,7001,7049,20457,9301,4739,20468,1651,2359,20478,4109909,20488,6008019,20498,7956079,20508,9954099,	2039	6,840	2,564	9,404
20427,2552,1469,20437,4751,9289,20447,7001,7049,20457,9301,4739,20468,1651,2359,20478,4109909,20488,6008019,20498,7956079,20508,9954099,	2040	6,975	2,427	9,402
20437,4751,9289,20447,7001,7049,20457,9301,4739,20468,1651,2359,20478,4109909,20488,6008019,20498,7956079,20508,9954099,	2041		2,288	9,403
20447,7001,7049,20457,9301,4739,20468,1651,2359,20478,4109909,20488,6008019,20498,7956079,20508,9954099,	2042	7,255	2,146	9,401
20457,9301,4739,20468,1651,2359,20478,4109909,20488,6008019,20498,7956079,20508,9954099,	2043	7,475	1,928	9,403
20468,1651,2359,20478,4109909,20488,6008019,20498,7956079,20508,9954099,	2044	7,700	1,704	9,404
20478,4109909,20488,6008019,20498,7956079,20508,9954099,	2045	7,930	1,473	9,403
20488,6008019,20498,7956079,20508,9954099,	2046	8,165	1,235	9,400
20498,7956079,20508,9954099,	2047	8,410	990	9,400
2050 8,995 409 9,		8,600		9,401
	2049	8,795	607	9,402
2051 9,195 207 9,	2050	8,995	409	9,404
	2051	9,195	207	9,402
\$ <u>189,290</u> <u>92,779</u> <u>282</u> ,		\$ 189,290	92,779	282,069

EXHIBIT Y Utilities Revenue Bonds

Series 2021A

Issued July 19, 2021

Debt Service Schedule

Fiscal Year		Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$		4,960	4,960
2022	Ψ		4,800	4,800
2024		3,220	4,800	8,020
2025		3,380	4,639	8,019
2026		3,550	4,470	8,020
2027		3,725	4,293	8,018
2028		3,910	4,106	8,016
2029		4,105	3,911	8,016
2030		4,310	3,706	8,016
2031		4,530	3,490	8,020
2032		4,755	3,264	8,019
2033		4,990	3,026	8,016
2034		5,140	2,876	8,016
2035		5,295	2,722	8,017
2036		5,455	2,563	8,018
2037		5,565	2,454	8,019
2038		5,675	2,343	8,018
2039		5,790	2,229	8,019
2040		5,905	2,113	8,018
2041		6,020	1,995	8,015
2042		6,205	1,815	8,020
2043		6,340	1,675	8,015
2044		6,485	1,532	8,017
2045		6,680	1,338	8,018
2046		6,880	1,138	8,018
2047		7,085	931	8,016
2048		7,265	754	8,019
2049		7,445	572	8,017
2050		7,630	386	8,016
2051		7,820	196	8,016
	\$	155,155	79,097	234,252

EXHIBIT Z

Utility Refunding Revenue Bonds

Series 2021B

Issued July 19, 2021 Debt Service Schedule

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2022	\$	426	426
2023		412	412
2024		412	412
2025		412	412
2026		412	412
2027		412	412
2028		412	412
2029		412	412
2030		412	412
2031		412	412
2032		412	412
2033		412	412
2034		412	412
2035		412	412
2036		412	412
2037		412	412
2038	6,445	412	6,857
2039	6,575	283	6,858
2040	6,760	144	6,904
	\$ 19,780	7,445	27,225



STATISTICAL SECTION



SOAR Program

The department's SSI/SSDI Outreach, Access, and Recovery (SOAR) program helps individuals obtain SSI or SSDI benefits through a proven program designed to be more efficient and effective in the Social Security application process. People who receive these benefits are more self-sufficient and independent, allowing the Indigent Trust Fund to serve more citizens.

During fiscal year 2021, the SOAR program had the following highlights:

- Recouped \$416,477 in benefits for 43 Hillsborough County residents and an additional \$152,666 in back pay.
- Maintained an approval rating well above the national average. The 2021 national outcomes for SOAR were a 60% approval rate with an average of 155 days to decision. Hillsborough County's SOAR approval rates for the same timeframe were over 20 points higher than the national average at a rate of 82.7% with an average of 96 days to decision, almost two months quicker.



HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Overview of Statistical Section Contents

Financial Trends Information

These schedules show trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial condition and performance changed over time.

Revenue Capacity Information

These schedules provide information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.

Debt Capacity Information

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the County's current debt load and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County operates.

Operating Information

These schedules provide service and infrastructure data related to County services and activities in order to help the reader better understand the information presented in the financial statements.

Miscellaneous Information

These items provide supplemental data and statistics of interest to readers of the financial statements.

Net Position by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting, amounts in thousands)

	:	2021	2020	2019	2018**	2017*	2016*	2015*	2014*	2013*	2012*
Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)		7,311,684 1,048,958 99,116	7,140,771 1,021,736 6,971,752	7,128,521 847,370 (149,722)	6,821,757 485,804 95,596	6,727,772 524,210 21,612	6,619,420 522,702 (20,301)	6,589,877 429,696 100,294	6,413,436 399,668 640,909	6,314,284 424,163 670,208	6,287,766 381,756 696,598
Total governmental activities net position		8,459,758	15,134,259	7,826,169	7,403,157	7,273,594	7,121,821	7,119,867	7,454,013	7,408,655	7,366,120
Business-Type Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	1	1,062,110 101,255 645,327	1,045,194 148,431 535,289	995,691 470,657 205,553	983,837 281,437 320,535	981,186 109,999 454,620	957,661 79,968 460,690	889,356 84,498 481,449	856,586 89,624 467,637	805,361 89,984 468,680	818,656 86,487 425,135
Total business-type activities net position	1	1,808,692	1,728,914	1,671,901	1,585,809	1,545,805	1,498,319	1,455,303	1,413,847	1,364,025	1,330,278
Primary Government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)		8,373,794 1,150,213 744,443	8,185,965 1,170,167 7,507,041	8,124,212 1,318,027 55,831	7,805,594 767,241 416,131	7,708,958 634,209 476,232	7,577,081 602,670 440,389	7,479,233 514,194 581,743	7,270,022 489,292 1,108,546	7,119,645 514,147 1,138,888	7,106,422 468,243 1,121,733
Total primary government net position		0,268,450	16,863,173	9,498,070	8,988,966	8,819,399	8,620,140	8,575,170	8,867,860	8,772,680	8,696,398
*Fiscal year 2014 and prior were not restated	for imp	lementation	of GASB No. 68	and GASB No	. 71						

** Restated for implementation of GASB Statement No. 75

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting, amounts in thousands)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016 (Restated)	2015	2014	2013	2012
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 442,386	433,745	413,543	439,201	333,639	343,719	343,625	352,645	290,531	294,159
Public safety	943,458	817,271	688,762	632,448	604,110	561,697	546,182	520,563	517,923	522,532
Physical environment	59,092	54,846	52,372	46,925	46,432	53,491	29,627	29,923	27,134	26,221
Transportation	95,107	126,434	208,565	123,928	109,741	96,638	84,476	90,240	95,115	100,029
Economic environment	65,948	91,531	64,997	70,573	72,214	63,704	52,508	52,949	55,706	52,580
Human services	219,372	268,031	259,544	228,406	235,833	209,926	214,842	202,978	201,603	211,136
Culture and recreation	81,555	93,334	87,499	81,071	77,876	72,301	79,726	80,080	70,113	71,169
Pension expense*						33,641	(35,943)			
Interest on long-term debt	24,125	23,054	23,500	17,275	17,763	22,372	12,066	22,394	23,668	25,495
Total governmental activities expenses	1,931,043	1,908,246	1,798,782	1,639,827	1,497,608	1,457,489	1,327,109	1,351,772	1,281,793	1,303,321
Business-type activities:										
Water enterprise	318,055	304,789	287,146	268,167	245,433	222,818	210,861	203,155	192,998	192,311
Solid waste enterprise	135,219	111,442	106,065	108,830	99,647	104,955	99,673	98,197	104,574	103,234
Total business-type activities expenses	453,274	416,231	393,211	376,997	345,080	327,773	310,534	301,352	297,572	295,545
Total primary government expenses	2,384,317	2,324,477	2,191,993	2,016,824	1,842,688	1,785,262	1,637,643	1,653,124	1,579,365	1,598,866
Total primary government expenses	2,001,011	2,021,117	2,101,000	2,010,021	1,012,000	1,100,202	1,007,010	1,000,121	1,010,000	1,000,000
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	119,507	109,136	110,398	104,759	93,867	93,099	116,622	71,611	43,054	35,198
Public safety	67,548	58,039	55,015	55,587	54,749	50,513	39,555	90,034	90,568	90,251
Physical environment	98,738	68,985	76,470	39,326	35,648	30,821	29,675	5,987	3,923	4,558
Transportation	28,708	22,593	17,518	9,433	8,979	8,387	6,259	10,648	13,434	12,329
Economic environment	553	493	700	815	733	708	657	2,536	2,675	2,840
Human services	278	265	528	34,840	31,385	27,286	21,004	21,102	28,712	21,990
Culture and recreation	11,198	7,187	9,480	9,070	9,260	7,626	7,364	7,444	7,555	7,026
Operating grants and contributions	349,647	180,756	96,431	109,787	88,047	86,549	79,853	94,436	96,652	89,908
Capital grants and contributions	97,943	37,829	316,504	81,856	79,344	47,174	83,774	70,056	41,086	47,924
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 774,120	485,283	683,044	445,473	402,012	352,163	384,763	373,854	327,659	312,024

*Effective with fiscal year 2017, pension expense was included in the applicable function for governmental activities.

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016 (Restated)	2015	2014	2013	2012
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water Resource Services System	\$ 302,163	283,150	254,306	243,215	235,116	220,724	209,549	205,716	205,197	202,198
Solid Waste Resource Recovery	135,002	111,260	109,678 77	107,842	105,689	102,287	100,948	103,728	100,744	101,515
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	 80,918	47.093	82,135	 59.457	36,414	34,996	 57,663	32,019	 19,925	15,330
Restricted interest	10,378	22,587	28,250	13,344	10,920	9,452	9,165	6,325	7,885	10,401
Total business-type activities program revenues	528,461	464.090	474,446	423,858	388,139	367.459	377,325	347,788	333,751	329,444
Total primary government program revenues	1,302,581	949,373	1,157,490	869,331	790,151	719,622	762,088	721,642	661,410	641,468
	1,302,301		1,137,430	003,001	730,101	113,022	702,000	721,042	001,410	041,400
Net (expense) revenues Governmental activities	(1,156,923)	(1,422,963)	(1,115,738)	(1,194,354)	(1,095,596)	(1,105,326)	(942,346)	(977,918)	(954,134)	(991,297)
Business-type activities	(1,156,923) 75.187	(1,422,963) 47,859	81,235	(1,194,354) 46,861	(1,095,596) 43,059	(1,105,326) 39.686	(942,346) 66,791	46,436	(954,134) 36,179	(991,297) 33,899
Total primary government net expense	\$ (1,081,736)	(1,375,104)	(1,034,503)	(1,147,493)	(1,052,537)	(1,065,640)	(875,555)	(931,482)	(917,955)	(957,398)
	φ (1,001,730)	(1,575,104)	(1,034,303)	(1,147,435)	(1,002,007)	(1,000,040)	(070,000)	(331,402)	(317,300)	(337,330)
General revenues and other changes in net position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Ad valorem property taxes	\$ 973,251	894,943	820,638	747,394	688,704	640,958	594,937	556,249	530,615	546,263
Fuel taxes	34.757	33,131	36,132	35.674	35,056	34.267	32.962	31,413	30,605	30,710
Discretionary sales surtaxes	323,275	346,766	336,226	265,794	248,755	240,235	226,410	211,762	200,035	191,926
Other taxes	58,431	50,056	56,429	56,026	54,051	53,248	52,496	49,810	47,245	48,662
Intergovernmental state shared revenues	211,052	183,753	190,850	183,949	184,708	173,388	167,724	152,267	166,335	165,797
Investment earnings	3,583	50,659	58,445	17,508	11,180	10,803	9,218	3,708	5,073	11,045
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	4,737	2,605	10,967	2,876	2,314		1,044	1,929	2,777	2,208
Miscellaneous	19,446	28,464	29,064	14,695	22,390	26,411	37,538	16,138	21,891	44,476
Transfers	(434)	(5,000)			211	(5,101)			406	(125)
Special item - loss from defeased debt	1.628.098	4 505 077	1,538,751	1,323,916	1,247,369	(1,494)	(9,005)	1,023,276	1,004,982	
Total governmental activities	1,628,098	1,585,377	1,538,751	1,323,916	1,247,369	1,172,715	1,113,324	1,023,276	1,004,982	1,040,962
Business-type activities: Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets	201	354	543	(10,312)	471	1.069	234	149	143	(1,759)
Miscellaneous	3,955	3,800	4,314	3,455	4,167	4,020	4,793	3,237	2,077	2,254
Transfers	434	5,000	4,314	3,433	(211)	5,101	4,795	5,257	(406)	125
Total business-type activities	4,590	9,154	4,857	(6,857)	4,427	10,190	5,027	3,386	1,814	620
Total primary government	1,632,688	1,594,531	1,543,608	1,317,059	1,251,796	1,182,905	1,118,351	1,026,662	1,006,796	1,041,582
Change in net position	1,002,000	1,004,001	1,040,000	1,017,000	1,201,700	1,102,000	1,110,001	1,020,002	1,000,700	1,041,002
Governmental activities	471,175	162.414	423,013	129,562	151,773	67,389	170,978	45,358	50,848	49,665
Business-type activities	79,777	57,013	86,092	40,004	47,486	49,876	71,818	49,822	37,993	34,519
Total primary government	\$ 550,952	219,427	509,105	169,566	199,259	117,265	242,796	95,180	88,841	84,184
,, 5						,=	,			

(continued)

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting, amounts in thousands)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016 (Restated)	2015	2014	2013	2012
Reconciliation of change in net position of total primary government										
Net position, beginning of year, as previously reported	\$ 9,717,497	9,498,070	8,988,965	8,819,399	8,620,140	8,575,170	8,867,860	8,772,680	8,696,398	8,612,214
Adjustments to net position, beginning of year: Restatement for implementation of GASB										
Statements 68 and 71*							(535,486)			
Restatement for error correction									(3,415)	
Restatement for Law Library moving to primary										
government per county ordinance									143	
Restatement for implementation of GASB Statement 65									(9,287)	
Restatement for implementation of GASB Statement 75**						(72,295)				
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	9,717,497	9,498,070	8,988,965	8,819,399	8,620,140	8,502,875	8,332,374	8,772,680	8,683,839	8,612,214
Change in net position during the fiscal year	550,952	219,427	509,105	169,566	199,259	117,265	242,796	95,180	88,841	84,184
Net position, end of year	\$ 10,268,449	9,717,497	9,498,070	8,988,965	8,819,399	8,620,140	8,575,170	8,867,860	8,772,680	8,696,398
*F: 1 0044 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				74						

*Fiscal year 2014 and prior were not restated for implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71.

**Fiscal year 2016 and prior were not restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting, amounts in thousands)

Post-GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions"

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
General fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 21,408	15,521	4,897	3,759	2,442	1,324	1,275	1,924	2,068	1,373
Restricted	399									
Assigned	4					71	48	94		
Unassigned	497,068	440,419	400,239	374,268	337,048	298,299	277,763	248,191	265,683	247,227
Total general fund	518,879	455,940	405,136	378,027	339,490	299,694	279,086	250,209	267,751	248,600
Other governmental funds										
Nonspendable	3,031	4,427	3,820	4,191	3,544	4,000	4,466	4,228	4,917	5,778
Restricted	1,121,386	968,767	881,721	515,699	553,524	497,271	484,266	466,767	405,158	392,874
Committed	41,641	42,205	38,718	49,777	38,192	40,338	38,526	29,163	45,276	51,539
Assigned	212,673	185,149	189,312	158,589	94,680	103,685	148,591	140,906	205,360	228,418
Unassigned	(42)			(8,893)				(30)	(34)	
Total other governmental funds	\$ 1,378,689	1,200,548	1,113,571	719,363	689,940	645,294	675,849	641,034	660,677	678,609

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA General Government State Shared Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting, amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Loca Governi Half-C Sales	nent ent	State Revenue Sharing Proceeds	Constitutional Fuel Tax	County Fuel	Other State Shared Revenues	Total
2012	\$8	0,163	25,964	10,899	4,718	43,886	165,630
2013	8	4,497	27,614	10,724	4,733	38,811	166,379
2014	9	6,394	29,573	11,010	4,749	17,994	159,720
2015	9	5,716	32,308	12,201	4,221	23,115	167,561
2016	10	1,203	33,490	11,911	5,225	21,384	173,213
2017	10	4,073	35,309	12,275	5,354	23,305	180,316
2018	11	0,711	37,287	12,410	5,467	22,279	188,154
2019	11	3,955	39,334	12,496	5,515	18,143	189,443
2020	11	0,062	37,192	11,461	4,955	20,022	183,692
2021	13	0,436	43,600	12,220	5,309	19,487	211,052

This chart shows state shared revenue by source as presented in the fund financial statements. State shared revenues are a part of intergovernmental revenues. Other components of intergovernmental revenues are federal, state, and local government grants. "Other state shared revenues" are revenues collected by the state and shared with the County such as those associated pari-mutuel distributions replacement, alcoholic beverages licenses, mobile home licenses, and insurance agent County licenses.

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting, amounts in thousands)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Revenues										
Taxesad valorem	\$ 973,793	895.071	821,241	747,745	688.397	639,147	595.131	555.007	530.615	546,263
Taxesfuel	34,757	33,131	36,132	35,674	35,056	34,267	32,962	33,956	30,454	31,104
Taxesdiscretionary sales surtax	323,275	346,766	336,226	265,794	248,755	240,236	226,410	226,472	199,521	191,549
Taxesother	58,431	50,055	56,429	56,025	54,051	53,248	52,496	53,255	47,752	47,987
Licenses and permits	156,064	116,308	106,695	88,783	76,503	70,060	48,372	42,891	48,144	39,425
Intergovernmentalstate shared revenues	211,052	183,692	189,443	188,154	180,316	173,213	167,561	159,720	166,379	165,630
Intergovernmentalgrants	358,326	177,076	102,634	102,053	102.932	100,999	93,614	110,366	107,312	121,738
Charges for services	206,698	182,174	192,035	189,903	174,021	162,832	155,597	153,177	133,153	128,016
Fines and forfeitures	13,296	12,948	13,827	15,300	19,758	16,480	16,078	12,587	9,912	7,933
Interest	3,150	43,757	49,190	14,736	9,455	8,966	7,392	2,966	4,065	8,427
Miscellaneous	26,024	31,818	29,251	33,457	24,073	21,778	39,333	19,878	22,369	22,056
Total revenues	2,364,866	2,072,796	1,933,103	1,737,624	1,613,317	1,521,226	1,434,946	1,370,275	1,299,676	1,310,128
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	463,365	397,689	372,659	417,761	325,817	360,153	316,127	337,184	272,405	282,329
Public safety	942,849	727,511	617,525	590,223	558,121	541,576	512,632	499,626	496,191	479,898
Physical environment	40,774	35,600	35,327	32,636	32,079	30,577	30,137	28,974	27,153	26,357
Transportation	75,555	77,439	90,021	92,863	73,014	60,518	58,832	56,392	69,338	57,045
Economic environment	67,000	82,207	58,555	65,349	64,399	60,382	48,541	50,295	53,219	50,149
Human services	226,866	243,627	235,080	216,219	220,231	205,073	206,239	192,806	192,604	201,363
Culture and recreation	95,541	92,909	86,200	87,124	81,903	72,337	74,421	73,679	64,143	64,683
Capital outlay	332,775	276,439	178,960	148,244	151,555	184,455	144,590	120,162	110,953	109,359
Debt Service:										
Principal	137,642	68,700	99,921	86,413	53,101	29,511	88,523	35,566	37,066	74,789
Interest / fiscal charges	29,195	29,281	27,194	27,386	24,928	24,665	25,880	25,645	26,897	26,253
Total expenditures	2,411,562	2,031,402	1,801,442	1,764,218	1,585,148	1,569,247	1,505,922	1,420,329	1,349,969	1,372,225
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	1,210,774	1,015,056	1,114,762	939,688	850,648	814,844	787,175	727,734	743,812	813,419
Transfers out	(1,211,256)	(988,457)	1,119,461)	(917,883)	(849,478)	(794,564)	(767,990)	(727,587)	(739,121)	(778,585)
Face amount of long-term debt issued	266,922	59,600	232,370	88,353	46,774	58,432	30,464	172,200	261,330	253,760
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent				(27,593)	(48,443)	(62,452)		(102,450)		(103,106)
Premiums on long-term debt issued	17,895		10,062	8,799				25,775		772
Discounts on long-term debt issued						(49)				(3)
Face amount of refunding bonds issued			38,830		51,971	18,185				
Premium on refunding bond issued			3,074		2,376	2,733				
Sales of capital assets	4,066	1,537	10,187	2,192	1,840	1,433	1,257	1,372	1,809	904
Total other financing sources (uses)	288,401	87,736	289,824	93,556	55,688	38,562	50,906	97,044	267,830	187,161
Net changes in fund balances	\$ 241,705	129,130	421,485	66,962	83,857	(9,459)	(20,070)	46,990	217,537	125,064
Debt services as a percentage of non-capital										
expenditures*	8.03 %	5.58 %	7.83 %	7.04 %	5.44 %	3.91 %	8.40 %	4.70 %	5.20 %	8.00 %

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Taxable Assessed Value and Actual Value of Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollar amounts in millions)

	 Estim	ated Actual Val	ue (b)		Exemptions (c)		As	sessed Value ((d)	Total	
Fiscal Year	Real Property	Tangible Personal Property (e)	Centrally Assessed Property (f)	Real Property	Tangible Personal Property (e)	Centrally Assessed Property (f)	Real Property	Tangible Personal Property (e)	Centrally Assessed Property (f)	Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (g)
2012	\$ 74,037	9,073	94	20,466	2,153	2	53,571	6,920	92	60,583	10.756
2013	77,492	9,048	99	20,700	2,093	2	56,792	6,955	97	63,844	10.755
2014	81,578	9,839	102	20,939	2,213	2	60,639	7,626	100	68,365	10.753
2015	87,419	9,926	102	21,613	2,223	2	65,806	7,703	100	73,609	10.751
2016	93,915	9,943	106	22,550	2,221	2	71,365	7,722	104	79,191	10.751
2017	101,712	10,376	116	23,773	2,221	2	77,939	8,155	114	86,208	10.750
2018	111,350	11,194	120	25,439	2,215	3	85,911	8,979	117	95,007	10.750
2019	121,592	11,396	118	27,175	2,207	2	94,417	9,189	116	103,722	10.750
2020	132,346	11,762	128	28,970	2,137	2	103,376	9,625	126	113,127	10.750
2021	143,632	11,751	130	30,905	2,159	2	112,727	9,592	128	122,447	10.750

(a) Assessed values shown for fiscal year 2021 on the chart above will be the basis of property taxes collected during fiscal year 2022, starting in November 2021.

(b) Section 192.001, Florida Statutes, defines assessed value of property as "an annual determination of the just or fair market value of an item or property." Therefore, gross assessed value is defined as Estimated Actual Value.

(c) Exemptions allowed include those for governmental as well as qualified, religious, or other non-profit properties. In addition, there are also additional exemptions if a property owner is a widow, widower, disabled, or 65 or older. A new expanded homestead exemption and the existing 3% and new 10% homestead cap differentials are not included in this chart. The new homestead exemption does not apply to property taxes for the School Board.

(d) Assessed value is the estimated actual value less exemptions.

(e) Tangible personal property represents business property such as furniture, computers, machinery and equipment, as well as mobile homes that are not permanently affixed to land. With the passing of Amendment 1 on January 29, 2008 an exemption of \$25,000 for tangible property is included in the chart above.

(f) Centrally assessed property is primarily railroad that is assessed by the state of Florida rather than by the Property Appraiser since the property is located in more than one county.

(g) Total Direct Tax Rate shows Hillsborough County tax rates applicable to residents of the unincorporated areas of the County. This amount is the sum of Countywide (BOCC) and Unincorporated Area (BOCC) total millage shown on "Property Tax Millage Rates for Direct and Overlapping Governmental Entities." See following page.

Source: Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Property Tax Millage Rates for Direct and Overlapping Governments

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(millage rates rounded to nearest thousandth)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Direct rates										
Countywide (BOCC): BOCC General Revenue	5.731	5.731	5.731	5.731	5.731	5.732	5.732	5.734	5.736	5.737
BOCC General Revenue BOCC Library Service*	0.558	0.558	0.558	0.558	0.558	0.558	0.558	5.734 0.558	0.558	0.558
Environmentally sensitive lands	0.550	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
(voted)	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060
Total millage	6.349	6.349	6.349	6.349	6.349	6.350	6.350	6.352	6.354	6.355
Maximum millage per statute (a)	10.060	10.060	10.060	10.060	10.060	10.060	10.060	10.060	10.060	10.060
Unincorporated Area (BOCC):										
BOCC Municipal Service Taxing										
Unit Device and Decompation (sector)	4.375	4.375	4.375	4.375	4.375	4.375	4.375	4.375	4.375	4.375
Parks and Recreation (voted)	0.026	0.026	0.026	0.026	0.026	0.026	0.026	0.026	0.026	0.026
Total millage	4.401	4.401	4.401	4.401	4.401	4.401	4.401	4.401	4.401	4.401
Maximum millage per statute (a)	10.026	10.026	10.026	10.026	10.026	10.026	10.026	10.026	10.026	10.026
Total direct rates (Countywide	40 750	40 750	40 750	40 750	40 750	40 754	40 754	40 750	40 755	40 750
and Unincorporated Area)	10.750	10.750	10.750	10.750	10.750	10.751	10.751	10.753	10.755	10.756
Overlapping rates (b)										
Countywide (Other):										
Tampa Port Authority	0.099	0.105	0.105	0.115	0.130	0.145	0.155	0.165	0.175	0.185
Southwest Florida Water										
Management District	0.267	0.280	0.280	0.296	0.313	0.332	0.349	0.366	0.382	0.393
School Board	5.967	6.129	6.129	6.414	6.596	6.906	7.247	7.353	7.690	7.877
Children's Board	0.459	0.459	0.459	0.459	0.459	0.459	0.459	0.459	0.483	0.500
Unincorporated Area (Other)										
Transit Authority	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500
Municipalities: Tampa	6.208	6.208	6.208	6.208	6.208	5.733	5.733	5.733	5.733	5.733
Temple Terrace	6.206 6.555	6.206	6.206	6.206 6.555	6.206 6.955	5.733 7.205	5.733 6.955	5.733 6.305	5.733 6.430	5.733 6.430
Plant City	5.716	5.716	5.716	5.716	5.716	4.716	4.716	4.716	4.716	4.716
	0.1.10	011.10	011.10	011.10	011.10					
Total millage for unincorporated area within the Alafia River Basin excluding any special										
district assessments (for										
analysis only)	18.042	18.223	18.223	18.534	18.748	19.093	19.596	19.596	19.985	20.211

* excludes City of Plant City and City of Temple Terrace

(a) Section 200.071, Florida Statutes, states that the maximum ad valorem tax millage for either the countywide or unincorporated area (municipal services taxing unit) of the BOCC is set at 10 mills plus any voted levies.

(b) Overlapping rates depend on whether the taxpayer resides in the Unincorporated Area or one of the three municipalities. In addition, Countywide overlapping rates apply to all taxpayers. As a result, overlapping rates are not totaled, but total millage figures are shown at the bottom of this chart for comparisons over time or other analysis purposes.

(c) Dependent on its location, property within the city of Tampa or city of Plant City may either be in the Alafia or the Hillsborough River Basins.

Source: Hillsborough County Property Appraiser, www.hcpafl.org

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Principal Taxpayers Latest Fiscal Year Compared to the Fiscal Year Nine Years Earlier

				2020		2011			
Taxpayer	Taxes Levied		Rank	Percentage of Total Taxes Levied	Taxes Levied in thousands	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxes Levied		
Tampa Electric Company	Electric utility	\$	46,918	1	1.9	37,592	1	2.5	
Hillsborough County Aviation Authority	Airport		17,565	2	0.7	9,510	3	0.6	
Frontier Communications Inc.	Telecommunications		8,805	3	0.4				
Highwoods / Florida Holding LP	Real estate management		7,695	4	0.3	4,248	9	0.3	
Mosaic Company	Mining, fertilizer & chemicals		7,267	5	0.3	5,770	5	0.4	
Westfield	Shopping malls		6,530	6	0.3	4,707	6	0.3	
Post Apartment Homes LP	Real estate		5,946	7	0.2	4,604	7	0.3	
Wal-Mart	Retail stores		5,303	8	0.2	4,196	10	0.3	
Eastgroup Properties	Real estate		4,698	9	0.2				
Metwest International	Real estate		4,622	10	0.2				
Verizon Communications Inc.	Communications					15,858	2	1.1	
Liberty Property	Property Management					4,312	8	0.3	
Camden Operating LP	Real estate					5,972	4	0.4	
		\$	115,349		4.7 %	96,769		6.4 %	

This chart shows the total taxes levied against the ten largest ad valorem property taxpayers in the most recent year as well as nine years earlier. Property located within the geographic boundaries of Hillsborough County is subject to tax levies by Hillsborough County as well as several other taxing authorities. The Hillsborough County Tax Collector collects taxes for all of these taxing authorities. Taxing authorities such as the city of Tampa and the School Board are not a part of the Hillsborough County financial reporting entity. Their tax levies, however, are included in the chart above in order to show the total taxes due from each of the ten largest taxpayers. The total taxes levied by all of these taxing authorities against property located within the geographic boundaries of Hillsborough County was \$2,0167,460,736 for 2019 and \$1,548,565,479 for 2010.

Since 2020 property tax rolls were not opened for collections until November 1, 2020, final collection data for the 2020 property tax levy is not available. Taxes levied during a fiscal year are collected in the following fiscal year. Therefore, the most amounts shown as levied in fiscal year 2019 should actually be received in fiscal year 2020. Source: Hillsborough County Tax Collector

Property Tax Levied and Collected

Last Ten Fiscal Years (a) (in thousands of dollars)

	Taxes Levied		the Fiscal Year Levy	Collected in	Total Taxes Collected			
Fiscal Year	for Prior Fisca Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2012	\$ 562,933	557,341	99.0	1,306	558,647	99.2		
2013	550,006	544,073	98.9	1,983	546,056	99.3		
2014	577,539	573,890	99.4	3,196	577,086	99.9		
2015	618,412	615,353	99.5	647	616,000	99.6		
2016	664,593	661,251	99.5	723	661,974	99.6		
2017	715,683	712,837	99.6	540	713,377	99.7		
2018	777,968	774,685	99.6	388	775,073	99.6		
2019	854,656	850,960	99.6	765	851,725	99.7		
2020	931,072	926,815	99.5	558	927,373	99.6		
2021	1,013,951	1,009,453	99.6	457	1,009,910	99.6		
	(b)	(c)		(d)				

(a) Since 2021 property tax rolls were not opened for collections until November 1, 2021, final data for the 2021 property tax levy is not available. Taxes levied during a fiscal year are collected in the following fiscal year. Therefore, the most amounts levied in fiscal year 2020 should actually be received in fiscal year 2021.

(b) The tax levy is the entire property tax due to Hillsborough County before any tax reductions are determined by the Value Adjustment Board and before any tax amounts are determined to be uncollectible due to insolvencies. The tax levy represents only the taxes due to the Hillsborough County financial reporting entity and therefore, excludes taxes due to the School Board, the city of Tampa, and certain other governmental entities.

(c) There is a four percent early payment discount available to taxpayers who pay their property taxes in November, with the discount declining one percentage point each month thereafter. To accurately compare taxes collected to the taxes levied, discounts taken were added into the amounts collected, making them directly comparable.

(d) Includes all delinquent tax collections received during the year regardless of the year in which the taxes were originally levied.

Source: Hillsborough County Tax Collector

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Rusines-

(amounts in thousands, except per capita)

				Dusiness-			
_	Gover	mmental Activit	ies	Type Activities			
-	General					Personal	
Fiscal Year	Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Income to Debt	Debt per Capita
2012	\$ 70,323	489,904	98,380	328,548	987,155	55.0	776
2013	68,163	463,198	109,249	340,180	980,790	53.8	765
2014	66,192	441,875	116,248	317,262	941,577	55.4	728
2015	63,862	543,490	65,110	302,858	975,320	56.3	741
2016	61,476	471,105	120,387	513,192	1,166,160	50.2	880
2017	59,020	463,747	122,980	500,843	1,146,590	54.6	848
2018	56,485	468,430	92,958	478,042	1,095,915	57.5	795
2019	115,699	580,396	99,218	475,761	1,271,074	53.1	902
2020	112,582	537,849	128,963	444,030	1,223,424	58.3	847
2021	109,081	701,129	108,977	595,407	1,514,594	51.3	1,075
	(a)			(a) (b)		(c)	

(a) Bonds are shown net of unamortized bond issue premiums or discounts (as well as related deferred losses on bond refundings for fiscal year 2013 and prior).

(b) During fiscal year 2017, the County issued \$114,2300,000 in Solid Waste Resource Recovery Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 A&B, which were used to refund the 2006 Solid Waste Refunding Revenue Bonds and to pay for construction. As a result there was an increase in revenue bonds in business-type activities.

(c) "Personal income" is earned income, dividends, interest, and rent, as well as transfer receipts received such as Social Security payments. Due to a time lag in receiving personal income figures, ratios were calculated using personal income figures for the prior fiscal year. See "Demographic and Economic Statistics" for actual personal income figures used above.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis.

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts in thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal Year	(General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amount Available in Debt Service Funds	Total Net General Bonded Debt	Ratio of Debt to Assessed Property Values	General Bonded Debt _per Capita
2012	\$	70,323	(533)	69,790	0.12	55
2013		68,163	(446)	67,717	0.11	53
2014		66,192	(800)	65,392	0.10	51
2015		63,862	(1,748)	62,114	0.08	47
2016		61,476	(4,816)	56,660	0.07	43
2017		59,020	(5,893)	53,127	0.06	39
2018		56,485	(7,220)	49,265	0.05	36
2019		115,699	(2,945)	112,754	0.11	80
2020		112,582	(3,050)	109,532	0.10	76
2021		109,081	(4,422)	104,659	0.09	70
		(a)	(c)			(b)

(a) Bonds are shown net of unamortized bond issue premiums or discounts (as well as related deferred losses on bond Refundings for fiscal year 2013 and prior).

(b) Current year calculation utilizes estimated population since actual population is not available.

(c) In fiscal year 2016, \$2,462,361 was placed in the ELAPP Debt Service fund for bonds planned to be issued. When the bonds were not issued, the money was not removed from the debt service fund. The excess cash may be removed in a future year.

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt September 30, 2021

(amounts in thousands)

Governmental Unit		Outstanding Debt	Percentage Applicable	Direct and Overlapping Debt
Direct debt of Hillsborough County:	<u></u>	100.001		400.004
General obligation bonds	\$	109,081	100.0 %	109,081
Total direct and overlapping debt				109,081

The Hillsborough County School Board, Tampa Port Authority, Children's Board, and Southwest Florida Water Management District do not have any general obligation bonds, therefore their bonds are not presented in this chart.

Note: The County does not have any "general obligation" notes, loans or capital leases.

Sources: Hillsborough County School Board, Tampa Port Authority, Children's Board and Southwest Florida Water Management District

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Debt Service Coverage of Governmental Revenue Bonds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	Available Revenues	Debt Service Coverage
2012	\$ 19,855	19,547	39,402	237,046	6.02
2013	23,850	20,808	44,658	261,712	5.86
2014	26,795	22,264	49,059	286,794	5.85
2015	25,495	21,018	46,513	324,405	6.97
2016	36,573	24,754	61,327	323,797	5.28
2017	53,101	24,305	77,406	330,422	4.27
2018	54,255	23,205	77,460	344,133	4.44
2019	49,188	29,234	78,422	375,136	4.78
2020	42,545	17,520	60,065	365,550	6.09
2021	163,280	24,170	187,450	368,844	1.97
			(a)	(b)	

(a) Total debt service represents debt service on all governmental revenue bonds outstanding at the end of the fiscal year. See Note 7 for more information on governmental revenue bonds.

(b) Available revenues are not limited to those revenues specifically pledged for governmental revenue bonds, but represent all revenues that may support these governmental revenue bonds. Available revenues include the Local Government Half-Cent Sales Tax, Community Investment Tax (a discretionary sales surtax), Guaranteed Entitlement Revenues, Mobile Home License Fees, Alcoholic Beverage License Taxes, Local Business Taxes, Fuel Tax, Local Option Fuel Tax, and certain court surcharge revenues. It excludes Ad Valorem Tax revenues.

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Debt Service Coverage of Business-type Revenue Bonds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts in thousands)

			Net Revenue	Debt Se	nents	Debt	
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	Operating Expenses	Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Service Coverage
2012	\$ 318,907	218,466	100,441	18,985	14,937	33,922	2.96
2013	317,228	222,844	94,384	13,460	13,485	26,945	3.50
2014	319,155	224,529	94,626	17,345	15,830	33,175	2.85
2015	324,381	224,474	99,907	19,716	15,036	34,752	2.87
2016	337,645	242,941	94,704	9,549	14,134	23,683	4.00
2017	338,719	244,254	94,465	8,356	18,226	26,582	3.55
2018	351,057	262,847	88,210	10,030	17,228	27,258	3.24
2019	363,734	284,240	79,494	10,420	16,854	27,274	2.91
2020	394,160	294,655	99,505	17,805	14,970	32,775	3.04
2021	437,165	325,956	111,209	28,435	11,607	40,042	2.78
	(a)	(b)			(c)		(d)

(a) Operating revenues plus other income excluding any extraordinary gains.

(b) Total expenses excluding depreciation, bond interest, amortization, and extraordinary losses.

(c) Bond interest to include interest paid to defease serial bonds, amortization of deferred refunding losses, amortization of bond market issue premiums and discounts.

(d) Net revenue available for debt service divided by total debt service requirements. Since capacity fees and meter installation fees are recorded as capital contributions, these amounts are excluded from the figure presented above for net revenue available for debt service. For rate covenant test purposes, capacity fees and meter installation fees are eligible to be treated as net revenue available for debt service.

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	Population	Personal Income (in thousands)	Personal Income Per Capita	Median Age	Public High School Graduation Rates (%)	Total Public School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate (%)
2012	1,271,710	\$ 54,278,341	42,681	36	86.4	192,499	9.4
2013	1,282,040	52,741,892	41,139	36	72.6	195,198	7.7
2014	1,294,140	52,137,332	40,287	36	74.1	198,658	6.4
2015	1,316,310	54,893,552	41,703	36	73.5	201,431	5.7
2016	1,325,563	58,596,262	39,594	36	76.0	205,019	4.9
2017	1,352,797	62,630,443	46,297	36	79.1	209,414	4.7
2018	1,379,302	62,976,126	45,658	36	82.9	212,038	3.7
2019	1,408,864	67,533,935	47,935	36	85.8	211,959	2.9
2020	1,444,870	71,319,751	49,361	36	86.2	212,537	5.9
2021	1,490,374	77,665,624	52,111	36	88.8	215,975	3.9
	(a)	(a)		(a)	(d)	(b)	(c)

Sources:

(a) Florida Office of Economic and Demographic Research
(b) Hillsborough County School District Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports
(c) Bureau of Labor Market Statistics, LAUS Program
(d) Florida Department of Education

Principal Employers Latest Fiscal Year Compared to the Fiscal Year Nine Years Earlier

			2021			2012		
Employer	Type of Operation	Employees	%	Rank (a)	Employees	%	Rank (a)	
Hillsborough County School Board	Public education	24,866	3.2	1	24,463	4.7	1	-
University of South Florida	Education services	15,678	2.0	2	9,464	1.6	4	(b)
MacDill Air Force Base	Military base	15,000	1.9	3	15,485	2.6	2	. ,
Tampa International Airport	International airport	10,500	1.4	4	7,500	1.3	6	(c)
Hillsborough County Government	Government	10,394	1.3	5	8,953	1.5	5	
Publix	Supermarket	8,909	1.2	6	5,714	1.0	8	
Tampa General Hospital	Medical facilities	8,047	1.0	7	6,515	1.1	7	
Baycare Health System	Medical facilities	8,025 *	1.0	8	3,133	0.5	14	(d)
H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center	Medical facilities	8,000	1.0	9	4,187	0.7	12	. ,
James A. Haley VA Hospital	Veterans hospital	4,700	0.6	10	4,700	0.8	10	
City of Tampa	Government	4,666	0.6	11	4,477	0.8	11	
Amazon	Order fulfillment center	4,000 *	0.5	12				
AdventHealth West Florida Division	Medical facilities	3,955	0.5	13	5,179	0.9	9	(e)
HCA West Florida Division	Medical facilities	3,949	0.5	14			9	(f)
US Automobile Assoc. (USAA)	Insurance	3,900	0.5	15				
Tampa Electric Company	Electric utility	3,800	0.5	16	2,507	0.4	17	
US Postal Service	Postal services	3,380 *	0.4	17	2,342	0.4	18	
Hillsborough Community College	Education services	2,259	0.3	18	2,569	0.4	15	
Busch Entertainment Corp.	Tourist attraction	2,052	0.3	19	3,737	0.6	13	
Verizon Communications Inc.	Telecommunications				9,957	1.7	3	
SweetBay Supermarkets	Supermarket				2,532	0.4	16	
Total	-	146,080	18.7		123,414	21.4		
		,						

(a) Percentages shown represent the number of employees as a percent of total Hillsborough County employment. Total Hillsborough County employment for 2021 was 772,806. Total Hillsborough County employment for 2012 was 624,778.

(b) Includes USF Health Science Center.

(c) Tampa International Airport includes employees of Hillsborough County Aviation Authority, Transportation Security Administration and other federal agencies, as well as airline and subcontractors.

- (d) Includes St. Joseph's Hospital.
- (e) Formerly known as Florida Hospital.

(f) Comprised of Brandon Regional Hospital, South Bay Hospital, Memorial Hospital and Tampa Community Hospital.

* Estimated

Sources: Hillsborough County City-County Planning Commission (Book of Lists)

Florida Agency for Workforce Innovation, Labor Statistics City of Tampa

Tampa Bay Partnership

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Full-Time Equivalent Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-time Equivalent Employees at Fiscal Year-End									
Function	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
General government	2,068	2,095	2,014	1,930	2,033	2,062	2,039	2,079	2,019	1,990
Public safety	5.209	5.022	4,685	4,622	4,452	4.463	4,411	4.394	4,315	4,015
Physical environment	278	261	267	229	267	255	291	146	269	250
Transportation	364	330	308	307	330	328	300	310	323	348
Economic environment	113	106	107	52	57	60	100	59	55	60
Human services	912	1,059	932	710	739	753	745	747	770	783
Culture and recreation	588	576	557	538	664	616	681	661	781	714
Water Resource Services	672	650	642	620	659	661	609	680	660	682
Solid Waste	172	173	160	126	135	133	137	128	114	111
Total	10,376	10,272	9,672	9,134	9,336	9,331	9,313	9,204	9,306	8,953

Sources: Hillsborough County Clerk of Circuit Court Enterprise Solutions and Support Department, Hillsborough County Sheriff's Office, Hillsborough County Tax Collector and Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		L								
	Fiscal Yea	r:								
Function	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Public safety										
Calls to Fire Rescue Department	112,847	110,923	108,376	109,362	103,433	99,715	90,459	85,571	80,958	80,100
Number of 9-1-1 Calls	962,047	984,049	814,525	1,211,224	1,199,232	984,698	820,154	749,959	863,211	831,565
Physical environment	,	,	,		, ,	,	,	,	,	
Compliance inspections conducted per year, air										
management	944	1,204	1,572	1,572	1,581	1,662	1,662	1,769	1,488	1,614
Water stations monitored by month	272	265	257	259	259	260	260	263	213	213
Transportation										
Infrastructure condition (a)	fair or >	fair or >	fair or >	fair or >	fair or >	fair or >	fair or >	fair or >	fair or >	fair or >
Paved roadway condition (a)	69	62	60	61	60	63	71	74	75	75
Total traffic lane-miles	7,486	7,405	7,190	7,142	7,110	7,093	7,028	7,016	6,999	7,006
Economic environment										
Corporate business development incentivized jobs	2,000	2,005	2,096	3,169	1,951	3,276	1,465	5,406	679	1,726
Number of corporate projects/contracts	14	17	17	18	40	26	28	28	25	40
Human services										
Elderly clients served - in home care	5,455	3,430	3,025	1,830	2,271	3,276	1,525	1,857	1,213	1,429
Head Start-funded enrollment*	3,474	3,474	3,474	3,474	3,474	3,474	3,474	3,474	3,474	3,474
Culture and recreation										
Registered library borrowers	834,892	981,759	906,634	718,835	679,670	677,120	637,690	595,048	554,912	570,382
Number of regional park visits	17,359	2,180,105	2,158,092	2,305,210	2,832,824	2,883,903	2,213,489	2,263,590	2,259,911	2,313,675
Water Enterprise										
Annual water consumption (thousands of gallons)	24,781	22,163	20,665	20,608	19,062	17,587	17,613	16,970	17,099	17,099
Water accounts at year-end	179,911	168,038	161,279	160,358	155,384	166,824	153,812	1,483,740	147,379	147,379
Annual wastewater flow (thousands of gallons)	16,866	15,813	15,368	15,110	14,290	13,841	13,573	13,131	13,145	13,007
Wastewater accounts at year-end	163,395	154,753	153,720	148,408	144,339	142,416	140,040	136,375	135,240	133,979
Reclaimed water accounts at year-end	16,379	14,176	13,970	14,085	14,044	14,005	14,014	15,262	15,593	15,376
Solid Waste Enterprise										
Total tons collected (residential)	525,342	502,719	482,442	505,083	497,403	454,354	424,986	420,986	409,158	296,033
Number of residents receiving collection service	299,330	294,171	285,753	279,683	275,370	266,478	270,794	267,187	256,637	254,891
Revenue from Resource Recovery plant's electric										
production	\$ 11,080,770	13,839,071	15,254,000	17,930,648	17,302,164	17,445,021	17,445,245	17,538,707	16,948,432	16,566,286

* Estimated

(a) Minimum conditions required are "at or above fair" on a range from failed, poor, fair and good to excellent on a 100-point scale (formerly 6 to 7 on a 10-point scale) Sources: Hillsborough County Management and Budget Department - Adopted Budget Fiscal year 2018 statistics were not available.

Hillsborough County, Water Enterprise Fund Annual Financial Report

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal	Year:								
Function	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Public safety										
Number of fire and rescue stations (a)	44	44	44	44	43	43	43	43	43	42
Sheriff's marked and unmarked patrol vehicles (b)*	1,285	1,331	1,339	1,479	1,425	1,407	1,441	1,441	1,477	1,406
Transportation										
Traffic lane-miles (c)	7,528	7,486	7,405	7,190	7,142	7,110	7,093	7,028	7,016	6,999
Bridges (i)	524	522	517	517	519	519	519	519	519	519
Human services										
Number of Sunshine Line buses (d)	68	69	67	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
Culture and recreation										
Number of libraries (e)	32	31	31	29	29	27	27	27	27	27
Number of building square feet maintained, excluding picnic	1 470 000	1 472 002	1 472 002	1 467 501	1 165 002	1 1 1 2 7 1 2	076 700	076 700	076 700	076 700
shelters, estimated (f)	1,472,902	1,472,902	1,472,902	1,467,581	1,165,993	1,143,713	976,702	976,702	976,702	976,702
Water Enterprise										
Transmission lines (estimated miles) (g)	2,576	2,550	2,484	2,437	2,414	2,365	2,326	2,253	2,214	2,399
Number of pumping or lift stations (g)	847	843	822	807	796	787	775	744	721	709
Number of major water treatment plants (g)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of major wastewater treatment plants (g)	5	5	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Solid Waste Enterprise										
Solid Waste tonnage buried in the landfill (h)	449,898	397,516	369,242	330,904	306,774	237,363	214,710	223,617	213,210	230,263
Yard and wood waste tonnage processed (h)	138,808	140,927	117,432	125,197	118,385	115,615	118,401	116,335	119,522	120,786
Source:										

(a) Hillsborough County Fire Rescue Department

(b) Hillsborough County Sheriff's Office

(c) Hillsborough County Public Works Department
(d) Hillsborough County Clerk of Circuit Court - County Finance Department
(e) Hillsborough County Library Services Department - www.hcplc.org/hcplc/locations

(f) Hillsborough County Office of Management and Budget - Adopted Biennial Budget

(g) Hillsborough County Water Enterprise Fund Annual Financial Reports

(h) Hillsborough County Solid Waste Enterprise Fund Annual Financial Reports

GENERAL INFORMATION

Hillsborough County was established on January 25, 1834. The County takes its name from Will Hills (1718-1793), a viscount of Hillsborough, who became secretary of state for the colonies in 1768. Hillsborough County's boundaries of 1834 included the present-day counties of Pasco, Charlotte, Desoto, Hardee, Pinellas, Sarasota, Manatee and Polk. The County is located on central Florida's western coast, nestled between Tampa Bay on the West and Polk County on the East. The County is bounded to the north by Pasco County and to the south by Manatee County. In area, it is the seventh largest county in the state of Florida. Hillsborough County Covers a total area of 1,266 square miles, of which 215 square miles is water area. The County is part of a four-county Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) referred to as Tampa, St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA. Tampa, Plant City and Temple Terrace are the three incorporated cities in the County. Tampa, the largest of the three incorporated cities in the County is the county is the county seat and also a center of international, and intrastate commerce. The Tampa International Airport and the Port of Tampa connect Hillsborough County to other major cities in the nation and major markets throughout the world.

Sources: The Hillsborough County City-County Planning Commission, US Census Bureau

GOVERNMENT

Hillsborough County operates under a home-rule charter enacted by the voters on September 20, 1983. Under the charter, the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) consists of seven Commissioners; three elected county-wide and four elected from single member districts. As a result of this charter, each voter has a chance to influence the election of a majority of board members. The BOCC is restricted to performing the legislative functions of government and developing policy for the management of Hillsborough County. The County Administrator, appointed by the BOCC, together with his staff is responsible for implementing these policies throughout the County.

In addition to the members of the BOCC, there are five elected Constitutional Officers: the Clerk of Circuit Court, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, and Tax Collector.

The County provides a variety of services characteristic of multi-purpose local governments including law enforcement, maintenance of roads and bridges, animal services, social services programs, planning and growth management, environmental protection, fire protection and emergency rescue, consumer protection, parks and recreation programs, mosquito control, employment services, emergency disaster preparedness, traffic control, water/wastewater utilities, solid waste disposal, medical examiner services, agricultural cooperative extension services, children's services, indigent health care, public assistance programs, aging services programs, emergency medical services, and library services.

In addition to their legislative duties, members of the BOCC serve as the County's Environmental Protection Commission. Individual members of the BOCC also take turns serving on various boards, authorities, commissions, and private nonprofits such as the Children's Board, Tampa Bay Regional Planning Council, Metropolitan Planning Organization, Hillsborough County Tourist Development Council, Tampa Bay Water, Tampa Port Authority, Hillsborough County Aviation Authority, Hillsborough Transit Authority, Tampa-Hillsborough County Expressway Authority, Tampa Sports Authority, Value Adjustment Board, Hillsborough County Hospital Authority, Council of Governments, and the Tampa Hillsborough Economic Development Corporation.

POPULATION

Hillsborough County is the third most populous county in the state of Florida. The County's population in 2021 was estimated to be 1,490,374, an increase of 2.1% from 2020. Hillsborough County's population exceeds the population of 11 states (Alaska, Delaware, Hawaii, Maine, Montana, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont and Wyoming) and the District of Columbia. A majority of the County's 2021 population (1,031,386) resides in the unincorporated part of the county. Population in unincorporated Hillsborough County grew 1.2 percent from 2020. Communities in southern unincorporated Hillsborough County saw the biggest increases in population growth. The median age for Hillsborough County in 2021 was 36 years.

	Population	Increase (Decrease)
1950 (a)	249,894	
1960 (a)	397,788	59.2%
1970 (a)	490,265	23.2%
1980 (a)	646,960	32.0%
1990 (a)	834,054	28.9%
2000 (a)	998,948	19.8%
2010 (a)	1,229,226	23.1%
2020 (a)	1,459,762	18.8%
2021 (b)	1,490,374	2.1%

Sources: (a) US Census Bureau and (b) Florida Office of Economic Demographics & Research database

EMPLOYEES

Hillsborough County employees provide a variety of services to a population of over 1.4 million residents. As of September 2021, there were approximately 10,376 employees of Hillsborough County, Florida. County organizations and their employees were as follows: Sheriff – 3,479, Tax Collector - 368, Property Appraiser - 115, Clerk of Circuit Court - 577, Supervisor of Elections - 39, Board of County Commissioners - 5,798 and discretely presented component units - 49. Several categories of employees are represented by labor unions.

Source: Hillsborough County Civil Service Board Hillsborough County Clerk of Circuit Court Enterprise Solutions and Support Department

EMPLOYMENT INDICATORS

Hillsborough County has a diversified economic base, including large services, manufacturing and retail trade sectors. Hillsborough County's largest industrial sectors include: education and health services; trade, transportation and utilities; professional and business services; leisure and hospitality; and wholesale and retail trade. The principal employers serving the county are the Hillsborough County School Board and Hillsborough County Government. The employment by industry for Hillsborough County as of September 2021 is as follows:

Employment by Industry	Employees
Natural resources and mining	6,223
Construction	44,042
Manufacturing	27,356
Trade, transportation and utilities	128,845
Information	14,635
Financial activities	75,228
Professional and business services	133,632
Educational and health services	98,480
Leisure and hospitality	62,302
Other services	17,234
Government	75,912
Total	683,889

Source: Florida Department of Economic Opportunity

The following table shows the average civilian (non-military) labor force, the average number of individuals employed and related unemployment statistics for the County:

		Hillsbord		Florida	National	
Calendar Year	Labor Force	Number Employed	Number Unemployed	Unemployment Rate	Unemployment Rate	Unemployment Rate
2012	670,127	606,938	63,189	9.4%	9.9%	8.8%
2013	676,678	624,778	51,900	7.7%	8.3%	7.6%
2014	680,446	636,568	43,878	6.4%	7.1%	7.0%
2015	690,458	650,445	40,013	5.7%	6.2%	5.7%
2016	691,104	657,897	33,207	4.9%	5.4%	4.9%
2017	713,562	680,117	33,445	4.7%	5.0%	4.8%
2018	734,513	707,657	26,856	3.7%	4.0%	4.1%
2019	741,658	718,396	23,262	2.9%	3.3%	3.3%
2020	741,575	698,113	43,462	5.9%	7.2%	7.7%
2021	803,902	772,806	31,096	3.9%	4.3%	4.6%

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Market Statistics, data tools - Unadjusted Unemployment Rate

http://www.floridajobs.org/labor-market-information/data-center/statistical-programs/local-area-unemployment-statistics

BANKING AND FINANCE

A total of 281 commercial and savings bank offices were located in Hillsborough County as of June 30, 2021. The following table presents commercial bank and savings institutions deposits each year since 2012:

Commercial Bank Calendar Year Deposits			Savings Bank Deposits		Total Deposits	
2012	\$	23,079,000,000		433,000,000		23,512,000,000
2012	Ψ	25,193,000,000		474,000,000		25,667,000,000
2014		25,149,000,000		451,000,000		25,600,000,000
2015		27,107,465,000		365,138,000		27,472,603,000
2016		29,837,696,000		407,057,000		30,244,753,000
2017		31,131,689,000		519,059,000		31,650,748,000
2018		31,488,241,000		219,838,000		31,708,079,000
2019		30,753,666,000		219,031,000		30,972,697,000
2020		37,783,077,000		180,603,000		37,963,680,000
2021		43,277,376,000		176,701,000		43,454,077,000

Source: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

EDUCATION

Hillsborough County Public Schools is the eighth largest district in the nation and third largest in Florida. The district operates with more than 235,750 students, 24,8664 employees, and a \$2.35 billion budget. Educational opportunities include: Head Start and adult education programs, pre-k through 12th grade traditional schools, magnet schools, career centers, technical education, exceptional student education, single gender middle schools, International Baccalaureate schools, and charter schools. The district is fully accredited.

Hillsborough County also has several universities and colleges. The University of South Florida serves more than 50,800 students (including campuses outside of Hillsborough County) representing over 145 different countries. The University of Tampa is a private university located on approximately 100 acres of prime riverfront land in the heart of downtown Tampa. Hillsborough Community College has five primary campus locations, three satellite locations, a very active distant learning program (eCampus), and a comprehensive corporate training center. Some other colleges in the area include Florida College, Stetson University College of Law, and Keller Graduate School of Management.

Source:	Tampa Bay Partnership	www.tampabay.org
	Hillsborough County School Board	lwww.sdhc.k12.fl.us
	Hillsborough Community College	www.hccfl.edu
	University of Tampa	www.ut.edu
	University of South Florida	www.usf.edu

MEDICAL FACILITIES

There are thirteen general, specialty, and military hospitals in Hillsborough County with approximately 4,539 hospital beds, and 3,965 nursing home beds. The County's medical resources include more than 5,960 licensed physicians, with specialists in all types of medicine and surgery, and 932 licensed dentists.

Source: Florida Department of Health Florida Agency for Health Care Administration

COMMUNICATION

Thirteen television stations serve the County. Newspapers include the Tampa Bay Times (which acquired The Tampa Tribune in 2016), and the free weekly tabloid called tbt*. There are also four other weekly newspapers. There are approximately 83 AM and FM radio stations that can be listened to in the County with 35 of the stations physically based in the County. Frontier and Spectrum are the primary providers for internet, telecommunications and/or cable services. There are 41 Post Offices in Hillsborough County and 22 internet providers.

Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Media_in_the_Tampa_Bay_Area

https://radio-locator.com

PostOfficeFinder.org/fl/hillsborough/

www.broadbandnow.com/Florida/Tampa

TRANSPORTATION

Tampa International Airport (TIA) is a major airport for the west central region of Florida serving primarily Hillsborough, Pinellas (which includes the cities of St. Petersburg and Clearwater), Pasco, and Hernando Counties.

TIA, is one of four FAA-coded large hub airports in the state of Florida, TIA occupies approximately 3,400 acres and is primarily an origination-destination airport with a total of 59 gates. It is located five miles from downtown Tampa, and is served by most major airlines which provide non-stop daily service to more than 56 national and international destinations, including London, Frankfurt, Zurich, Reykjavik, Toronto, Halifax, Ottawa, San Juan, and Grand Cayman. Inbound and outbound passengers at TIA for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, totaled 15,405,0531, an increase of 15.34% from the prior fiscal year. For fiscal year 2021, the top four airlines, in terms of market share were: Southwest with 28.63%, Delta Airlines with 17.44%, American Airlines with 17.35% and Spirit Airlines with 10.46%.

Three general aviation airports serve as reliever airports, primarily to accommodate light and medium weight aircraft in the general aviation category. These include Peter O. Knight Airport, a 139-acre facility located six miles southeast of TIA; Plant City Airport, a 199-acre facility located 22 miles east of TIA; and Tampa Executive Airport (formerly Vandenberg Airport), a 407-acre facility located 12 miles east of TIA. In addition, there are two full service general aviation executive terminals located at this airport.

AMTRAK provides passenger rail service to major cities throughout the United States. This rail service is provided by the Palmetto and Silver Service Trains (the Silver Meteor and the Silver Star) which offer service between Florida, Georgia, and New York City. The restored Tampa Union Station has seven northbound and seven southbound departures on AMTRAK weekly. Freight rail service is provided to the County by CSX Transportation Systems. CSX rail units possess some of the world's most technologically advanced terminal equipment and operate on regular schedules throughout the network. Major transports include coal, wood products, phosphate, chemicals, construction materials, semi-tractor trailers, automobiles, and automobile products.

The Hillsborough Transit Authority (HART) is Hillsborough County's public transportation system. HART offers local and express routes for residents and visitors alike. Local service seven days a week provides access to area shopping malls, businesses, government buildings, attractions and recreational facilities. An estimated 9.2 million riders use the system annually.

The County is also served by numerous intrastate and interstate motor common carriers, moving goods between Tampa, other points in Florida, and markets throughout the United States. Tampa is the transportation hub of the west coast of Florida with major trucking firms maintaining terminals serving Florida and major southern cities.

Three interstates and seven other major highways serve the County. All parts of Florida and bordering states to the north and west can be reached within one day of travel by truck or automobile.

Source: Hillsborough County Aviation Authority Amtrak, www.amtrak.com Tampa Bay Partnership

LOCAL INDUSTRIES

Service, retail, finance, insurance, and real estate sectors lead regional and county industry. Bioscience and other high-tech industries are expanding, thanks in part to research at university and college campuses throughout the area. Manufacturing in Hillsborough County is also participating in the high-tech trend as the County is home to companies in the microelectronics, medical devices, software, and defense systems industries.

Business and Information Services

Tampa Bay has been called "Wall Street South" for the size and scope of its financial services industry. Worldwide organizations which have a major presence in Hillsborough County include JP Morgan Chase, Citigroup, Depository Trust and Clearing Corp, MetLife, Progressive Insurance and USAA Insurance. Hillsborough County is also a major player in a new industry segment called the Shared Accounting Services industry where national and international companies such as Coca-Cola Enterprises create additional value by co-locating their accounting and financial services for multiple businesses in one location.

Biomedical / Life Sciences Technologies / Health Care

Tampa Bay is a center of excellence for hospital, research and medical-related firms – and the gateway to the Florida High Tech Corridor, a 23-county area that is home to more than 3,000 high-tech companies. Biomedical and life science centers of excellence in Hillsborough County include the University of South Florida, H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, and USF Health Byrd Alzheimer's Institute. In March 2012, USF Health opened its \$38 million Center for Advanced Medical Learning and Simulation (CAMLS) in downtown Tampa. CAMLS combines cutting-edge simulation with research and innovation to move the latest advances in healthcare into practice. Hillsborough County is also home to major health care plan developers and providers such as Wellcare.

Port / Maritime

With three seaports, Tampa Bay is a major entry point for domestic and international shipping. The Port of Tampa comprises nearly half of all sea borne commerce in the state, is the state's largest seaport, and is a major cruise port.

Manufacturing (Microelectronics, Medical Devices, Software, and Defense Systems)

High tech manufacturing companies in Hillsborough County include CAE (flight and military simulation systems), B&M Precision (implants and components for brain probes and liposuction), and systems software development companies CIBERsites (application development), Computer Associates (internet security) and Quadrant Software (electronic document distribution).

Source: Hillsborough County Economic Development Department Tampa Bay Partnership

AGRICULTURE

Hillsborough County has 2,843 farms that utilize 263,664 acres, which ranks it 2nd in Florida and 28th nationally. Hillsborough County ranks as the 4th largest producer of agricultural products in the state (out of 67 counties) and 59th in the United States (out of 3,076 counties). The County is in the top 2% of agricultural counties in the country. The 215,000 acres utilized for agriculture production represents approximately 33% of the County's land area. The estimated total economic impact of agriculture and agribusiness on Hillsborough County is \$4.156 billion while employing approximately 42,000 workers.

Local agriculture generates additional local economic impact by supporting related businesses such as banking, real estate, legal services, transportation, packaging, equipment, seed, agricultural suppliers and services, and marketing firms. Most agriculture goods produced in Hillsborough County are sold outside of the county. Agriculture remains an important part of the local economy.

Source: Hillsborough County Cooperative Extension Service Hillsborough County Economic Development Department

PORT FACILITIES

Port Tampa Bay (Port) is Florida's largest port both in terms of cargo tonnage and geographic acreage, encompassing over 5,000 acres. The Port handled over 33 million tons of cargo but no cruise passengers during fiscal year 2021 as the cruise industry was shut down due to COVID-19. It is also one of the most diverse seaports in the country with multiple lines of business providing a solid financial footing and supporting an aggressive capital investment program for new development. Port Tampa Bay has a significant economic impact on Hillsborough County and supports over 85,000 jobs in the regional economy.

In addition to being one of the world's premier fertilizer export ports, it is also the gateway for Central Florida's energy products, construction/building materials and consumer goods. The Port is also home to one of the largest shipbuilding and repair centers in the Southeast U.S. On-dock cold storage capabilities returned to the Port in the fall of 2017, with the opening of a new 130,000 square foot trans-load warehouse facility focused on cross-docking and distribution of fruit and vegetables. The Port's cruise business is growing rapidly as well, with additional ships offering year-long service to Cuba, Mexico and the Caribbean.

Port Tampa Bay is the closest port to the huge and expanding I-4 corridor market, which is Florida's fastest growing region and home to the largest concentration of distribution centers in the state. To serve this market, the Port expanded its container terminal facilities by including two new post-Panamax cranes to complement its three existing container gantry cranes and heavy-lift mobile harbor crane. Port Tampa Bay has plans to quadruple its container terminal capacity.

Source: Tampa Port Authority, www.porttb.com Tampa Bay Partnership, www.tampabay.org

MILITARY FACILITIES

MacDill Air Force Base is located eight miles south of downtown Tampa on the Southwestern tip of the Interbay Peninsula on the west coast of Florida. The impact of its operations in fiscal year 2019 was \$3.90 billion. The 6th Air Mobility Wing hosts 28 tenant units including the 927th Air Refueling Wing which uses KC-135R Stratotankers and a C-37A Gulfstream aircraft to conduct its air mobility mission, two non-aviation units: the United States Central Command and the United States Special Operations Command and 23 other units.

Source: MacDill Air Force Base

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY WEB SITE

The Hillsborough County internet web site is located at www.hcflgov.net. This site provides a convenient directory of government services and other useful information.

RECREATIONAL FACILITIES

A variety of entertainment activities may be found in Hillsborough County including numerous parks, beaches, restaurants with international flair, excellent golf courses, racquetball courts, saltwater fishing, tennis and shopping. Recreational facilities that appeal to both County residents and visitors are either located within the County or are only a short drive away. Walt Disney World including Hollywood Studios Theme Park, Universal Studios, and Sea World are all just over an hour's drive to the east. Two thirds of the state's major attractions lie within a 100-mile radius of Tampa. Busch Gardens, located in Tampa, is a family adventure park offering an array of fascinating attractions based on exotic encounters with the African continent. It offers an appealing blend of thrilling rides, one of the country's premier zoos featuring more than 3,000 animals,

live shows, restaurants, shops and games. Adventure Island, which is located next to Busch Gardens, features a beach volleyball complex and 15 water play areas situated on 30 acres.

Hillsborough County is home to the Tampa Bay Buccaneers of the National Football League (NFL), who were the Superbowl champions in 2003 and 2021. The Tampa Bay Buccaneers and University of South Florida Bulls football teams play their home games at Raymond James Stadium in Tampa. Raymond James Stadium is a combination of modern stadium design and its own innovations. Raymond James Stadium has a seating capacity of 65,890, expandable to 75,000, 12,000 club seats, 195 luxury suites, and 600 points of sale for food, beverages and merchandise. Raymond James Stadium has hosted special events such as Super Bowl XXXV in January 2001, Super Bowl XLIII in February 2009, and Super Bowl LV in February 2021.

In the heart of downtown Tampa's Channelside District, located between the Tampa Convention Center and the Florida Aquarium, lies the Amalie Arena, one of the premier entertainment venues in the Southeast and home of the National Hockey League's Tampa Bay Lightning, who were the 2004, 2020 and 2021 Stanley Cup Champions. The Amalie Arena also hosts many concerts, family shows and sporting events each year. In addition, the New York Yankees Major League Baseball franchise has spring training at the County's George M. Steinbrenner Field baseball stadium. The recently renovated University of South Florida Yuengling Center is a multipurpose 10,000-seat arena located on the campus of the University of South Florida (USF) and is home to the National Collegiate Athletic Association's USF Men's and Women's Basketball Teams as well as other University events. Thoroughbred horse racing is also seasonally available in the County.

Source:	Busch Gardens, Tampa	www.buschgardens.com
	Adventure Island	www.adventureisland.com
	City of Tampa	www.tampagov.net
	Raymond James Stadium	www.raymondjames.com/stadium/
	Tampa Bay Buccaneers	www.buccaneers.com
	Tampa Sports Authority	www.tampasportsauthority.com
	USF Yuengling Center	http://www.yuenglingcenter.com/arena-info

CULTURAL FACILITIES

Hillsborough County offers a variety of cultural facilities to residents and visitors. ZooTampa at Lowry Park is operated by the Lowry Park Zoological Society, an independent 501(c)(3) charitable organization committed to excellence in education, conservation and research. The Zoo is accredited by the Association of Zoos and Aquariums (AZA), and is featured among the "Top 25 Zoos in the U.S." by TripAdvisor (2015) and "10 Best Zoos in the U.S." by Trekaroo (2015). The 205,000 sq-ft Florida Aquarium is among the top aquariums in the world and has more than 20,000 aquatic plants and animals from Florida and around the world. The Florida Aquarium's Center for Conservation combines research and rehabilitation programs to give much needed support to animals in distress or imminent danger and ecosystems faced with both natural and man-made threats. This includes, but is not limited to propagating corals in Florida's Keys, rescuing endangered sea turtles and threatened river otters, assisting with dolphin and manatee rescues, assessing stress levels in sharks, documenting underwater cultural assets (a.k.a. shipwrecks) and raising awareness of sustainable seafood issues.

The Straz Center for the Performing Arts is located on a nine-acre site along the east bank of the Hillsborough River. As the second largest performing arts complex in the southeast after the Arsht Center in Miami, the 335,000 square-foot Straz Center provides an environment for a wide variety of world-class events. It boasts one of the nation's leading Broadway series and is nationally respected for producing grand opera, as well as presenting a wide variety of concerts, performances and events. The Tampa Convention Center, located directly on the waterfront in the heart of downtown Tampa, hosts a variety of conventions, trade shows, and other special events year-round. In 2012, the Amalie Arena hosted the Republican National Convention. The 600,000 square foot building offers 200,000 square feet of exhibit space, a 36,000 square foot ballroom, and 36 breakout rooms which total over 42,000 square feet of additional meeting space. Add to that, over 84,000 square feet of flexible space and you have the best venue for any meeting, convention or special event. After a busy day of lectures, seminars or classes, attendees are welcome to visit Ybor City or Sparkman Warf (formerly Channelside Bay Plaza) features a one acre of open space with an event lawn, biergarten and dining garden, situated in a relaxed, outdoor setting along Garrison Channel located just a few steps away.

Museums in the area include the Museum of Science and Industry (MOSI), a science and technology center encompassing over 58,000 square-feet on a 74-acre campus of exhibits and hands-on displays. MOSI is only science center in the Tampa Bay community. Features include a hurricane simulator, the Saunders planetarium, IdeaZone - a space for coding and prototype hands on projects, and the high-tech exhibit CONNECTUS. The new 60,000 square-foot Tampa Bay History Center Museum located in the Sparkman Warf district had its grand opening celebration in January 2009. Other museums in the area are the Tampa Museum of Art, the historic H. B. Plant Museum at the University of Tampa, the Contemporary Art

Museum at the University of South Florida, the Scarfone/Hartley Gallery at the University of Tampa, the Veteran's Memorial Museum and Park, the Ybor City State Museum, Glazer Children's Museum, and the Florida Museum of Photographic Arts.

Graphicstudio at the University of South Florida, a member of the International Fine Print Dealers Association, practices traditional printmaking techniques including intaglio, lithography, silkscreen, and relief along with photogravure, cyanotype and pigment prints. Sculpture multiples are produced in a range of media including bronze, steel, aluminum, wood, rubber, and less traditional materials including lava (basalt) and pigmented resins. Since its inception, the studio has invited over 100 emerging and established contemporary artists from around the world who have worked in a range of styles and media to produce more than 1,000 limited edition print and sculpture multiples. Impressions of Graphicstudio editions have been acquired by leading museums and corporate and private collections worldwide. In 1990, the National Gallery of Art in Washington D.C. established an archive of the editions that resulted in a major exhibition with an accompanying catalog documenting the history of Graphicstudio. In 2014, the Tampa Museum of Art presented a major survey exhibition also accompanied by a significant publication that focused on works produced in the last two decades.

Source: Straz Center for the Performing Arts City of Tampa Museum of Science and Industry Arts Council of Hillsborough County Zoo Tampa at Lowry Park Florida Aquarium Tampa Bay History Center

Graphicstudio

www.strazcenter.org www.tampagov.net www.MOSI.org www.tampaarts.com www.ZooTampa.org www.flaquarium.org www.tampabayhistorycenter.org www.graphicstudio.usf.edu/GS

Other Supplemental Information

Section

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Receipt and Expenditures of Funds Related to Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill Lawsuit Proceeds For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Amount Received		Amount Expended
US Department of Treasury, Restore Act	\$		
Environmental Clean Up Consortium			
British Petroleum (agreement not applicable)	\$	*	3,990,000

This Schedule is required by Rules of the Auditor General Rule Section 10.557(3)(n).

This schedule does not include funds related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill that are considered Federal awards or State financial assistance. In addition, the Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance do not include any expenditures of Federal awards or expenditures of State financial assistance, respectively, that are related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill.

*The County received \$22,780,940 as lawsuit proceeds related to the Deepwater Horizon oil spill. This amount was reported as miscellaneous revenues in the General Fund and as other revenues in the Statement of Activities (Governmental Activities) in FY 2015. The BOCC elected to not spend these funds in fiscal years 2015 through 2019, however in fiscal year 2020, \$18,500,000 were budgeted to be spent. This amount is not restricted and was not placed in a separate fund. As a result, no interest was allocated to this amount.